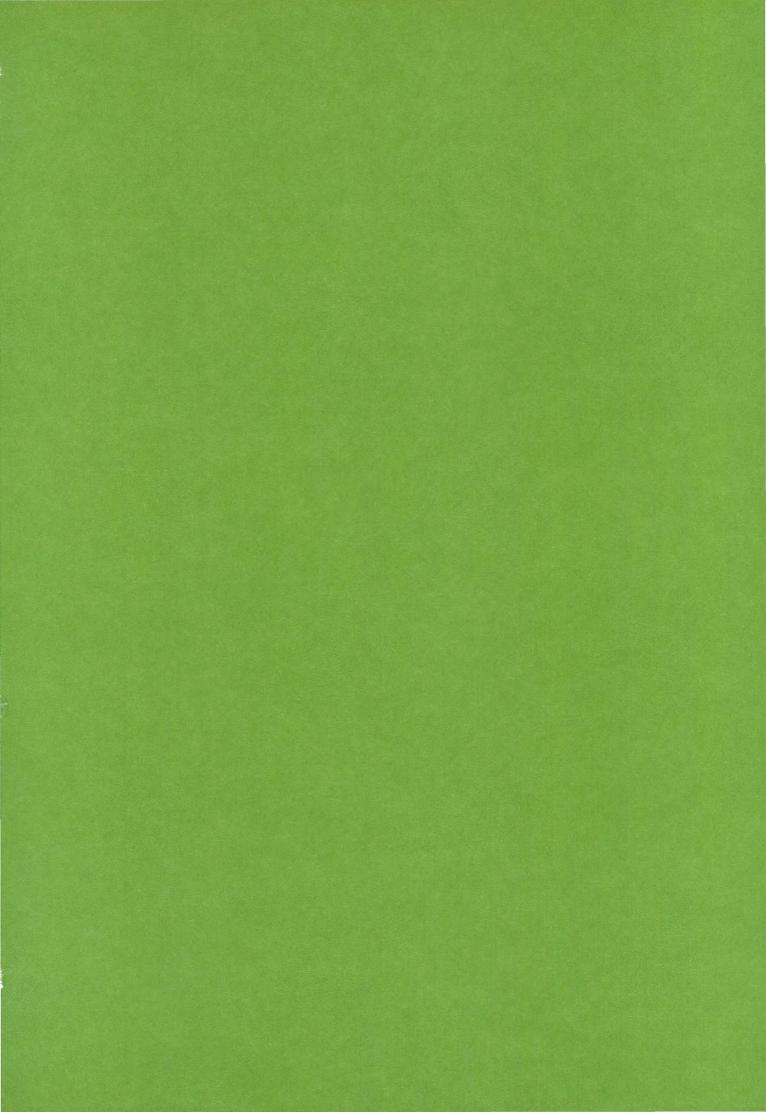
# FLUXUS SCORES AND INSTRUCTIONS The Transformative Years

"Make a salad."

Edited by Jon Hendricks, with Marianne Bech & Media Farzin

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Fluxus Collection, Detroit

Museet for Samtidskunst, Roskilde





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The Transformative Years

"Make a salad."

Selections from
The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Fluxus Collection, Detroit



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With essays by
Eric Andersen
Marianne Bech
Anna Dezeuze
Letty Lou Eisenhauer
Jon Hendricks
Yoko Ono
Susanne Rennert
La Monte Young

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# FLUXUS IN LOVE

By Marianne Bech

[We must] open our eyes and ears each day [to] seeing life as excellent as it is... To accept whatever comes regardless of the consequences is to be unafraid or to be full of that love which comes from a sense of at-oneness with whatever.

- John Cage1

#### Paradox I

Over the decades, cascades of spoken and written words in seminars, conferences, catalogues, books and the internet have been full of inventive, odd, foolish, wise and funny suggestions of what event scores and instructions can be: Titles? Mathematic equations? Paradoxes? Riddles? Puzzles? Proposals for actions? Invitations to participate? Thoughts "downloaded" on a sheet of paper? Zen? Poetry? Haiku? Philosophy? Proverbs? Principles? Librettos? Pure concepts? Onomatopoetic imitations? Or something else?

The paradox is that It Is Not (only), but that It Can Be (included). It all comes back to the context, the interactions between the artists, between the artist and the audience, and a certain kind of spirit. *Intermedia* is an important keyword, as we think about getting close to this spirit, and to the interactions and the context. The term "intermedia" was reintroduced by Dick Higgins to describe Fluxus, and we need to avoid confusing it with the many different ways the term is used today, often in association with new media art or digital art. Hannah Higgins notes in her book *Experience Fluxus / Fluxus Experience* that "Dick Higgins borrowed the idea from Samuel Coleridge (1812), for whom it meant 'in the field between the general idea of art media and those of life media' and 'between media'—in other words, a dynamic interstitial space between media forms and between art and life structures."<sup>2</sup>

Or, to follow Alison Knowles, whose *Proposition*, "Make a salad." is part of the title of this exhibition:

Event Scores involve simple actions, ideas, and objects from everyday life recontexualized as performance. Event Scores are texts that can be seen as proposal pieces or instructions for actions. The idea of the score suggests musicality. Like a musical score, Event Scores can be realized by artists other than the original creator and are open to variation and interpretation... Events are a minimal form of performance score invented by George Brecht in John Cage's historic class in Experimental Composition at the New School for Social Research in New York in 1958. Many Fluxus performances take this reduced means of performance, which is often a deceptively simple instruction....<sup>3</sup>

#### Paradox II

When trying to view the past through ephemeral art, it is essential to have different forms of documentation on hand. There are exceptional opportunities to be had in seeing and hearing the works in photos, films and audio material, in being able to use our own eyes and ears, and to have the opportunity, at the same time, to closely study the original scores and instructions. This is exactly what this exhibition offers.

But sometimes a score is not meant to be performed as an action, but is simply directed towards the spectator to imagine and reflect on in privacy. Our ability to visualize something seen or read is a powerful tool. Many of Yoko

Ono's scores are examples of this: simple statements that gently tug at our imagination and suggestions for changing our behavior and thoughts.

#### Paradox III

A quote is easily inserted into any argument if it is detached from questions of "when," "where," "whom" and "in which context." Few take pleasure in undertaking the detective work of finding their way back the original source. It becomes difficult to tell "shit from gold" if one relies on the internet for one's information, so the same mistakes are repeated endlessly.

The paradox is that misunderstanding, error and confusion, while sometimes "the point of no return," can also be astonishing artistic tools. They can lead to inventive new directions, just as they do in science. Dick Higgins, for example, once invented the *Institute for Creative Misunderstanding* (and produced a beautiful set of writing paper with a letterhead and the names of the founding members). The work of Eric Andersen negates or reinterprets the very premises of change itself. The absurd, the paradoxical, the contradictory and the inconsistent are turned into practice, and we are presented with their inevitable consequences. If the work yields anything that might be regarded as a certainty, it is immediately dissolved through numerous quasi-logical and analytic operations. His work offers a multidimensional outlook, where any viewpoint seems to both cancel and confirm any other viewpoint.<sup>4</sup>

#### Paradox IV

As I was gradually introduced to the enormous amount of material that makes up the Gilbert and Lila Silverman Fluxus Collection (much of it unique), and as I examined books, magazines, notes and interviews of my own, I was struck by the great number of scores and instructions that are filled with musicality, exchange and generosity: Dick Higgins' Clouds for Piano for Geoffrey Hendricks, Cloudsmith (West Glover, Vermont, April 1974), or his Litany Piano Pieces. # 1 – Litany Piano Piece for Emmett Williams (Copenhagen, November 1962)<sup>5</sup> are good examples. Eric Andersen's Opus 46, "This sentence should not be read by more than one person at the same time," was turned into a colorful painting by Arthur Köpcke, and years later transformed into a multiple by Nordjyllands Kunstmuseum—a paper shopping bag that one is to "fill with own imagination." The examples are countless.

Where in the Endless History of Art does one find so many works that are dedicated by one artist to another? The origins can no doubt be traced back to the first gatherings. As mentioned in the earlier quote from Knowles, "the scores and instructions can be realized by artists other than the original creator and are open to variation and interpretation." There is no need to romanticize the lack of money, the institutional disregard and refusals, the fact that travel was very expensive back in the Sixties, and that other conditions may have played a part in creating this specific attitude. Not to mention the international postal system, which offered easy and inexpensive possibilities for the flow of ideas to Fluxus events all over the world.

Of course, these generous and brilliant Fluxus artists were perfectly aware of who did what and when, and this is "documented" in the event scores and instructions as a "signature." The frequent dedications to fellow artists indicate friendships, appreciation and mutual respect at a certain moment in the story of Fluxus.

Perhaps another important point is that these artists came from very different artistic disciplines: they were visual artists, designers, poets, playwrights, filmmakers, musicians, composers and dancers, with very different backgrounds and artistic training. The difference in their ways of working with ideas, both their own ideas and the ideas of others, gave birth to great artistic power, expansion and freedom.

#### Paradox V

Comfortably seated among the audience in Wiesbaden during a 1982 concert to celebrate the 20th anniversary of Fluxus, I watched Frederic Rzewski walk onstage. He sat down on a chair in front of the black grand piano and raised his arms, and a powerful rhythm of pure sound flowed through the concert hall. Some minutes later, after the same notes had been played on the grand piano a few hundred times, I began to shift a little uneasily in my seat. I whispered with my friends next to me, and my eyes followed the back of the performer and the movements of his arms as he hit the same keys on the old instrument again and again. It had already been a long day, with a lot of traveling and multiple performances. My sleepy mind and eyes followed the performer, the stage, and the grand piano. I shifted between actually being there and disappearing into a state between wakefulness and daydreaming.

Then something else happened. My eyes fell upon the blackboard, which announced that the work being performed was La Monte Young's piece "566 for Henry Flynt." AH! I started to wonder how far into the piece we were—and was Frederic Rzewski really counting himself? I looked at my watch and began to count the seconds of the intervals, and asked my friends if they could remember when he began performing. And suddenly I was alert. I was on the other side of boredom and the situation had completely changed. I was now busy trying to figure out if he was striking the keys on the piano at regular intervals. I listened to the different sounds in the concert hall, observed different reactions, noticed the sounds coming from outside the building, and reflected on our restlessness and need to be entertained and the fact that boredom is considered something negative in our culture. When Frederic Rzewski finally stopped, the applause was tumultuous.<sup>6</sup>

#### Paradox VI

It was during my participation in the Wiesbaden concerts in 1982 that I first encountered and learned about the nature of scores and instructions. It was when George Brecht entered the stage and pointed at an Exit sign or simply placed a bunch of flowers on the piano. When La Monte Young's piece "566 for Henry Flynt" was performed by Frederic Rzewski. When Alison Knowles performed *Proposition*—"Make a salad."—in front of the audience and shared it with everybody afterwards. When Nam June Paik performed *Jumping*, with his incredible presence and unique concentration. Or when Ben Patterson's score *Paper Piece* developed into a happy, noisy battle with pieces of paper floating between the artists on stage and the audience. When I later read the score, and when I was able to hear a performance of Eric Andersen's *Opus 51*—which consists of letters of the alphabet—by The Danish Radio Symphony Orchestra. (In the mid sixties this humorous and inventive concept had caused a tremendous scandal in Danish cultural life.)<sup>7</sup> When reflecting on Philip Corner's philosophical, intense and repetitive variations and his "pieces of reality." And when confronted with the two basic principles in the works by Arthur Köpcke: "Fill with own imagination" and "... &

C." (and continue). Much could—and should—be added to this list, or as Arthur Köpcke invites us to, ... & C.

Maybe the essence of Fluxus is to point at a score and to follow—in one way or another. Thinking about the many questions that still transpire at every confrontation with Fluxus, I choose to give this text an open end with the words of John Cage: "I welcome whatever happens next."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> John Cage, *A Year from Monday; New Lectures and Writings* (1967), quoted in Hannah Higgins, *Experience Fluxus / Fluxus Experience* (Berkeley: University of California Press, 2002), 83.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Hannah Higgins, 91. For the full text see: Dick Higgins, *Horizons, The Poetics and Theory of the Intermedia* (Carbondale: Southern Illinois University Press, 1984).

<sup>3 &</sup>lt; www.aknowles.com >

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Marianne Bech, "Intermedia Copenhagen 1958-1966. Some works by Eric Andersen and Arthur Køpcke," in Achille Bonito Oliva, Gabriella De Mila, and Claudio Cerritelli (eds.), *Ubi fluxus ibi motus 1990-1962* (Milan: Mazzotta 1990).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Dick Higgins, Piano Album. Short Piano Pieces, 1962-1984 (New York: Printed Editions, 1980), 8-9 and 23.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> La Monte Young's "566 to Henry Flynt" was performed for the first time by Toshi Ichiyanagi at Carnegie Recital Hall in 1960. The original title was: *Arabic Numeral (Any Integer) [for Henry Flynt]*. See "Minimale lydlandskaber" at <a href="http://www.information.dk/56664">http://www.information.dk/56664</a>. Interview with La Monte Young by Lars Movin in Venice, May 1990. (Lars Movin created the film *The Misfits. 30 Years of Fluxus*, distributed by Det Danske Filminstitut.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> For more information see Mogens Andersen at <www.vortidsmusik.dk>; Ursula Fugmann at <www.samtidskunst.dk>; and Tania Ørum, Marianne Ping Huang and Charlotte Engberg (eds.) *En tradition af opbrud.*Avantgardernes tradition og opbrud (Hellerup: Forlaget Spring, 2005), 209. Andersen's event score consists of the alphabet in different types of writing, and was given to the conductor and to the musicians in the Danish Radio Symphony Orchestra. The score indicated what instruments to play and for how long, and the musicians could play whatever they considered to be contained by the confidence of the composer.

# Some Notes on Fluxus Scores and Instructions

By Jon Hendricks

The idea of doing an exhibition and publication of Fluxus scores and instructions started a number of years ago, at the time of work on the *Fluxus Codex*. The *Codex* was a study of Fluxus works and ideas for works, but intentionally left out performance and relics of performance, although a few references to published Fluxus scores were included. I was always concerned that publishing only the *Fluxus Codex* would give a very incomplete idea of Fluxus, as Fluxus has many aspects to it, beyond objects, and Fluxus performance is crucial to the movement. So it was my intention to do a companion book to the *Codex* about Fluxus performance.

Over the years, in building the Silverman Fluxus Collection, I would always keep my eyes open for Fluxus scores. I found them fascinating, and their variety continually surprising. I was aware of the scores published in Fluxus editions and Fluxus newspapers and newsletters. But there is a whole other body of scores that are what the artists had originally intended the scores to be. Abbreviated or descriptive scores function very well for performances, but don't give a full idea of what the artist had originally written.

The scores in the Collection piled up, here and there and everywhere. Sometimes scores existed that I didn't realize were scores. As the idea of a *Fluxus Codex* of performance evolved, I became more and more interested in the score itself, rather than in the performance of the score. I became interested in the function of the score, how it worked, how it could work. Did the score function as a recipe to do something? Or was it the thing itself? I came to realize that some Fluxus scores and instructions were in fact complete conceptual artworks, coming long before the art historians' accepted date for Conceptual Art.

So I decided that what was needed was a book on Fluxus scores and instructions, rather than a book on Fluxus performance. Performance would be a necessary part of the work, but not the main focus. The exhibition, which evolved simultaneously with this idea, is a way of sharing my very great excitement about the material, and hopefully a way to turn on people to the great variety of intention that Fluxus artists were working with. Although the book is still a year or two away from being completed, we felt it was important to have a catalogue for the exhibition.

George Maciunas in 1962 published a graphic characterization of the intentions of Fluxus: "anti art, concept art, automatism, Bruitism, brutalism, Dada/ism, concretism, Lettrism, nihilism, indeterminacy—Theatre, happenings, prose, poetry, philosophy, plastic arts, music, cinema, dance." Many of these terms can be applied to the scores in the exhibition. There are sound scores and graphic scores (which might or might not involve sound). There are recipes for trouble and recipes for solutions. There are in-structures, and event scores. There are propositions, and compositions. There are examinations, reading works, and commands. There are instructions for set-ups, or just a thing to do in your mind. In fact, some scores are not possible to actually do, but are easy to do conceptually.

Too often, with some of the new forms of art that have evolved in the twentieth century, we know only the realization of the piece. We see a photograph of a Oskar Schlemmer Stäbetanz or a Mary Wigman's Hexentanz, we might hear a sound tape of Kurt Schwitters Ursonate, we see Nam June Paik's One for Violin performed frequently, or George Brecht's SOLO FOR VIOLIN VIOLA CELLO OR CONTRABASS, we know Yoko Ono's Painting to See the Sky, and vivid images of Dick Higgins screaming Danger Music Number Seventeen flash in our minds. As do images of Brecht's Chair Event, or Ben Patterson's Lick Piece, or Philip Corner's Piano Activities, or La Monte

Young's Composition 1960 #10. But what are the scores? What are the actual instructions? What do the scores look like? Are we just seeing free interpretations of the scores? Probably. Most performances of scores are. The artist's intention is that the score be interpreted by the performer, rather than blindly following a set of notations.

For this exhibition, we will be able to see nearly 400 original scores, either the original manuscript, or the first publication of the score, frequently printed by the artists themselves, or by Fluxus. There will be sound recordings of some early performances of the scores and a few films of performances. There will also be some realizations of instructions, either by the artists or by others. These will give an insight into the function of the scores.

People often see Fluxus performance as limited to a small group of action pieces, and ignore the rich variety of work that Fluxus embraced at different points in time. This exhibition includes works by more than 50 Fluxus artists, plus work by related artists who either influenced Fluxus or were crucial to its development. Some artists had only a very brief encounter with Fluxus, others were central to the movement from the very beginning. All artists who were associated with Fluxus did work outside of Fluxus. For the most part, the work done outside of Fluxus is not included in the exhibition, but I've made an effort to include works by Fluxus artists that we can document as being work performed in Fluxus concerts or included in Fluxus publications. Of course, I cheat sometimes. We have a beautiful group of **Graphises** by Dick Higgins included in the show, even though only two or three of them were performed in Fluxus concerts.

To me, the most exciting work is not graphic, it's just words. For instance, Jackson Mac Low's **Social Project II**, "Find a way to end war. Make it work." is to me an incredible instruction. The score was written in response to a group of provocative scores by Tomas Schmit, Nam June Paik and others that Maciunas published by various artists in the *Fluxus News-policy Letter No.* 6 (April 6, 1963). In response, Mac Low, a practical anarchist, responded in *Fluxus Newsletter No.* 7 with a plea to integrate Fluxus festivals with political activities, such as support of strikers and locked out workers, walks for peace, etc., and urged that Fluxus denounce war in Vietnam, US aggression toward Cuba, etc. With the use of words, a score doesn't have to be limited to produce a sound or a sight. It can also be a score for a state of being or a social action.

Some of George Brecht's word works are time-based, in the Cagean sense; some are progressive; some are sound-based; most are everyday occurrences and observations. Some function as recipes for a set-up, such as **Ladder**, or **Chair Event**. Traditional scores are constricted by notation, which can limit the range of possibilities that word scores can open up. Some might say this is poetry, rather than a score. But scores and instructions are functional, and their function can in part be determined by the reader or viewer: to do it or not to do it, to make it or just read it, to perform it or not, as she or he wants. For the most part, the Fluxus composer leaves that up to the readers.

Yoko Ono's one-word **Piece for Nam June Paik No. 1** reads "water." We're not limited to drinking it, pouring it, swimming in it, playing in it, wasting it, saving it—all actions are possible. Or maybe no actions. Maybe we just are to think about it. To remember, to imagine, to see, to touch. If we know Yoko's work, we know of pieces such as **We're All Water**, and **Water Event**, and **Drip Painting**. But if we don't, it's no less strong. It might be baffling—a piece with no instructions, except the thing itself, total freedom, a little scary, easily dismissed, but troubling, and something that stays with us, and encourages thought.

In thinking about Fluxus scores, its inevitable that one would make some comparisons with other works of the period, or compare one Fluxus artist's work with another. I've randomly chosen a few to consider. There can be many. But I think what becomes clear is how conceptual these Fluxus works are, and the need to re-evaluate and re-assess our ideas of their place in the evolution of art.

Some Comparisons to Consider

La Monte Young, Composition 1960 No. 10, 1960, "Draw a straight line and follow it,"

and

Yoko Ono, Line Piece 2, 1964 Spring, "erase all lines"

and

Lawrence Wiener, "A 36" X 36" REMOVAL TO THE LATHING OR SUPPORT WALL OF PLASTER OR WALL-BOARD FROM A WALL,--Nr. 021, 1968"

George Brecht, Word Event, April 1961, "Exit"

and

Ben Vautier, Painting, 1964, "rien"

and

Yoko Ono's **Painting to Exist Only When It Is Copied or Photographed**, 1964 Spring "Let people copy or photograph your works. Destroy the originals."

and

Joseph Kosuth, Art as Idea as Idea, Nothing, 1967, "nothing"

Ben Vautier Partie de tout a Ben, 1960

Ben Vautier, Terrain vague, 1961

and

Addi Koepcke, Reading Work Piece No. 10; fill with own imagination, 1962

Walter de Maria's ART YARD, May 1960

and

Yoko Ono, Painting for the Wind, 1961 summer

Lawrence Weiner's Water Spilled from Source to Use, 1984 and
George Brecht, Water, May 1963
WATER
• coming from
• staying
• going to
Yoko Ono, <b>Piece for Nam June Paik</b> , 1964 Spring, "Water"
Yoko Ono's <b>On Instructure</b> , July 1964
Toko Ollo S Oli Instructure, July 1704
Something that emerged from instruction and yet not quite emerged-not quite structured-never quite structured. like an unfinished church with a sky ceiling.
The instructures will be exhibited in the lobby.
Lawrence Weiner, Statements, 1968
<ul><li>(1) The artist may construct the piece.</li><li>(2) The piece may be fabricated.</li><li>(3) The piece need not be built.</li></ul>
Each being equal and consistent with the intent of artist, the decision as to condition rests with the receiver upon the occasion of receivership.
and Robert Filliou's <b>Principe d'Equivalence; Bien fait, mal fait, pas fait</b> (1968)
George Brecht's Three Chair Events (Spring 1961)
THREE CHAIR EVENTS
• Sitting on a black chair.
Occurrence
• Yellow chair. (Occurrence.)
• On (or near) a white chair.
Occurrence.

SPRING 1961

G. Brecht

and

Yoko Ono's Striptease for Three (performed in Kyoto in 1964)

STRIP TEASE FOR THREE

First version for curtain:

Curtain rises to show three chairs placed on stage.

Curtain descends.

Second version for no curtain:

Single performer places three chairs on stage one at a time.

Performer removes three chairs one at a time.

Yoko Ono, "To the Wesleyan People (who attended the meeting)," 1966

Another time, also in Kyoto, before the Nanzenji Event, I had a concert at Yamaihi Hall. It was called "The Strip-tease Show" (it was stripping of the mind). When I met the High Monk the next day, he seemed a bit dissatisfied.

- 'I went to your concert," he said.
- "Thank you, did you like it?"
- "Well, why did you have those three chairs on the stage and call it a strip-tease by three?"
- "If it is a chair or a stone or a woman, it is the same thing, my Monk."
- "Where is the music?"
- "The music is in the mind, my Monk."
- "But that is the same with what we are doing, aren't you an avant-garde composer?"

and

Yoko Ono, Photo Poesie (published in Tokyo in 1964)

and

Joseph Kosuth, One and Three Chairs (1965)

George Brecht's **A Painting for This Year**, **A Painting for Here**, and **Here and Now Painting** (summer 1963) and

On Kawara's first date painting were first begun in 1966.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> George Maciunas, "Fluxus Brochure Prospectus," was distributed during the first Fluxus concert, June 9, 1962, "Kleinen Sommerfest/'Après John Cage'," in Wuppertal, West Germany.

# in Mezzo a Quattro Tempi

By Eric Andersen

A Score can become a notch cut or a line, an account kept, a number of points made, a set of twenty, a topic, a piece of good fortune, a worst in repartee and much more.

And not to forget a Partitura, from the Latin *Pars*, indicating both partial, direction and task. It sounds like music but really isn't.

Following the great industrial wars, the human mind started to wander to find other ways of representation than the stereotyped arts framed in categories of production.

It soon became obvious that another understanding of what art could be would rely on change and time.

In the mid-50s the institutional art world was still traumatized in pompous attitudes and fantasies about the transcendental. An alternative situation opened however in the most abstract of the time-based arts—music. A paradoxical situation since music had for centuries become the most bourgeois of all the arts.

Due to economical and institutional rationales this couldn't last. But for a little more than a decade, a remarkable time bracket opened for intensive experimentation. From the mid-50s to the mid-60s InterMedia, Fluxus and Scores surfaced on our planet.

§2

It is quite a myth that concert halls and the streets were chosen and museums and art centers rejected as performance spaces. On the contrary. It was the visual art world that rejected us and we had to find places where we weren't likely to be arrested.

Similarly, myths claim that we preferred to work with very inexpensive and fragile matter, were avoiding any kind of colors and abundances—aiming at the eternal ephemeral. That was absolutely not the case. Any of us would have been most happy to be invited for a major show in any prestigious museum, utilizing extremely advanced and expensive techniques and materials. And those of us who got the chance later on did so. There is only one reason why some scores look conceptual or minimal. Because we were poor. For the first time in history the daughters and sons of non-wealthy families could exercise experimental art.

What occupied our bodies and minds in the late-50s and early-60s were phenomena such as InterMedia (though coined some years later), Globalism, Simultaneity, Audience Participation, Interactivity, Occurrences. All terms that became axiomatic during the 80s when the fast processor-86 was introduced and eventually gave rise to the internet.

In contrast to the adaptation of later Minimal and Conceptual Art to academic practices, Scoring seems to have kept clear of most abysses of confinement. It is an essential but mostly ignored fact that most scores were written after their performances; as a report from a sensuous occurrence to be distributed among friends through the mail.

Certain scores are called Event Scores. When George Brecht, who was the first to use the notion, was asked whether Event was identical to the scientific use of the term he confirmed this. An Event is defined as an entity that is both an object and an activity. When the other George (Maciunas) came back to New York from Europe, at the first Fluxus Performance Festivals he announced that he would publish the collected Scores of all artists presented there. He was rather pissed off when the first George insisted on a very particular way of publishing. Not just printing texts, notes or instructions but turning each Score into an artifact as well as a reflection and initiation of a process. The second George complained numerous times to me that he had to reprint a large part of the edition Water Yam, because the color of the cardboard had been wrong or it had been cut in the wrong size. Or a black dot was missing in the right place or the spacing had been inaccurate or the left margin didn't correspond to the right margin in the right proportion etc. etc. The score itself had to be scrupulously right. As well as the process when performed by the first George himself. It was quite another story when performed by the second. Around the same time Maciunas asked my permission to publish my collected scores. Asking what he meant by collected—could it be 50 or 100 or 150?—he answered 50 because that would fit into the nice plastic boxes he could get from Canal Street. Naturally I gave him the same score to be printed 50 times for each box. He hated the piece and told me that I had wasted a fantastic opportunity that would never recur. Anyway, he designed a beautiful edition that became Opus 50, although he had to reprint part of it because he had misspelled "unus multurum" as "unus pulturum." Likewise he hated that I had announced in The Village Voice that I would pay each member of the audience 25 cents if they would attend my performance at the Bridge Theater in the summer of 1965. Inexpensive art was important to him—probably even free art. But to bribe the audience to participate was too much. Again he designed a great poster.

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Somewhat roughly you can divide Scores into 3 sets: the ones that instruct you to do something, Event Scores that are both an object and an activity, and the ones that carry a maximum of implications. The first ones are pretty conventional, relying on established notation, interpretation and perception. The Event Scores still to some extent carry the orthodox apprehension of the oeuvre while the third set rather tells you nothing. A fine point of departure. Some of these Scores are:

#### OPUS 11

To call my pieces by Opus and a number

#### OPUS 22

do and/or don't do something universally

#### OPUS 33

I have no copyright to any of my pieces

(whether this applies to more than this piece is questionable)

#### OPUS 44

The audience could be moved from A to Z to A in ever changing constellations of 10% until less than 10 persons remain

#### OPUS 55

This sentence should not be read by more than one person at the same time

#### OPUS 66

Make a remark (i.e. explanation, analysis etc.) to an object using for the reason of documentation and communication abstracts from the object in a way relevant to the method

#### OPUS 77

I have confidence in you :
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz

(this piece was first performed by The Danish National Radio Symphony Orchestra in 1964. Since then it has been performed innumerable times by all kinds of orchestras and non-orchestras, such as shops, actors, shipyards, curators etc. The reason for its tremendous success is probably that the first sentence has the same number of characters including spaces as the alphabet.)

#### OPUS 88

cdflatdeflatefgflatgaflatabflatb

(the piece could consist only of scales. A simple one, reflecting the history of European music, could be to play all c's simultaneously, then all dflat's, d's, eflat's, e's, f's and finally all b's. Or to play the highest c, then the deepest c, then next highest c, next deepest etc. until middle c is reached. Then the deepest dflat, then the highest dflat etc. Or vice versa. All imaginable scales, among others mathematical, statistical and aleatory, can be utilized or construed.)

(or simply) **OPUS** 99

The audience leaves the space. The doors are sealed. A tone is played that infrequency corresponds to the cubic meters of the space and in seconds to the number of persons left.

Eric Andersen

Friday, February 29th, 2008

# What Is a Fluxus Score? (Some Preliminary Thoughts)

By Anna Dezeuze

Imagine hundreds of scores being conceived and exchanged, (sometimes) printed, (sometimes) sent, (sometimes) read, (sometimes) described, (sometimes) performed, and (sometimes) forgotten, for over a decade, by over a dozen of artists around the globe, keeping each other posted, sharing ideas, joking and plotting, complaining and encouraging each other, in a throbbing mass of letters, publications, conversations and collaborations—a field of possibilities pulsating with energy and sparks, and disrupted only by the odd short-circuit and minor implosion. If George Maciunas's dreams of mass production never really came off the ground, this field of possibilities called Fluxus, in which the Fluxus score played such a pivotal role, retains a rich, proliferating generosity far removed from rarefied North American Conceptual language-based artworks, carefully typed, often juxtaposed with a sober black-and-white photograph, and very often framed and hung on the gallery wall. Each Fluxus score always implies many scores—not only the many other scores created by the same artist, but also scores created by others, and always the infinite number of new performances and interpretations of the score by each new reader. The Fluxus score can thus be considered as both a fragment and a microcosm of the Fluxus field of possibilities.

This, of course, can go towards explaining why many of the Fluxus artists and performers have found it difficult to answer my questions regarding their favorite Fluxus scores. Some have declared outright that they cannot choose, or that they have different favorites at different moments; some have listed a number of scores rather than choosing one favorite, while others have pointed out that Fluxus involves other activities than writing and performing scores, such as organizing unscored events or producing objects. Yet another group have referred me to the question of what Fluxus itself is, by putting forward their own definition of a Fluxus attitude, speaking of Fluxus as a way of life, or instructing me to find my own answers. Indeed, picking your favorite scores, Geoff Hendricks suggests, "is like picking the top ten hits of the season and somehow not what Fluxus is about." As flux, a "purging, fusing and promoting a non-art reality," Fluxus cannot be broken down so easily into categories, let alone lend itself to hierarchical structures.

The variety itself of the scores that were put forward as other respondents' "favorites" is striking. Letty
Eisenhauer favors the "randomness" and "surprise/shock" of specific works by Bob Watts, George Maciunas or Ben
Patterson—a heady mix of Dada irreverence in F/H Trace (Fluxus Version) or In Memoriam to Adriano Olivetti and
the erotic titillation of Lick. In contrast, more than one respondent singled out more austere scores by George Brecht
("mysterious and quizzical," according to Alison Knowles; "ironic" and characterized by "an extreme simplicity"
according to Marcel Alocco), or by La Monte Young ("pure and strong" for Mieko Shiomi). Knowles herself provides
a list of favorites marked by very heterogeneous sensibilities, ranging from Shiomi's subtle Boundary Music to Larry
Miller's goofy 100 Yard Run. Even a single artist's oeuvre can encompass a wide variety of works. If Lick, as Letty
Eisenhauer remembers, "was only a symbolic hair away from being a 'blue performance," another work by Patterson,
his Traffic: A Very Lawful Dance, is praised by Bengt af Klintberg for "its minimalistic beauty."

Even the same score can be performed in different ways, as Maciunas pointed out to Nam June Paik in 1962: "One can't just perform the same think (sic) over & over & over & over. We try to vary every piece in each performance. Some of course vary by their indeterminate structure (like [Jackson] Mac Low's [L]etters [for Iris Numbers for Silence], or [Toshi] Ichiyanagi etc etc). Some are varied by substituting different actions (Emmett

[Williams]'s Alphabet [Symphony] or my [Homage to Adriano] Olivetti, [Dick] Higgins's [C]onstellations)." In their answers to the questionnaire, Eisenhauer deliberately foregrounds scores which "involved" her "directly" as a performer, and Alison Knowles's list of favorites includes "classic" pieces regularly performed at Fluxus concerts, such as Bob Watts's Two Inches or Emmett Williams's Four Directional Song of Doubt for Five Voices. Other respondents, however, chose works that were less about concert performances than about a one-to-one encounter with the written scores. Yasunao Tone's memory of discovering La Monte Young's Composition 1960 #9 reminds us of the often crucial relation between concept and format in many Fluxus pieces, including Tone's own scores, of which his favorite—Geodesy for Piano—is a most beautiful example. Similarly, both Eric Andersen's choices are characterized by the fact that the work "doesn't tell you what to do," whether in his own score I Have Confidence in You or Knowles's Proposition. Indeed, the fact that Nye Ffarrabas (previously known as Bici Hendricks and Bici Forbes) remembers Proposition "as a performance piece, in a large, wooden salad bowl, with wooden servers," reminds us that the Fluxus score can operate both as a piece of writing and as an instruction for acting.

Maciunas's reference to the "indeterminate structure" of the Fluxus score reminds us here of Fluxus's debt to musical compositions such as Ichiyanagi's, and concrete poetry such as Mac Low's, Williams's and Higgins's.3 One of the most significant features of new musical and poetic notations developed in the 1950s was precisely that their structures allowed a greater freedom of interpretation on the part of the performer/reader, so that each performance would indeed be necessarily different. The interpretation of the score becomes a performative act in itself, as the performer must decide how to understand each sign on the page, often with the help of instructions. This use of indeterminacy characterizes most of the musical scores produced by composers associated with Fluxus, and Maciunas himself made the most of it. His Fluxus variation on Ichiyanagi's Piano Piece no.5 is particularly playful, as he decided to read the lines of the original score as the parts of an upright piano to be hit with darts. As he explains to Ben Vautier: "Ignore the dynamic markings (ppp to fff) since one can't throw darts in such a dynamic range." In his own scores from 1962, Maciunas developed a unique grid-system which allowed the performer to choose a number of actions from a list, and to decide when, and for how long to perform them. In a letter, Maciunas encouraged the performer to use random systems to determine such decisions, by superimposing the grids (printed on transparent paper) onto a variety of objects (for example, a stock exchange list for his Solo for Rich Man), or by throwing pebbles over the grid from a ladder (for his Trio for Ladder, Mud and Pebbles).5 Ben Patterson also suggested that one of his own scores, in which black ants are drawn on a white page (Ants), could be used in conjunction with Maciunas's transparent grid scores.

The many "homages" or dedications from one Fluxus artist to another within their scores are not only testimony to a mutual respect and admiration: they demonstrate the ways in which Fluxus scores encourage readers to go off and write their own scores. Some homages may be dangerously close to parody, as when Philip Corner remembers that his first response to La Monte Young's early scores was to spend "a jolly half hour running off 30 or so in his style: 'This piece is a rat running across the yard.'" Others could easily slip into barely concealed forms of plagiarism, as when Ben Vautier explained to Maciunas in 1967 that his "homages" to Nam June Paik were in fact imitations of performances for which he did not know the score.<sup>6</sup> Yet it is *because* of these potential slippages that Young's *Composition # 10* is a "masterpiece" (according to Corner): it "stimulates the imagination" (as Shiomi puts it), in the same way as Patterson's

*Traffic* contains "many implications" for af Klintberg. For Alocco, a Fluxus score is "a short, brutal question." It may, as he says, "be in itself its own answer," but it may also ask us many, many other questions.

#### An Elusive Aesthetic

The temptation, when writing about Fluxus scores, is to make lists—of Fluxus favorites and the different sensibilities they suggest (as I have just done), of the different times and ways a score has been performed, of the different ways they can be distributed. Along with the lists, it is difficult not to slip in a few Fluxus anecdotes, which have now become part of the Fluxus lore. Did you know that Emmett Williams's *Counting Song* was initially developed as a way of checking the number of people in the audience when the artists felt they were being cheated of the ticket sales revenues by the theatre in Copenhagen? Similarly, Maciunas joked that the main reason why Fluxus artists had destroyed the piano in their Wiesbaden performance of Philip Corner's *Piano Activities* was in order to avoid having to pay movers to dispose of the second-hand piano he had purchased for the occasion. Maciunas's correspondence abounds with such practical concerns, addressing the availability of props, the number of performers, and the duration of each concert, while retrospective accounts of concerts often include such anecdotal details. For example, Knowles recalled performing Brecht's *Piano Piece* in a letter to Emmett Williams: "I had to bring the white gladiolas up an endless aisle and somebody tried to goose me." These lists and anecdotes may provide glimpses into this teeming field of possibilities, but what could a thorough inventory of all scores produced by Fluxus artists, and each performance of the score, truly reveal? Could answers to my questionnaire from every single Fluxus artists, including those who have sadly passed away, have provided me with a key? Can a unified theory of the Fluxus score ever emerge?

My reference to "a unified theory," and to a "field of possibilities," is not innocent: the term "event," used by George Brecht in conjunction with his scores, conjures the discourse of physics. As Liz Kotz has pointed out, occurrences in Brecht's scores such as *Three Light Events* bring to mind the very kind of phenomenon typically analyzed in an introductory course on physics. (Browsing through a recent book on chaos theory I came across another Brechtian parallel, as the author cites the random patterns of a "dripping faucet" as an example of apparent chaos.) Kotz has aptly demonstrated that "[i]n Brecht's work, the event form works like a little device for cutting into the perceptual flow" of everyday occurrences. Although Brecht's sparse scores are distinct from many other Fluxus works, I would argue that all Fluxus scores operate as a means of isolating specific events, moments, concepts, or perceptions, often blurring the boundaries between inner and outer worlds. In this relation to a field of possibilities, the Fluxus score inherently signals a continuum of infinite interpretations and reinterpretations contained in other scores, and in Fluxus as a way of life extending into the everyday.

Different analytical and comparative tools have, and can, of course, be used to approach this continuum. Though changing, the repertoire of works at Fluxus concerts was historically limited, and different trends can perhaps be more easily distinguished within this framework. When staging concerts, Ben Vautier set "violent" scores, such as Nam June Paik's *One for Violin Solo*, apart from "calm ones" like Brecht's *Drip Music* and Maciunas's *In Memoriam to Adriano Olivetti*, sometimes combining them for variety, sometimes separating them into different concerts. <sup>11</sup> (Alison Knowles believes that some scores always seem to "quiet down" the audience <sup>12</sup>). Maciunas was careful to point out

the differences between "vulgar shock" and "vaudeville," and became increasingly wary of a tendency towards the "sensational," embodied in particular by the work of Nam June Paik. Indeed, Maciunas's preferences seem to have evolved throughout the history of Fluxus. Owen Smith has expertly analyzed some crucial shifts in the chairman's outlook, including his brief flirtations with simultaneously performed events, or his turn to more playful concerts and events around 1965. Thomas Kellein, for his part, has pinpointed a turning point in Maciunas's sensibility around 1964, when he became increasingly interested in the "non-performable" scores of Japanese Fluxus. Maciunas never shied from praising the scores he liked—the exclamation "very good!" constitutes his blanket endorsement of a variety of works ranging from Ichiyanagi's *Piano Music no.5*, Daniel Spoerri's *Hommage à l'Allemagne*, Takehisa Kosugi's *Organic Music*, or Emmett Williams's *Song for La Monte Young*. Generally, however, neither Maciunas nor other Fluxus artists have sought to articulate precisely their criteria of appreciation; clues for a possible "aesthetic" of the Fluxus score are hard to find in their vocabulary, not least because of the strong "anti-intellectual" stance of the group, which Knud Petersen sees as a defining feature of Fluxus.

As to what makes a good *performance* of a Fluxus score, well, the simple answer would be nothing and everything, if we take seriously the idea that, unlike traditional music, there is no "right" or "wrong" way to perform it. I have discussed elsewhere how this new relation implies a tacit contract of trust between the composer and the performer of the score, but again few clues are to be found in artists' statements or correspondence as to what would constitute a particularly "good" performance. What does Alison Knowles mean when she recalls in a letter that Ben Patterson's little daughter, Ennis Patterson, performed her *Child Art* "gloriously, swinging and gurgling to a set of Joe Jones's mechanical drums"? A "glorious" performance of *Child Art*, one can only presume, probably involved little Ennis behaving naturally in front of an audience, and being entertaining and charming the way only small children can be—in other words, a child being authentically child-like. Although the inclusion of a child performer is exceptional, this example may suggest a key characteristic of the Fluxus performance: unaffected casualness. From my experience of organizing Fluxus concerts with my students at the University of Manchester over the years, I have found that the two recurrent difficulties that they encounter are keeping straight faces during their performance, and rushing through the pieces because they feel too self-conscious. Who said unaffected casualness is easy to achieve?

#### General/Specific

The reasons for liking certain scores and performances, of course, can be very personal. Nye Ffarrabas recalls with fondness how she performed Knowles's *Identical Lunch* as her "first meal" every time one of her children was born. Hannah Higgins has sought to capture in her writings the ways in which Fluxus permeated the artists' personal lives, and those of their families. In their responses to my questionnaire, both Marcel Alocco and Mieko Shiomi refer to the evolution of their own work. Alocco's *Le Son du velours noir*, he says, is related to his earlier explorations of the "relation between language and color." Shiomi for her part provides more autobiographical explanations: *Mirror* is her favorite score because it marked the end of her struggle to find "a new relation between the outside world (nature)" and herself, and because it allowed her "to go back" to her "roots" in the Seto inner sea where she grew up. Memories, a desire to leave traditional music behind, and philosophical musings about dualism, are woven into an evocative

picture of the personal resonances that scores can have for their creators. In turn, each new reader, and performer, will experience his or her own personal resonances.

That Fluxus scores by women artists may somehow encourage a more affective engagement from their readers/ performers is suggested by a recent web-based art project, Learning to Love You More, which offers "assignments" that bear striking affinities with scores by artists such as Yoko Ono, Alison Knowles, or Mieko Shiomi. 19 The "assignments" proposed by Miranda July and Harrell Fletcher on the website—and performed by viewers across the world—often involve everyday activities as well as object-making or audio-visual recordings. The invitation to "make a documentary video about a small child" in assignment #3 resonates with Knowles's Child Art, while in assignment #31, we are told to "photograph a scar and write about it," in a narrative mode reminiscent of Ono's Conversation Piece. Assignment #6, which involves making "a poster of shadows," evokes Shiomi's Shadow Piece. The differences between the Learning to Love You More (LTLYM) assignments and their Fluxus precursors, however, are highly informative. Firstly, unlike most Fluxus scores, the instructions provided by Fletcher and July are often very detailed. Instead of "making a shadow" and "catch the shadows by some means" as Shiomi puts it in her Shadow Piece, assignment #6 specifies the number, types, colors and disposition of the shadows on the poster. Though many Fluxus scores can be easily woven into the fabric of our daily lives and our most personal thoughts, they remain at a level of abstraction that eschews solipsism and predictability. Secondly, the scores in LTLYM encourage strong personal narratives, often slipping into a confessional mode entirely absent from the Fluxus repertoire. Even the most urgent and intimate scores by Ono refrain from encouraging readers to discuss their fears and desires so openly. After all, the wound about which we are invited to talk in Conversation Piece is entirely imaginary. Fluxus artists, like John Cage before them, have been largely suspicious of the very concept of expression. In Fluxus scores, we are invited to either embrace our everyday reality as concretely as possible, or imagine other realities and ways of thinking. It is more about understanding ourselves, and the world around us, than it is about sharing or solving our problems, our likes and dislikes. As such, Fluxus scores do not engage in the contemporary me- and You(Tube)-cultures that LTLYM seems to embody.

It is in these senses that Fluxus's "intermedia dynamic"—brilliantly analyzed by Ina Blom—remains a remarkable balancing act between the "extreme generality" of the score and "the extreme specificity" of its realizations. <sup>20</sup> As Blom rightly concludes, this poses a great problem for anyone trying to elaborate a unified theory of the Fluxus score, since "any writing about Fluxus that fails to get down on the level of complete specificity" is "bound to repeat the same theoretical clichés," as I am no doubt guilty of doing in this essay. What this "intermedia dynamic" uniquely allows, I would emphasize, is a great freedom for the participant, resisting the more nefarious forms of manipulation that inevitably accompany the imperatives around which scores are structured.

"Instruction art's annexation of everyday life into the realm of art was of special interest to artists who sought to demystify the role of the artist." Such is the conclusion to the paragraph in Julia Bryan-Wilson's essay where she refers to the Fluxus precursors of *LTLYM*, drawing examples from Ono's and Knowles's scores. While accurate, Bryan-Wilson's statement seems to echo, unwittingly, Nicolas Bourriaud's assertion that 1960s practices, including Fluxus, were more concerned with "the question of art's definition" than with setting up participatory models of interaction. While many Fluxus artists, including George Maciunas, were indeed preoccupied with addressing the opposition

between art and non-art, I would like to argue that the "extreme generality" of the Fluxus score exceeds such reductive parameters. I do not believe that Fluxus scores focused on the same dynamics as conceptual artworks, for example, which were largely involved in testing the limits between work and context.<sup>23</sup> Rather than grappling with the way art's reception was conditioned by language, institutions and the market, Fluxus focused on the utopian belief that understanding oneself and the world was a means to recreate—as much as interpret—reality.

As Lucy Lippard was keen to point out in 1969, however, there exist important differences between self-reflexive conceptual practices and those characterized by a greater "acceptance" "of the multiplicity of non-art subject-matter." It is certainly more tempting to see a kinship between these latter conceptual practices and Fluxus scores, in particular in their implicit articulation of the relations between the general and the specific through the "duality between template and realization." The widespread use of photographs as the privileged means to present such realizations nevertheless points to a significant distinction between conceptual art and earlier Fluxus practices: the "non-art subject-matter" which conceptual works incorporate within their structures appears to be always already mediated by representation, rather than directly accessible through experience. The defining characteristic of the Fluxus score, then, is not only that the degree of its "acceptance" "of the multiplicity of non-art subject-matter" is greater than that of most conceptual practices. It is also that it promises the possibility of recreating the world at every moment that it is experienced. Free from the petty anxieties of conceptual art, the Fluxus score generously offers up its proliferating multiplicity, encouraging us to embrace the chaos of everyday life, with its infinitely repeatable, and irreducible, specificities.

- The questionnaire, sent out in August 2007, consisted of the following questions: "1) Among the Fluxus scores that you have composed, which one is your favourite? Why? [this question was not sent to artists who have not composed scores] 2) Of all the other Fluxus scores that you know, which one is your favourite? Why?" I would like to thank most sincerely those who kindly took the time to answer my letter—Eric Andersen, Marcel Alocco, Arthus Caspari, Philip Corner, Jean Dupuy, Letty Eisenhauer, Nye Ffarrabas, Ken Friedman, Geoffrey Hendricks, Alice Hutchins, Bengt af Klintberg, Alison Knowles, Knud Petersen, Takako Saito, Mieko Shiomi, and Yasunao Tone. Unless otherwise stated, all quotes included in this essay are from their invaluable letters. I would also like to extend my apologies to those who did not receive my questionnaire and invite them to please get in touch (anna.dezeuze@manches ter.ac.uk), as I would very much welcome their responses.
  - <sup>2</sup> George Maciunas, letter to Nam June Paik, undated (ca. 1962). Jean Brown Papers, Getty Research Library.
- <sup>3</sup> Cf. my "Origins of the Fluxus Score: from Indeterminacy to the 'Do-it-yourself' Artwork," in Ric Allsopp, Ken Friedman and Owen Smith (eds.), *On Fluxus*, special issue of *Performance Research*, vol. 7, no. 3, September 2002, 78-94.
- <sup>4</sup> George Maciunas, letter to Ben Vautier, undated (October 1966). Gilbert and Lila Silverman Fluxus Collection, Detroit.
- <sup>5</sup> George Maciunas, letter to La Monte Young, undated (late December 1962/late January 1962). Gilbert and Lila Silverman Fluxus Collection, Detroit.
- <sup>6</sup> Ben Vautier, letter to George Maciunas, undated (ca. 12-25 March, 1967). Gilbert and Lila Silverman Fluxus Collection, Detroit.
- <sup>7</sup> George Maciunas, letter to La Monte Young, undated (ca. October 1962), quoted in Owen Smith, *Fluxus: The History of an Attitude*, San Diego, San Diego State University Press, 1998, 75.
- <sup>8</sup> Alison Knowles, letter to Emmett Williams, undated (ca. fall 1963). Jean Brown Papers, Getty Research Library.
  - <sup>9</sup> Liz Kotz, *Words to be Looked At: Language in 1960s Art* (Cambridge, Mass. and London: MIT Press, 2007), 76. <sup>10</sup> Ibid, 78.
- <sup>11</sup> Ben Vautier, letter to George Maciunas, undated (ca.1964-1965). Gilbert and Lila Silverman Fluxus Collection, Detroit.
  - <sup>12</sup> Alison Knowles, letter to Emmett Williams, op. cit.
  - <sup>13</sup> George Maciunas, letter to Emmett Williams, Addi Koepke, Eric Andersen and Tomas Schmit, undated (ca. 1965).
- <sup>14</sup> George Maciunas, letter to Ben Vautier, March 25, 1967. Gilbert and Lila Silverman Fluxus Collection, Detroit.
  - <sup>15</sup> Cf. Owen Smith, Fluxus: The History of an Attitude, op. cit., 97-98, and 148-150, 153-155 respectively.
- <sup>16</sup> Thomas Kellein, *The Dream of Fluxus George Maciunas: An Artist's Biography* (London and Bangkok: Edition Hansjörg Mayer, 2007), p. 98.
- <sup>17</sup> Alison Knowles, letter to Emmett Williams, undated (ca. 1963). Jean Brown Papers, Getty Research Library. (my italics)
- <sup>18</sup> Cf. for example Hannah Higgins, "Fluxkids," in Ken Friedman and Owen Smith (eds.), *Fluxus and Legacy*, special issue of *Visible Language*, vol. 39, no. 3, October 2005, 248-277.
  - <sup>19</sup> Cf. < http://www.learningtoloveyoumore.com >
- <sup>20</sup> Ina Blom, "The Intermedia Dynamic," in Ken Friedman (ed.), *Fluxus Virus*, *1962-1992*, exh. cat. (Cologne: Galerie Schüppenhauer and Kölnischer Kunstverein, 1992), 216.
  - <sup>21</sup> Julia Bryan-Wilson, "A Modest Collective: Many People Doing Simple Things Well," in ibid., 144.
  - <sup>22</sup> Nicolas Bourriaud, *Esthétique relationnelle* (Dijon: Presses du réel, 1998), 31 (my translation).
- <sup>23</sup> Cf. Mike Sperlinger, "Orders! Conceptual Art's Imperatives," in Mike Sperlinger ed., *Afterthought: New Writings about Conceptual Art* (London: Rachmaninoff's, 2005), 1-26.
- <sup>24</sup> Lucy Lippard, "Interview with Ursula Meyer" (1969), reproduced in Lucy Lippard, *Six Years: the Dematerialization of the Art Object from 1966 to 1972* (London and New York: Studio Vista, 1973), 7.
  - <sup>25</sup> This argument is made by Liz Kotz, Words to be Looked At, op. cit., 194.

# A Version of Trace in 2008; An Interpretation of Scores

By Letty Lou Eisenhauer

How or by whom is such an instruction to be realized? Is there an audience? What is the purpose or meaning?

The study of art is partly the study of communication. There is a sender, a receiver and a message. The message is similar to a dream. The message is an invitation to common experiences in the mind between the artist and the audience as new depths of meaning are discovered.<sup>1</sup>

Various artists have attempted to put into words what Fluxus is all about. Dick Higgins said, "Fluxus is not a moment in history, or an art movement. Fluxus is a way of doing things, a tradition, and a way of life and death." Emmett Williams noted that Fluxus didn't change the ways artists did things. It "gave us a forum so that we could come together and do things." More to the point, he also said, "Fluxus is what Fluxus does—but no one knows whodunit." Whodunit is perhaps the real issue here: was it the artist who wrote the score, or the individual—not necessarily someone designated as a performer—who interpreted the score, or perhaps the person who oversaw the selection, direction, and control of the artists and their products including the scripts/events; that person being George Maciunas?

Interpreting the scores of Fluxus cannot be done without connecting to the needs/desires/hidden instructions of not only the artist/creator of the scores, but the overwhelming personality and expectations of George Maciunas, the founder of Fluxus. George was a complex, contradictory person. He encouraged group, cooperative, and sometimes communal activity, and produced multiples of art at a reasonable cost while investing in real estate (with Bob Watts) in part to provide a colony/venue for the artists in the Fluxus movement but also for capitalistic gain (which neither of them ever fully realized). He was generous in some respects, but if you did not participate as he expected, you could be banished from the group and would become the object of his wrath. This behavior applied even to people he had worked with and been friends with for years. And it applied to individuals who might be only peripherally part of Fluxus. If George did not like you or disagreed with your philosophy you might not be acceptable as a performer. Early on, George attempted a food cooperative of sorts, generously purchasing seven-grain black bread from a bakery in Brooklyn every week and selling it (at a profit no doubt) out of the Canal Street loft to a select arts community (he also sold other basic vegetables and items.) However, he angrily gave it up when the buying group failed to endorse his enthusiasm for Kellogg's K, which was reputed to be a more or less complete nutritional diet and which George thought we could/should eat, cost effectively, three times a day. This is the same man who could not wait to dig into the gourmet meal prepared and photographed for Watts' dinner tables.

George's need to control or to work with artists who were as constrained as he was governed not only the art works produced for sale but also the performance of the scores. Ay-O's *Finger Boxes*, neatly engineered and executed to fit into a briefcase, are a good example of George's aesthetic and his personality: pristine on the outside but with a surprise—obviously sexual and potentially sadistic—when you poked a finger through the opening. A neatly regulated

performance piece in which hats were lifted off of the head and replaced in a random rhythm was preferable. George did not like messes. And when messes happened, they were neat messes such as marbles pouring out of a French horn onto the floor. Artists who were chaotic in their work (Hansen, Kaprow, Higgins, Vostell) and/or whose lives were not acceptable did not last long as part of Fluxus, although some had been part of the nucleus from which Fluxus was formed and they persisted as sidelined members of the group. Filliou and Emmett Williams were exceptions to the rule and that may have been because their work was primarily written only, or done in small private spaces such as the inside of Filliou's hat, or Emmett's tiny Rue Mouffetard hotel room in Paris.

As opposed to Happenings, Fluxus scores are usually very brief, with minimal directions from or by the creator. This makes the score available for anyone to perform. In fact, public performance/participation was theoretically expected, although it was rarely realized as a show for others to see. However, the public might be creating and participating in personal renderings of the scores at this very minute. As Robert Watts has written: "Some events are just things to think about. Others are actions that can be carried out, sometimes before an audience or persons. Some are actions to be performed in private. Some are instructions for actions, for attitudes, positions, or stances. Some are impossible, some inconsequential." One of the greatest witnessed performances of a score—albeit realized by an unwitting performer—was given by Claes Oldenburg's mother at an opening of an exhibition at the Martha Jackson Gallery. Claes' parents were dignified retired members of the Swedish diplomatic corps. Mrs. Oldenburg, an impressive woman dressed in late afternoon elegance, including white gloves and a large flower-strewn hat, sat on a simple, white George Brecht chair in front of the gallery. The event, one of many similar Brecht scores for various chairs, was spotted and noted as part of a now-lost written history of the chair.

In the *Times Literary Supplement*, August 6, 1964, an Emmett Williams event was performed for a photographer who was the sole audience for the piece but whose published photographs later expanded the audience, adding a secondhand viewing dimension. I attempted to keep Emmett from reading out loud Mauriac's *The Son of Man* by interfering with his vision, his hearing, his ability to speak, the text, and finally by attempting to terminate his ability to breathe. After verbal instruction from Emmett, I used whatever objects I could find in Emmett's room to interfere with his ability to read/speak. I blew a whistle in his ear, covered his head with an African hat/basket, covered him with black fabric, covered him with a large black garbage bag, obstructed his glasses, covered his eyes with duct tape, taped his mouth closed, stuffed a rag in his mouth, set fire to the text and finally covered his head with a plastic bag. It became quite frantic. Only when I succeeded in completely stopping him from reading was the piece over. Since events are not rehearsed or directed, and because the information provided as direction is open-ended and minimal, the performance of the task draws on the personality of the individual performing the event. This was a painful piece for me to perform, because it demanded a certain level of serious interference toward a gentle person whom I greatly respected. Violence is a personality trait of mine that I do not easily succumb to. However, as an obedient child I did as Emmett directed and found that I might be capable of murder by placing a plastic bag over the head of my friend.

Bob Watts was the complement to George Maciunas. He was more open-ended than George and receptive to whatever the world tossed his way. He was also an overtly sensual person, which in George was deeply repressed but which surfaced in unusual ways. Watts shared with George a deep need for order in his life. Objects used in creating art,

such as pens or twigs, are arranged in a very precise way. Cases for his event cards were carefully chosen and had to be just "so." In his personal life, he became upset if his kitchenware—pots and pans—were not kept in a specific order. I am particularly partial to the work of Robert Watts. This comes from a 35-year relationship with Watts, first as a student, then as an intimate and finally as a close friend and confidante. A great deal of his performance work is intended to get people to think more about what is distracting them: "Those momentary signals: that barking dog, those greasy smells, a fragment of words, a flushed toilet, that funny hair. How do we decide what is important for art anyway?" For Watts art is introspective—as was Watts himself—and meditative, thus his events do not lend themselves to performance as much as to reflection on the transitory nature of life, on the passage of time, on the seasons, on natural events, on the sounds of nature, particularly the birds. Nevertheless, there has always been a sensual and sexual implication in his pieces. When he began making his stamps, he made a list of interests to be explored as potential stamp subjects: girls, sex and breasts were on the list. Among the early pieces I performed—prior to Fluxus—was a movie clip in which I squatted sans panties on a tennis court while tennis balls were rolled between my legs. The impetus for permitting myself to be photographed in such a revealing manner was twofold: My own exhibitionistic (performance) need, and the belief I had in Bob as an artist: the trust I placed in him that he would do no harm. Body parts of his later girlfriends were photographed and used in some of his boxes/suitcases and as a sensually—nearly sexually explicit—writhing figure partly covered by plastic in one of the Fluxus Trace movies.

I was jolted into a new appreciation of the work of Ben Patterson recently when I was made aware that a performance piece, Lick, which I had long attributed to Bob Watts, was really the work of Ben Patterson. Because the piece was performed nude, and was in the intimate yet publicly accessible surroundings of the Fluxus Canal Street loft, it was likely that Watts had to persuade me to do the performance. Lick was presented on a very hot summer (or spring) day. My naked body was sprayed with whipped cream and the audience was invited to "lick" it off. The cream curdled or melted and ran in disgusting rivulets off my steamy body. My embarrassment and fear that some stranger might actually lick me probably also contributed to my overheated state. I don't think anyone in the audience volunteered to lick the cream off... Ben and Bob demonstrated, but neither of them pursued the task with vigor. Lick may have been one of the culminating pieces in my history as an art world nude and in the Dada-Fluxus tradition of poking fun at the formal art convention of painting/sculpting the nude body and perhaps taking Duchamp's Nude Descending a Staircase a step further. This piece was only a "pubic hair" away from being a "blue performance," presenting as a public action a possibly intimate portion of the sex act during a sexually conservative period. Like George Maciunas, like Bob Watts, like most people, I am a mass of contradictions. Raised by a Victorian grandmother and a wild and promiscuous mother, I thrive when shocking people while presenting myself as a "socially proper" woman. In this respect, it is important to remember that although private behavior in the 1960s was not very different from public behavior today, it was essential to maintain a hypocritical public demeanor of innocence and purity.

This veneer of innocence caused Kaprow, Oldenburg and Ay-O to cast me as Miss America, Dixie Dugan (all-American female comic strip character), and the Statue of Liberty. While the former two artists used these terms as performance instructions—character descriptions—for Happenings, Ay-O gave me no instructions for his event. He gave me a bed sheet to be worn like a peplos and placed me on the stern of the Staten Island ferry. In my hand I held

a torch containing a rainbow of long flowing streamers. Performance in the theatrical sense is not required for such an event: personal reflection (by both performer and audience) on my juxtaposition to the real statue, on my conflicted role, on the state of things in the United States, on the meaning of "rainbow", etc. would be more appropriate.

It could be said that Fluxus performance/events are works in which "the artist inspires the public to a new experience in a specialized setting to help the public realize 'the self.' ... It is in playing and only in playing that the individual child or adult is able to be creative and use the whole personality and it is only in being creative that the individual discovers 'the self'." As one of the most eager "players" of all time, Al Hansen, who was way too loose to ever permanently fit into the Fluxus/George Maciunas mold, may have had the final say: "Art always wins!"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Ernst Kris, *Psychoanalytic Explorations in Art* (New York: International Universities Press, 1952).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Ken Friedman, ed., *The Fluxus Reader* (London: Academy Editions, 1998).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Robert Watts, *Times Literary Supplement* (August 6, 1964) No. 3.258.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Emmett Williams, *Times Literary Supplement* (August 6, 1964) No. 3.258.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Watts, Times Literary Supplement, No. 3.258.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Donald Woods Winnicott, *Playing and Reality* (London: Routledge, 1982).

## Summer of 1961

By Yoko Ono

Early summer, I got a call from one of the artists who did one of the evening performances at my loft on Chambers Street. He said there was this guy who opened a midtown gallery on Madison Avenue and was planning to do exactly what I had been doing in my Chambers Street loft. All the Chamber Street Series artists were now lining up in front of his gallery, the artist said. "The guy got the idea when he came to one of the evenings at your loft. His name is George Maciunas. You were probably introduced. Do you remember him?" I didn't. There were about 200 people attending those evenings at my loft. Many of them wanted to say hello to me. So I might have been introduced to the guy. I felt a bit miserable. "You're finished, Yoko. He's got all your artists." "Oh," I thought, so the Chamber Street Loft series would be over. Finito. That didn't make me feel that bad. So what's next? Then I got a call from George Maciunas himself. He wanted to do my art show in his gallery. Nobody ever thought of giving me a show yet in those days. So the guy who supposedly "finished me off" is now giving me a show? Things work in mysterious ways. I was happy.

It was dusk when I visited the AG gallery for the first time. The staircase in the hall was already half dark. I went upstairs, and the door was wide open. I entered into an already dark room. I heard some people just whispering to each other and laughing in another room. The light was coming from that room. As I walked over, I saw a very handsome man, obviously European, with a beautiful woman sitting together at a table in candlelight. They both looked at me. I remember thinking what a romantic picture the two of them made! There was an IBM typewriter on the table gleaming in the dark. One of the artists had once commented, "That IBM typewriter! That alone must be something. Just means he's rich!" But turns out, everything was not as it seemed.

The very young and pretty woman George was sitting with was actually his mother. They used the candle because the electricity was cut off. And that great looking IBM typewriter? It was a loaner. George also had phones everywhere. There was a story for that, too. He told me his phone service was listed under a new name every month. Whenever his phone was cut off, he just registered a new phone under a new name. Of course, that night I, like the rest of the artists, just thought, "WOW!"

George told me that he wanted to do a show of my artwork. That was to be the last show in this gallery. The electricity was already cut off, so we had to do it just during the day. That did not faze me. So I started to assemble the works I wanted to show. The fact that there was no electricity actually worked to my advantage—sunlight streaming through the gallery windows cast shadows on the canvases, making beautiful, natural changes to them throughout the day. The works on display all had some function. I stood in the gallery, and when people came, I took them around to each painting, and explained what the function of each piece was. I asked Toshi Ichiyanagi to write out cards explaining the functions to display on the side of each painting. Well, he managed to write two cards. One was *Painting To Be Stepped On*, and the other was *Painting In Three Stanzas*. Toshi stopped there. He didn't do any more cards. Why? Why not? You can see those two signs glaring out of those photos from the show that have managed to survive all these years later. I am very thankful for those two cards—without them, no one would ever know that this was my first show of Instruction Paintings.

When George and I finally put up all the paintings, and put a card that said 400 dollars on the side of each painting, we looked at each other. What if somebody bought one painting? What are we going to do then?" If somebody

bought one painting, we can go to Europe!" he said. We felt like somebody already bought one. We became so happy we suddenly took each other's hands and danced around the room.

George said we had to have a name for this movement that was happening. "You think of the name," he told me. I said, "I don't think this is a movement. I think it's wrong to make it into a movement." To me, "movement" had a dirty sound—like we were going to be some kind of an establishment. I didn't like that. So I didn't think of any name.

The next day, George said "Yoko, look." He showed me the word "Fluxus" in a huge dictionary. It had many meanings, but he pointed to "flushing." "Like toilet flushing!" he said laughing, thinking it was a good name for the movement. "This is the name," he said. I just shrugged my shoulders in my mind.

The summer of 1961 was very hot, and only few people came to the show. I remember some dear friends who did show up. I remember explaining the *Smoke Painting* to John Cage, and actually made thin smoke come out of the canvas... like the smoke you get from burning incense. I remember Beate Gordon and her daughter, Nicky, who were encouraging about my work. That was a nice surprise. Beate called me later, and said, "Yoko, Nicky liked it. I was so scared that she would not like it, that I told her not to say anything. I found out later that she actually liked it and wanted to say something, but I told her not to say anything!" We both laughed. I remember Isamu Noguchi, stepping on *Painting To Be Stepped On* with a pair of elegant Zohri slippers. All that seems like yesterday.

George had a closet full of very expensive canned goods. They were canned gourmet nobody wanted to buy because they were so expensive. A friend of his had the great idea that it would make a fortune, which it didn't. So George got them. That was our meal every day: canned foie gras. It wasn't bad. But I thought it needed something with it. Just something.

We used to walk around the city. It was warm and rather quiet. Most people on the Upper East Side probably went to the Hamptons or something. We felt good, like we owned the city. Both of us were totally bigheaded people. So, yes, we were the owners of something. Maybe not the city, but something... maybe not so tangible.... As they say, those were the days.

y.o.

April '08

"I felt at home with looking for things everywhere. Contradiction."
Ben Vautier's Ben Dieu and Arthur Køpcke's reading/work-pieces-manuscript

By Susanne Rennert

Personal interactions between Ben Vautier (\*1935) and Arthur Køpcke (1928-1977) were rare, and their encounters in the Fluxus and action movement of the 1960s and 70s were sporadic. Yet astonishing similarities are revealed in the works of these two Independents. Both combine art and life in a much more uncompromising and radical manner than most of their peers. In the work of both one often wonders whether it is action that is made into art or whether it is simply an attempt to cope with everyday life. One is the other and vice versa. In his manifesto-like text samen ti sat (of around 1963/64) Køpcke emphasizes that art has to formulate questions that comprehensively touch on life and existence. Similarly, Vautier states, "I felt at home with looking for things everywhere. Contradiction."

Both Vautier and Køpcke move freely and shamelessly between various artistic disciplines and absorb many different influences (Vautier: "alles interessiert mich"—"everything interests me").<sup>3</sup> In the work of both we are confronted with a complex and extensive oeuvre, which at first sight seems incongruent and enigmatic: texts, paintings, Fluxus-pieces, performances, objects, films and environments. Vautier's graffiti-like tablets—partly-poetic, partly-provocative reflections and statements about artists, society and art—and Køpcke's *reading/work-pieces*-paintings—that put the spirit of Fluxus into the painting—have become trademarks. From the texts, pieces and instructions listed in Vautier's *Ben Dieu* (1962/63) and Køpcke's *reading/work-pieces-manuscript* (1963-65) we see, however, that the whole oeuvre is held together by a conceptual nucleus. Reading these documents is demanding and time-consuming; it requires the reader/observer to react and initiates a stream of thoughts and ideas, which undermines and dissolves any rigidity and limitations.

It is already clear from their biographies that Vautier and Køpcke are experts of transition ("Experten für den Übergang)" or, according to the title of one of Køpcke favorite musical pieces, "Strangers on the shore." Both are at home in different cultures and languages. The cosmopolitan Vautier grew up in Italy, Turkey, Egypt and Switzerland, until he moved with his mother to Nice in 1949. To this day, he maintains an interest in ethnic minorities and language groups, whose autonomy he supports. Disillusioned by postwar society in Germany and by its politics, Køpcke emigrated, in 1958, from Hamburg to Copenhagen. There he and his wife Tut opened the Gallery Køpcke, introducing the works of Piero Manzoni, Diter Rot, Robert Filliou, Niki de Saint Phalle, Daniel Spoerri, among others, to a Scandinavian audience. At about the same time, Vautier began selling music records in his shop on the Rue Tondutti in Nice to support himself, and gave many young and emerging artists their first exhibitions: Martial Raysse for example had his first exhibition here. The informal change of roles, such as moving between the role of producer and recipient, is typical for both Vautier and Køpcke. This is possibly a result of the fact that both were more or less artistic autodidacts who did not a priori tie themselves to a specific field of art. In this respect, they have fully satisfied George Maciunas' requirement of the Fluxus-artists to be non-professional and non-specialized.

It is a telling coincidence that Vautier and Køpcke met at the *Festival of Misfits* in October 1962 in Gallery One in London; this was also where they both met George Maciunas. For both, this festival (which was organized by Daniel Spoerri) and its following night of performances at the ICA was their entry into Fluxus.<sup>6</sup> Artists as diverse as Robert Filliou, Gustav Metzger, Robin Page, Per Olof Ultvedt and Emmett Williams were taking part in this festival. In London

they met not only Maciunas the initiator of Fluxus, but also Dick Higgins and Alison Knowles, who—together with the *Misfits*-participant Williams—had performed the previous September at the *Fluxus Festspiele Neuester Musik* in Wiesbaden. In an interview in 1973 Køpcke remembers Vautier, his junior by only a few years, in the context of the *Festival of Misfits*, as a "very young and aggressive" artist and an angry searcher for truth who occasionally had to be calmed down by his colleagues. Vautier was living for two weeks in the display window of the gallery. He had made himself comfortable with a bed, a table etc. and was exhibiting himself alongside his work. He irritated passers-by and visitors with the somewhat provocative and naïve slogans and sentences that he had painted on the shop window (eg. "BEN IS GOD" or "stop looking, you are too curious"). Vautier bought one of the powder-paintings which Køpcke was showing at the *Festival of Misfits*. To this day, the poetic do-it-yourself-painting made from garbage and blue color pigments is part of Vautier's collection in Nice. Køpcke later included his powder-paintings as *piece No. 9* in his *reading/work-pieces-manuscript* with the following instruction for the reader/observer:

buy a frame with glass & place different small objects on the backside – finally cover the objects with several kinds of colorpigments – then close the picture<sup>8</sup>

Køpcke's reading/work-pieces-manuscript (1963-65) and Vautier's Ben Dieu (1962/63) are key works for understanding the artists and their time. Both are prototypes of anarchic individuality. Given the very different materials, it may appear to be nearly impossible to compare the two. There are, however, striking parallels: in both works the observer faces a collection of more than 100 texts/pieces/instructions that can hardly be categorized; a collection that forms not only a concentration of central ideas but also a kind of a catalogue raisonné of a certain period. In both cases the explosive content is put into a simple, self-made folder, whose unpretentious appearance is characteristic of the "poor" aesthetic of the 1960s.

"jede kommunikation ist eine collage von signalen unterschiedlichen charakters" ("every communication is a collage of signals of different characters")

- Arthur Køpcke, reading/work-pieces-manuscript

Køpcke's Fluxus-inspired *reading/work-pieces-manuscript*, which consists of 127/129 hectographic scores and texts, sketches, illustrations and findings, represents more or less his entire oeuvre. It is the one work that incorporates most of Køpcke's other works. The artist integrated in the *manuscript* many of his works that were conceived up until the mid-1960s (paintings, objects, texts, performances etc.), and later wrote the corresponding instructions and scores. This holds not only for the powder-paintings but also for the *book-treatments* (*No.5*) as well as for the *Tableaux-pièges* (*No.101*), inspired and commissioned by Daniel Spoerri. These pieces, which were only later included in the *manuscript*, were combined with material that was sometimes newly developed and sometimes simply found.

The reading/work-pieces-manuscript contains all the scores of Køpcke's performances (eg. No. 1 = music while you work; No 22, 25, 117-120 = cigarette piece), irrespective of whether they were actually performed. Some of

Køpcke's own texts, text collages and conceptual pieces, which had already been created before the publication of the *manuscript*, were added as *reading/work-pieces*—for example *No. 2* ("was ist das"—"what is that") and *No. 34* ("wurm im hirn"—"worm in the brain"). Køpcke also developed new pieces for his *manuscript*, ranging from psychological and philosophical observations to rebuses, puzzles and crossword puzzles. The *reading/work-pieces-manuscript* unites different directions of Køpcke's work: word/picture-systems, collage, riddles, trash, light and sophisticated, high and low, humor and irony. His use of banal material, taken from the popular and puzzle pages of magazines, and used to represent existential questions around how to "experience understanding," is striking. How do I, as an individual, perceive the world? (*piece No. 4a*: "to comprehend is more important than experiences").<sup>10</sup>

The observer is stimulated, in a playful way, to think about his everyday behavior, actions, and his perception of his environment. This idea, to reanimate the creative potential of a person by confronting him with art, manifests itself also in Køpcke's paintings and "action-rolls," which he started producing in great numbers in 1964. In these works Køpcke depicts *reading/work-pieces* in ever changing combinations, constellations and realizations. Køpcke finished the manuscript in 1965, after producing and writing pieces with great intensity in 1963/64. At the time he was involved in the international action movement, where he participated in a number of Fluxus-happenings. Some pieces date earlier, such as *cigarette piece*, whose first version dates from 1962. Of his *pieces No. 2,4*, and *39*, Køpcke states in *reading/work-piece No. 4a* that some of his concepts even trace back to ideas developed in collaboration with his former friend, the painter Egon-Karl Nicolaus, in the years 1950-56. It is significant, too, that George Maciunas never included this work in his Fluxus Editions. Even though all of Køpcke's *pieces* carry the nucleus of the Fluxus-idea (for example *piece No. 10-12*: "fill with own imagination") as the painter among the Fluxus artists, the way he translates his ideas into art stands in considerable contrast to the purist and impersonal compositions that George Maciunas propagated.

"Communicate with people, either by shock, either by simplicity"

- Ben Vautier, Ben Dieu

**TACHES (1958)** 

Après la Banane je découvrais l'Intention Art. C'est à dire INTENTION précise pouvant être Art. D'ou mes études d'Intention de Tacher.

N'importe quelle tâche Tache d'encre, taches de goudron, Taches de graisse (...)"<sup>13</sup>

DIEU (1961) MOI BEN J'EXPOSE JE SIGNE ET JE VENDS DIEU (...)"<sup>14</sup>

Touchez, mais n'ouvrez pas MYSTERE No 17 Création Ben (1960)<sup>15</sup> Ben Dieu—the complete title is Ben Dieu Art Total Sa Revue—is rich in contrasts, visionary, and in many aspects ahead of its time. The artist documents his entire activities during 1958-63 in a collection of texts written in French, which he completed in 1962/63. A crucial process of development is reflected here: Ben Dieu is a work of transition, from Nouveau Réalisme to Fluxus. It was influenced by the appropriation theory of the Nouveaux Réalistes. In Nice, Vautier was in close contact with this group (which was officially formed in 1960). They, however, denied him membership.

Ben Dieu is me in competition with Arman, Yves Klein, Manzoni. It was a game we played in Nice. We called it Appropriation game. The rules were very simple. Yves Klein, Claude Pascal and Arman started the idea of appropriation. Arman came and said: 'I sign objects.' And Yves Klein said: 'I sign emptiness, I sign Blue, I sign Gold, I sign this, I sign that.' So I said: 'If it is a signing game, I want to understand the rules.' The rules came from Restany in a very good text called 40° beyond Dada in which he says: 'You must take something from the world and bring it into art.' One day I went to see Yves Klein and I said: 'But I think you believe in God, don't you?' He didn't say anything, he was sitting on the windowsill. So I said: 'Look, who created fire?' 'God', I said. 'Who created emptiness'? 'God'. So I said, 'If God is everywhere, he is also in this ping pong ball. And if he is in this ping pong, ball I'll sign it. So I am stronger than you, I sign God, I sign everything, I am better than you.' He was angry with me, but we laughed. That was the spirit. The spirit of Ben Dieu was the signing spirit is taking possession. My Moi, Ben Je signe was my period of taking objects from the world. I signed kicks, I signed hands etc. Not the same thing as the period of the scores. Ben Dieu is earlier than the scores. The scores came afterwards. (...) But I would say, although Ben Dieu was written before, you have some scores in there. Ben Dieu is more 'Ben signing', but sometimes it could also be a score. That comes maybe from the influence. But these pieces were not made for a concert room, that were just scores like this. When I have to give a concert, then I start thinking differently. Ben Dieu was the territory for the scores."17

In *Ben Dieu*, Vautier records his ideas/thoughts in a very direct manner, as if in writing in a diary or speaking with a therapist, with complete disregard for any taboos: ("QUI EST BEN? ETAT CIVIL (...) ETAT MORAL")<sup>18</sup> everything ("TOUT") in the form of texts/instructions/pieces records.<sup>19</sup> He describes works/actions/processes that have already been implemented.<sup>20</sup> Vautier presents his life and work in a largely chronological order, but deviates from this order from time to time in favor of a theatrical dramaturgy. In contrast, Køpcke listed his *reading/work-pieces* deliberately unsystematically, and in line with his instruction for his *piece No. 95* for the reader/observer to develop his own principles of order ("which of all these pieces are: reading-pieces work-pieces reading/work-pieces inclusive No. 95 distinct explanations are necessary").

While Køpcke, in his *manuscript*, objectified his work by adopting the short-form-notation typical of many Fluxus pieces, Vautier carries subjectivity to extremes by writing a concise colloquial instruction addressed at the observer. Following the theorist of Nouveau Réalisme, Pierre Restany, who postulated that social and socio-economic interrelations should be visualized in art, Vautier adopts the real world by signing it.<sup>21</sup> The idea of signing ("MOI, BEN JE SIGNE") is closely linked to the idea of "TOUT", as in the end everything is open for appropriation ("JE SIGNE TOUT").

Ben Vautier's motto "MOI, BEN JE SIGNE," appears on the first page of *Ben Dieu* and threads through the whole work. The forceful self-confidence of the remark is reminiscent of the statement with which Louis XIV allegedly announced his claim to absolute power: "L'Etat c'est moi." (Could that have also been a reaction to Pierre Restany's disapproval?) In any case. Ben Vautier signed "TOUT": any word on an arbitrarily chosen page of a dictionary, the pope ("J'EXPOSE ET JE SIGNE LE PAPE JEAN XXIII EN TOUT SES INSTANTS ET TOUT SES GESTES SCULPTURE VIVANTE ET MOBILE BEN 1961"), diseases and epidemics, holes or the currently running program on TV. Even before Piero Manzoni, he signed "anything that surrounds me, objects, girls, any pebble on the beach"; he signed God, idleness, snails, eggs, ideas, the light, fires ("burning houses, burning cities, burning forests, burning old ladies, the burning fire, the pyromaniac—that's ME"), medicine—"thalidomide and its consequences (little monsters)." He signed "Tics: scratching oneself, a movement of the left knee" etc. and concluded: "The signature is art."<sup>22</sup>

It is interesting to see how the artist breaks the monotony of this constantly recurring motif and how he passes the ball to the reader/observer with absurd and at the same time meaningful instructions. For in *Ben Dieu* one finds also pieces that are more characteristic of Fluxus. They are usually printed on the front of the A4 pages. They encourage the recipients to take specific actions and to focus on their own activity. One page has a folded paper-bag with the instruction to blow it up and then stamp on it ("Music No 11, Création Ben 63"). Another page includes a folded piece of light blue paper that is to be unfolded and then folded again. Although Vautier pursued Fluxus ideas here by turning banal noises into music, it is only after the publication of *Ben Dieu* that he began systematically to write Fluxus-like instructions for concerts and performances. These were published by Maciunas, with whom Vautier maintained at times a close dialogue, in the 1966 *Fluxfest Sale*. <sup>23</sup>

In my interview with Ben Vautier in Nice in November 2007, the artist formulates his strategy in a nutshell: "Communicate with people, either by shock, either by simplicity." This basic impulse is at the heart of his entire oeuvre and can clearly be detected in *Ben Dieu*. Here, in sharp contrast to the Fluxus-like instructions mentioned, we have texts that are opposed to concretism and minimalism. They describe destructive and at times very disgusting actions and scenes that question the readers' aesthetic conventions and shake them out of their emotional calm. In his "obscene and idiotic gestures" (1962), for example, Vautier tells us that he took off his trousers and masturbated in the mouth of a corpse and that he stood puking in the corner of a café for 10 minutes and waited to see whether someone would call the police. In other passages, which should be examined for similarities with the *Viennese action group*, he uses sperm, urine, dirt or garbage as metaphors.

It is these passages that show how Køpcke's and Vautier's strategies differ. Vautier exaggerates and shocks. He puts the Ego at the center of art and takes everything personally ("um die kunst zu ändern, muß man den Menschen ändern; um den Menschen zu ändern, muß man das Ego ändern"—"In order to change art human beings have to be changed; to change human beings the Ego has to be changed"). He keeps the viewer at a distance, addressing him with the formal *vous*. Køpcke, on the other hand, follows another approach in order to awaken the audience from lethargy and passivity. He treats the observer more like a buddy, and encourages, stimulates and animates him as an equal. Yet the boundaries between humor, irony and cynicism can be blurred and can change abruptly.

piece No. 124

BE FRIENDLY = DO X ).

DO NOT X

.) X =

smile, shake hands, kiss hands, tell a story, use colors, paint on canvas &c.

or: do not X (it finally depends on the circumstances)

piece No. 16

do you remember how a football looks/ if yes: draw one

piece No. 7

find other variations:

"instead of doing a work of art send rice to India"

"Je cherche la verité" (Vautier) – Kunst = Existenzerhellung (art = illumination of existence; Køpcke)

Both artists are united in their uncompromising search for the truth, as can be seen in all of the pieces above. "Kunst skal være en filosofi" ("art must be a philosophy"), Køpcke demands. Vautier, for his part, titled his impressive 2001 retrospective at the Musée d'Art Moderne et d'Art Contemporain in Nice: "Je cherche la verité." They differ in their choice of the way to truth, but the aim remains the same. Around 1964, Køpcke wrote in a letter to his friend Tomas Schmit: "nix nur dass die leute in gang kommen das ist nummer eins" ("what matters is that people will get going"). Whatever the means used to get the people going—a banal puzzle used by Køpcke, or massive provocations as used by Vautier—with *Ben Dieu* and the *reading/work-pieces-manuscript*, both artists created an inexhaustible reservoir of ideas that has not lost its freshness and disrespectful relevance. In both oeuvres one is fascinated by the way different influences are combined, how new impulses are added to older ones, and how doors are suddenly opened in many different directions. Neither Vautier nor Køpcke remained in one field of art for long; they were restlessly looking for new fields of activity. They initiated much of what was further developed by later artists. Thus, Tomas Schmit said

it best in the appraisal he wrote of Køpcke's work after his death, published in the 1979 issue of the Danish magazine *North* devoted to Addi Køpcke: "and this 'manuscript'—I'm absolutely sure—is one of the very very few art works of this century."<sup>27</sup>

And in the same year Vautier remembered:

oh Ben you are

stupid you talk

too much about art

(addi said that once to me)<sup>28</sup>

- <sup>1</sup> Arthur Køpcke, cf. Barbara Wien (ed.), *begreifen erleben, Gesammelte Schriften* (Cologne, Stuttgart/London, Berlin: 1994), 208ff.
  - <sup>2</sup> Ben Vautier, in an interview with the author, Nice, December 7, 2007.
- <sup>3</sup> See Städtische Galerie Erlangen (ed.), *Ben Vautier, zu viel Kunst*, exhibition catalogue (Städtische Galerie Erlangen: 1987), 5.
- <sup>4</sup> Norman Manea, "Wir sind alle im Exil," in *Nicht zuhause, Migranten der Literatur*, in *du, Die Zeitschrift der Kultur*, No. 12 (December 1992), 61.
- <sup>5</sup> Around 1950 Køpcke was enrolled for about three months at the Landeskunsthochschule am Lerchenfeld in Hamburg.
- <sup>6</sup> Cf. Emmett Williams: "The evening at the Institute was one of the first Fluxus galas. But it wasn't called Fluxus. Fluxus was a brand-new name in the world of art in 1962, and I am certain that there were very few people in London, in those days, apart from the visiting Misfits who had ever heard the name. The first Festum Fluxorum had taken place in Wiesbaden only a month earlier. Of the Misfits, only two of us, Ben Patterson and myself, had participated in the Wiesbaden goings-on as certified Fluxus artists. But no matter, this new quantity called Fluxus still managed to carry the day, and what an auspicious day it was when Maciunas landed in London! He recruited five other Misfits Robert Filliou, Addi Køpcke, Robin Page, Daniel Spoerri, and Ben Vautier to join the rear guard (oh how he hated the *avant-garde*!) of his militant crusade, his holy cause of all causes, Fluxus." Emmett Williams, *My Life in Flux and Vice Versa* (Stuttgart/London: 1991), p. 61.
- <sup>7</sup> Arthur Køpcke, see "Køpcke, juletræ og dannebrogsflag, et interview," (conversation with Paul Gammelbo), in *CRAS II* (December 1973), 74.
  - <sup>8</sup> Arthur Køpcke, cf. Barbara Wien, 84.
- <sup>9</sup> Up until 1972, when René Block first made the *reading/work-pieces* in the Edition Continue accessible to a wider audience, Køpcke published his manuscript in the form of hectographic copybooks at his own expense. Initially, following Marcel Duchamp Køpcke had intended to arrange the *reading/work-pieces* in a suitcase, which was to comprise a complete edition of *reading/work-pieces* in the form of cards and different small objects. A kind of a prototype of this suitcase, which Køpcke together with the Danish art dealer Finn Falkersby had planned to release, can now be found at the Silverman Fluxus Collection, Detroit. See Susanne Rennert, *Arthur Køpcke, Grenzgänger, Bilder, Objekte, Fluxus-Stücke* (München: 1996), 125ff.
  - <sup>10</sup> Arthur Køpcke, cf. Barbara Wien, 70.
  - 11 Barbara Wien, 164 and 306.
  - <sup>12</sup> Barbara Wien, 70.
  - <sup>13</sup> Ben Vautier, *Ben Dieu*, (1962/63), re-edition (Paris, 1975).
  - 14 Ben Vautier, Ben Dieu, 8.
  - 15 Ben Vautier, Ben Dieu, 4.
  - <sup>16</sup> In a conversation with me, Vautier explained that this was caused by Pierre Restany's disapproving attitude.
  - <sup>17</sup> Ben Vautier in a conversation with the author, Nice, December 7, 2007.
- <sup>18</sup> Using a hectographic machine Vautier produced the first edition of 100 pieces of *Ben Dieu* himself. I have studied the re-edition that was published by Lebeer Hossmann Editeurs in 1975 in an edition of 385 copies. This edition comprises 19 A4 pages with narrowly spaced text and crowded with glued objects. These pages were put unattached into a simple brown envelope. Whereas the front had only one object on it the backside had always more objects listed in the form of typewritten texts/concepts/pieces.
- <sup>19</sup> Cf. *Je cherche la verité*, *Ben Vautier*, exhibition catalogue (Nice: Musée d'Art Moderne et d'Art Contemporain, 2001), 12ff.
  - <sup>20</sup> Cf. Je cherche la verité, Ben Vautier, 12ff.
- <sup>21</sup> According to Restany, it is art's duty to examine the entire sociological reality, the common human activity, the great variety of social interactions as well as behavior in society. The end of post-war reconstruction, the start of the economic boom and technological progress requires a realistic analysis of the new situation in France and the

industrialized West. Cf. "La prise en compte réaliste d'une situation nouvelle, An Interview with Pierre Restany" by Sylvain Lecombre, in *1960, Les Nouveaux Réalistes*, exhibition catalogue (MAM/Musée d'Art Moderne de la Ville de Paris, Kunsthalle Mannheim, Kunstmuseum Winterthur, 1986/87), 18ff.

- <sup>22</sup> All citations are taken from *Ben Dieu*, loc.cit. I have made my own translations in order to facilitate reading.
- <sup>23</sup> Cf. *Fluxfest Sale*, New York City 1966, reprinted in Jon Hendricks (ed.), *Fluxus etc.* (Detroit: The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection and Cranbrook Academy of Art Museum, 1981), 271.
- <sup>24</sup> Ben Vautier, in Erich Franz (ed.), *Das offene Bild, Aspekte der Moderne in Europa nach 1945*, exhibition catalogue (Westfälisches Landesmuseum Münster, Museum der bildenden Künste Leipzig, 1992/93) 107.
  - <sup>25</sup> Arthur Køpcke, "Kunst skal være en filosofi" (conversation with Anne Winter), in *Information*, 11.11.1965.
  - <sup>26</sup> Undated letter from Arthur Køpcke to Tomas Schmit (1964), Staatsgalerie Stuttgart, Archiv Sohm.
- <sup>27</sup> Tomas Schmit, "addi, where are you," in *North, International Tidskrift for Nordisk Avant-Garde*, No. 7/8 (Roskilde 1979), 105.
- <sup>28</sup> See Vautier's contribution to the folder "Hommage à Arthur Køpcke," *Den Danske Radeerforening* (Copenhagen 1979).

# Why I Withdrew from Fluxus

By La Monte Young

Through their early performances and publications, the *Compositions 1960* became a primary influence not only on "concept art" but also on conceptual art, performance art and on the Fluxus movement generated after George Maciunas met me in New York in 1960-61. George Maciunas was influenced by associating with me, by attending the concerts I curated at Yoko Ono's loft in 1960-61, and by observing all of the work I had collected as the editor of *An Anthology* when I gave him the opportunity to create the graphic design for the book. At the time I introduced George to the New York avant garde art scene, he was still interested in presenting the works of Luening and Ussachevsky and showing Socialist Realist art. As Henry Flynt has pointed out, "George had to be dragged kicking and screaming into the avant-garde" (telephone conversation, June 17, 2002). George was a remarkable organizer with boundless energy. He was a great humanitarian and brought me loaves of bread and cans of food when I was starving. Nonetheless, in the hands of Maciunas, the influence of my ideas quickly degenerated into slapstick vaudeville. I always felt that George was the fifth Marx Brother and I loved his humor but it distorted the intention of my works.

Henry Flynt reminded me in a recent phone call (April 2008) that in the earliest appearances of the word "Fluxus," George frequently supplied graphics of paraphernalia for the administration of enemas and/or patients receiving enemas. Through these graphic examples, George essentially expressed that, to him, art was excrement, which was in keeping with the socialist idea that all art except social realism was an excess of capitalist imperialism. Therefore, making a joke of abstract and conceptual art was an intentional part of the game.

For many artists whose work had no strong identity of its own, Fluxus provided the sense of unity in which there was strength and the sense of commonality and belonging, as to a church. In addition, George's generous offering of his skills as an entrepreneur and P.R. man were a boon that most could not resist.

On the door and programs for the concert series I presented at Yoko's loft in 1960-61, I placed the statement, "The purpose of this series is not entertainment." I took great care to select the artists I presented based on the originality of their contributions at that time, and I gave each artist two evenings devoted solely to his or her work. Maciunas, on the other hand, grouped anyone and everyone that he could under the banner of "Fluxus" and jammed as many names onto one program as possible, creating humorous variety shows of sensory titillation. I withdrew from Fluxus as soon as I figured out what George's intentions were. He drafted every dog, cat and his brother into his Marx Brothers vaudeville shows, and I wanted no part of it. As a result, even though I was probably the primary influence on Maciunas (George coined the word Fluxus around May or June 1961 and I was there the first time he ever mentioned it), I have aggressively tried to disassociate myself and my work from the Fluxus movement.

It is to be noted regarding Fluxus vs. Stasis: Change, or flux is inevitable. Stasis, or remaining the same, is impossible. Therefore, to achieve the static state is the goal, while the state of flux, variation, or contrast, is unavoidable and thus unnecessary as a goal.

Some individuals have not been able to understand why I abandoned the "word pieces" genre in order to devote my full time to music based on frequency relationships. Just as words are elements of languages, frequency relationships are elements of the language of music. Music, however, is an infinitely more complex language with infinitely more elements than languages comprised of words.

In the notes for The Well-Tuned Piano I have written: "Since intervals from the system of rational numbers

are the only intervals that can be repeatedly tuned *exactly*, they are the only intervals that have the potential to sound *exactly* the same on repeated hearing. It is for this reason that the feelings produced by rational intervals within a gradually expanding threshold of complexity have the potential to be recognized and remembered and, consequently, develop strong emotional impact. The inherent precision of the measurability and repeatability of intervals within the practical complexity threshold of the set of rational numbers provides the elements for a language/communications system with an ever increasing range of nuance and refinement of vocabulary. Any system of language is dependent on the fact that information is repeatable, and this is precisely what the system of just intonation provides. Through this system we can, first, catalogue each feeling with its corresponding rational number, and then actually create, store, retrieve and, finally and most importantly, repeat the feeling, relative to the musician's ability to tune the intervals. For a psycholinguistic discussion of emotional response to music in relation to the development of language competence, see Juan G. Roederer, *Introduction to the Physics and Psychophysics of Music*. (New York: Springer-Verlag, 1979), pp. 11-12.

While some feel that my "word pieces" were exceptionally innovative and perhaps my most conceptual and imaginative artistic statements, I feel that my work with music based on frequency relationships is much more conceptual and imaginative and goes far beyond the word pieces.

There is an ancient Sanskrit saying:

"Even if he be an expert in the revealed and the traditional scriptures, in literature and all sacred books, the man ignorant of music is but an animal on two feet."

(as quoted by Alain Danielou [without citation] in "Northern Indian Music", P. 97, Frederic A. Praeger, Inc., New York, Washington; 1969.)

La Monte Young
May, 2008

Illustrations

#### INWARDS - OUTWARDS

Perform something (f. ex. Gyorge Ligeti: "Trois bagatelles") at intervals (f. ex. a half an hour) for a long time. (f. ex. 7 h.)

performed first time 7/6-63

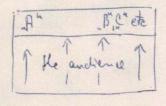
#### INCOMPATIBILITY

version A: for an excellent audience

Performers: 1. "A": reading 2. "B"; "C" etc.: making noise, actions etc.

- 1. Tell the audience to centre on:
  either: the reading by "A"
  er : The noise, actions etc. by "B". "C" etc.
- 2. Tell the audience that if it becomes impossible for one of them to centre on only that thing he has chosen, he must get on his feet and say: " start again from the beginning, please".
- 3. "A" read something for the audience and each time a person says:
  " start from the beginning, please " %k% hankfininknexthexresding.
  "A" reads from the beginning once again."
- 4. The composition is finished, when "A" has finished the reading.

The audience has to be placed sitting.



the concetvorm

opus 6

SINE NOMINE

performed first time: 23/4-6

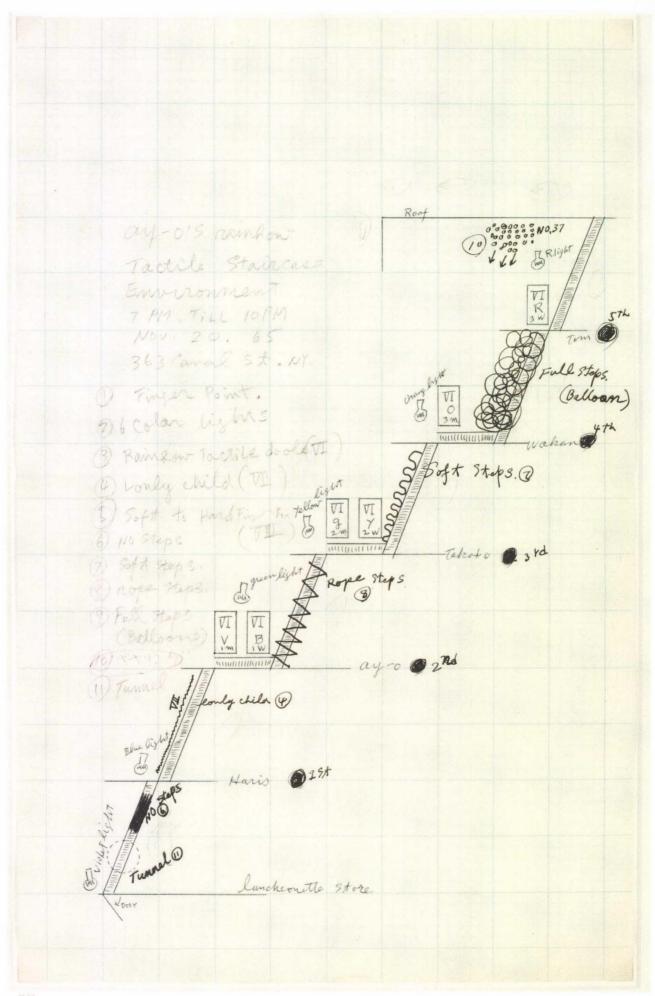
Tell the audience that they are going to hear a piece of music, and ask them to choose between the following that three pieces:

- Adagio Andante Allegretto Allegro
   Adagio Allegro Adagio Presto
- 3. Allegro Presto Andante Allegro

Tell the audience that if some of the pieces are going to get the same number votes, they will both ( or all three ) be played. If none of the pieces are going to get votes, they will all be played.

Ask then the audience to vote.

(they can cry)
(they can put up their fingers)
(They can write on a piece of name») etc.



FIVE PLACES

write the word EXHIBIT on each of five small cards.

Set each cord in a place fairly distant from the others.

THURSDAY

· Thursday

SMOKE

- · ( where it seems to come from )
- · (where it seems to go)

#### INCILENTAL MUSIC

Five Piano Pieces,

any number playable successively or simultaneously, in any order and combination, with one another and with other pieces.

1.

The plane seat is tilted on its base and brought to rest against a part of the piene.

2.

Wooden blocks. A single block is placed inside the piano. A block is placed upon this block, then a third upon the second, and so forth, singly, until at least one block falls from the column.

3.

Photographing the piano situation.

40

Three dried peas or beans are dropped, one after another, onto the keyboard.

Each such seed remaining on the keyboard is attached to the key or keys nearest it with a single piece of pressure-sensitive tape.

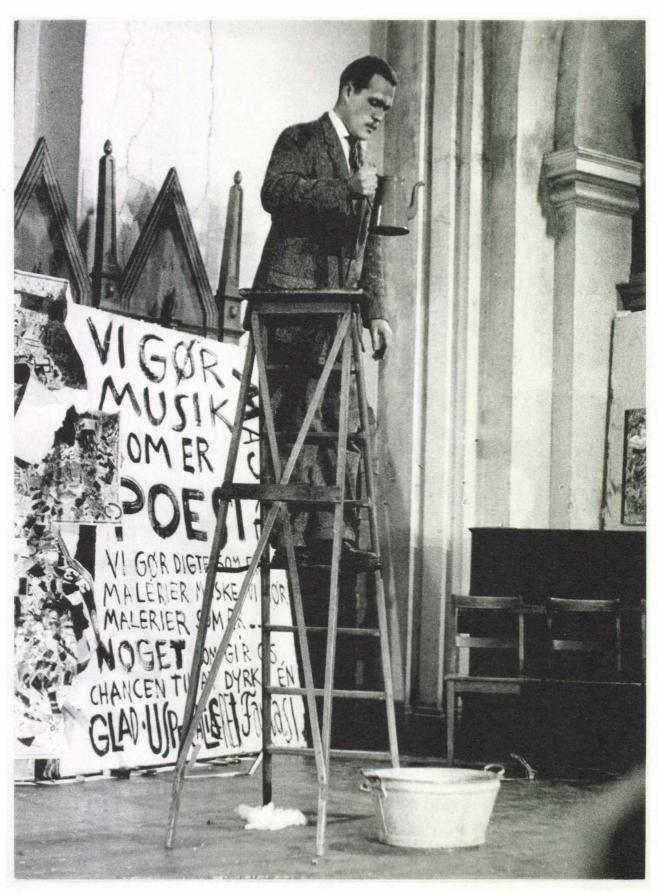
5.

The piano seat is suitably arranged, and the performer seats himself.

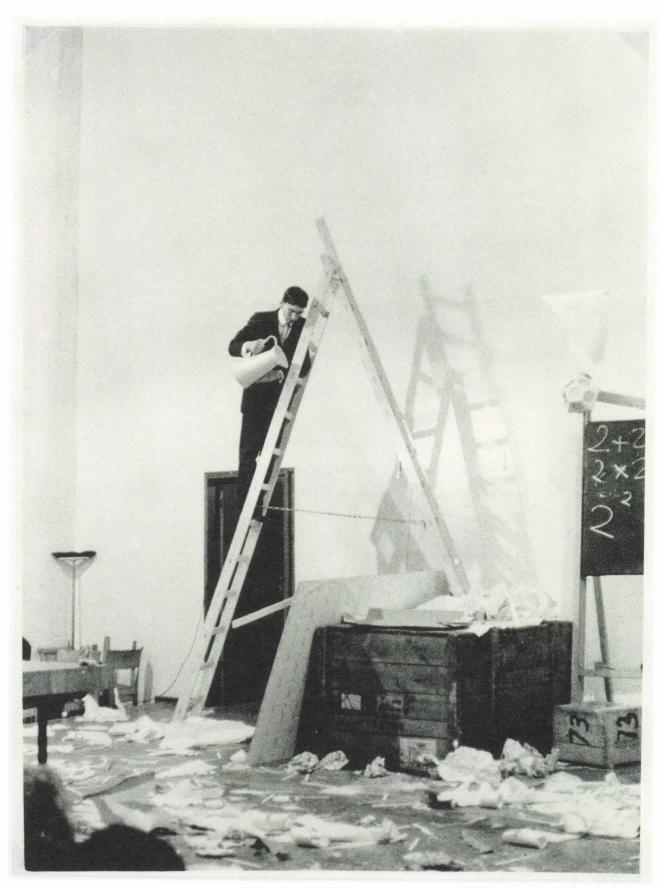
Summer, 1961. G. Brecht



[16] Photograph by George Maciunas



[20] Photograph © Poul Hansen



[21] Photograph © Manfred Leve

OBJECTS

and

EVENTS

( to be arranged by G. Brecht )

The following works are available on commission from G. Brecht, through his authorized agents (from whom additional information may be obtained).

The form of each work will be determined by the situation obtaining at the time and place of its realisation. Each work will potentially include all related occurrences within its extension.

Each event/object is, moreover, every other one.

ANIMAL LANGUAGE

ARRANGEMENT MONEY

ASSEMBLAGE MORNING

CHANCE NOURI SHMENT

CHANGE NUMBER

CITY OPENING

CLOTHING PAINTING

COMPUNICATION PARTY

CONSTRUCTION RADIO

COUNTRY RECEPTACLE

COVER SALE

DEATH SMALL

DELIVERY SOFT

[25A]

CONSTRUCTION RADIO COUNTRY RECEPTACLE SALE COVER SMALL DEATH DELIVERY SOFT DEMONSTRATION TEL EPHONE EVENING THEATER EXITS & ENTRANCES TIME FLAG TRAVEL FLUID UNCLASSIFIED FURNITURE UPS & DOWNS GAME VACATION HEARING WHITE JOKE WIND

WORLD

Authorized Agents:

KEY

April, 1962.

(from SOLO FOR VIOLIN VIOLA

CELLO OR CONTRABASS )

· polishing

[26]



[30] Photograph by George Maciunas

### **EVENT SCORE**

Arrange or discover an event score and then realize it.

If the score is arrived at while awake, then make a dream realization, that is, note all dreams untill a realization of the score has been discovered in a dream.

If the score is dreamed, then make a waking realization, that is, search in your waking life for whatever dream or part of a dream constitutes the score.





A george Maciunes e all rue grande culture find pholocomi. Jonne 64.

The silence of a room where someone in playin cards Noise of cards being skillfully shuffled Some object being put down Noises of the people living in the floor above

Voice of Winston Churchill

Melancholy sound of an oboe

Confused noises

Beating of the pulse

A song on, the radio Reception slightly shifted from the sound-wave of the broadcast

A door bangd

Melancholy sound of a 'cello

Confused noises

Cheers

Something on a piano as an amateur touching the keys of a piano and playing arpeggios or eketching a tune Absentmindedly

A woman who takes off a nylon raincoat

Writing. Foise of pen flying on paper

Reading a detective story (Delaney, Rant Singer) 3' 22''

Quick rotation of a strap and exhaust the movement

Confused noises

A hand laid on a table. Playing with a pencil held flabbily

Bellowing of the crowd during a football match

A square sound-wave of 212 cycles every sedond

Drop of water evaporating on a red-hot plate

Confused and vague sounds of someone speaking not very far away

30° all these actions
One after the other
In whatever order
The actions may be performed or the registration of the performances may be broadcast, or they may be announced leaving the spectator to imagine the auditive events they represent the author prefers announcing hearly all the actions and he performs or broadcastsonly few of them

"La strada" by Giuseppe Chiari 1064 . to George Maciunas

# 4th Finale

Cast on stage, from stage,

players

(all kinds - instruments 
sound making - voice 
group, a fair sired one

... risual performers

as well

in fact, a possibility of ending any kind of spectacle

)

choose each himself
(thing to do) an action
either constant or intermittant or variable within
constant statistic or a
sput being repeated, or
evolving in cycles, or
propressing and eventually
recommencing
may be fracly invented
or quoted from any source)

- leaning nove as a group (after of stage setting)

through audience past audience

to Idraw the spectators after ....

as far out as possible

tenshoot etc.

The Come

### PIANO ACTIVITIES (piece for many pianists)

Each of the players is to assume one of the following roles.
There may be changing of roles in the course of the piece.
Not all roles need at all times be occupied (at times, some should not)

Keyboard \_\_\_\_\_ play in orthodox manner, or in other appropriate ways.

Pedal crouch underneath, control all the pedals.

Other parts of piano -

- 1. Mute strings, with fingers and hand Strike, and damp, with fingers and hand.
- 2. Pluck, with fingernails, flesh, knuckles, or tap or using plectrum.
- 3. Scratch or rub with fingers or cloth sand paper sticks glass metal rubber
- 4. Drop objects on strings or other parts of piano or draw chains or bells across.
- 5. Act on strings, with external objects

such as hammers
drum sticks
wires or ropes

- Strike or drag over parts of the piano other than the strings, with metal or wood rod, or other objects.
- Introduce preparations into the strings, lay material on them, move such
  objects to different places, remove them
- 8. Bring objects producing their own noise in contact with parts of the piano.
- 9. Act in any way on underside of piano.

#### To Performers:

Show restraint and extremity in both inactive and active aspects of your participation.

constancies, limitations with exaggeration

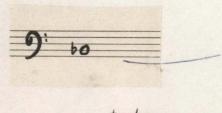
diversity of changes, continuing surprises at their limit; moderate as well

ignore and relate to other players

enhance, and destroy, or transform their actions.

[52]

friendly low Bb for Ruth Emerson



trombone or tuba

IBC



[63] Photograph © Dorine van der Klei



[67] Photograph © Dorine van der Klei

#### POI-POI SYMPHONY no.I

## France drawn and quartered robert fillou

5 MOVEMENTS:

1- noises (horses, locomotives, H bombs, rockets, satellites) brought in.

2- silence (preceeding the holocost)
3- colors (" and the blood gushed")
4- colors, noise ( "lent suplice")

5- noise, silence (agony, and the last breath)

On ## a stage drawn entirely in black, 3 musicians, dressed entirely in black (tights covering hands feet face and hair).
In front of the musicians, 6 black cont/mainers in two rows.
The guests to the concert should ideally be dressed in black.

### 1st movement:

The three musicians take one each of the three containers from the first row. These 3 containers contain stones of different sizes: large stones in one, small pebbles in the second, gravel in the third.

Playing consists of shaking containers to the rhythm POI-PCI (ta-ta, ta-ta, ta-ta) at variable speeds.

1- (alone) 30 seconds 2- (alone) 30 sec. 3- (alone) 30 sec.

Then:

1&2- 30 sec. 1&3\* 30 sec.

2&3- 30 sec.

Then:

1,2&3-1 minutes

### 2nd Movement:

The 3 musicians, having put down their containers, pick up the other 3.

These are filled with paint; blue, white, and red. They must be absolutely full.

The musicians shake them as before. No noise will be heard, except perhaps the breathing of the 3 musicians who are working hard.

(timing is the same as in the 1st movement.)

### 3rd Movement:

The 3 musicians free, through a simple device, plugs opening holes in the containers. They shake their containers; at first, because they are full or practically so, no noise will be heard, but colors gush out onto the performers, the black walls of the stage.

1,2&3-30 seconds.

### 4th Movement:

The 3 musicians keep shaking their containers, from which colors gush out/. As the containers empty, the dull noise of liquid being shaken is heard.

1,2&3- 5 minutes

Then:

1&2- 1 minute 1&3- 1 minute 2&3- 1 minute

[66A]

5th Movement:

The three museicians slowly shake their containers that are now almost empty, and finally, completely empty. The diminishing noise is soon followed by silence.

1- (alone) 1 minute 2- (alone) 1 minute 3- (alone) 1 minute

Thens

The musicians, at least dead tired after handling such a weight (53 kg.?) for 20 minutes fall to the ground; dont move.

Note: (second choice)
a- The first 3 containers, those of noise, can be transparent- in plasticfor instance, so that the stones being shaken can be seen.
b- These first three continers also may have holes. The holes would then
be freed during the 4th movement, and the stones would gush out at the
same time as the colors from the three other containers.
6 performers then, would be needed, 3 for the first 3 containers, 3 for the
second 3 containers. By the 5th movement, all the stones should have been
emptied from their containers; in theory, without having wounded any one of
the performers, so that all 6 musicians participate together in the last
movement.

Fluxus Plece for y. m. advartise Two separate event with different admitted. have each ardience where Silenthy and insist on silence before on tain time ( as if a great mysky were Insolved) Then part the curtains, and each andrewe will find itself facing the other. (it in a theatre - then one a sealed on tage, the other in the endience. if in a Public hall, then with a soitable dividensperhaps 2 dividers, leaving a space between which will eliminate noise + any possibility of giving away the event before - hand.) In each case, it is necessary to, Mills or diences so that they do not suspect have the utrances widely (The theatre or half mules have 2 half ended, sod entrences widley disensent prefferably that they will not suspent on seperate street.) mairices uter from Entrances a.w.f. & the device. ?

Erase everything.

1964

Paint sky on everything. 1965

WINTER EVENT (dramatic) 1964

Invite a wild bird\* out of the cold, snowy, winter winds into a great feast hall, brightly-lit, with a blazing fire. (the time of day is dusk)

\*The invitation could also be extended to a small, impecunious match girl (preferably blind).

Put out bird and/or match girl.

### CONSTRUCTION 1965

1. Take a 12-foot 2x4. 2. Measure off your own height.
3. Cut. 4. Measure off your wife's (or girl friend's) height. 5. Cut. 6. Nail together. 7. Place upright or horizontal.

#### YEAR-LONG EVENT 1964

- 1. Collect 5 clichés a day for 365 days.
- 2. On the following July 4th\* burn all the cliches OR:

Compile them a) alphabetically, b) by subject, c) by number of letters, d) by approximate color.

\*October 12th is better than July 4th.

## TWO YEAR PIECE 1965 (for individual performance)

- 1. Write down 5 questions a day for 365 days.
- 2. During the following year: answer 5 questions a day, or think about the questions you have difficulty answering, or select 1 question a day from last year's list and ask it on 5 different occasions to 5 different people.



[81] Photograph by George Maciunas

JBJ

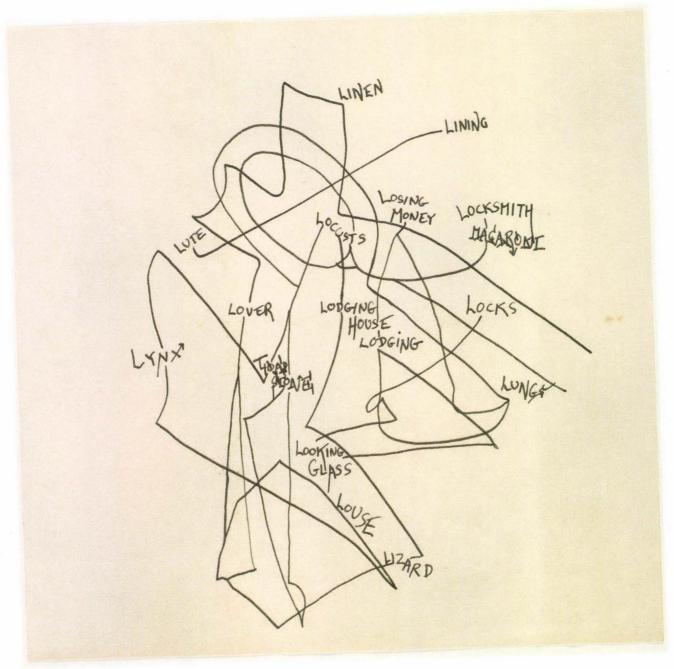
Danger Music Number Fifteen

-for the dance-

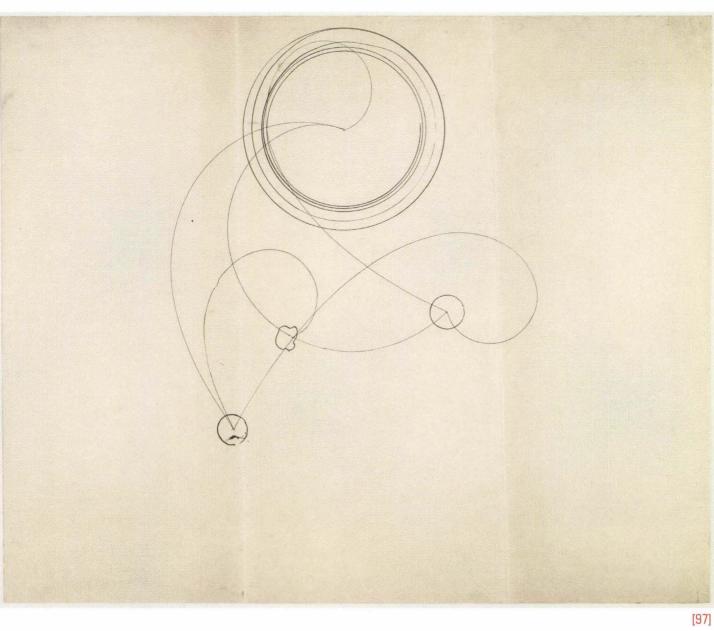
Work with eggs and butter for a time.

May 1962

[98]



[96]



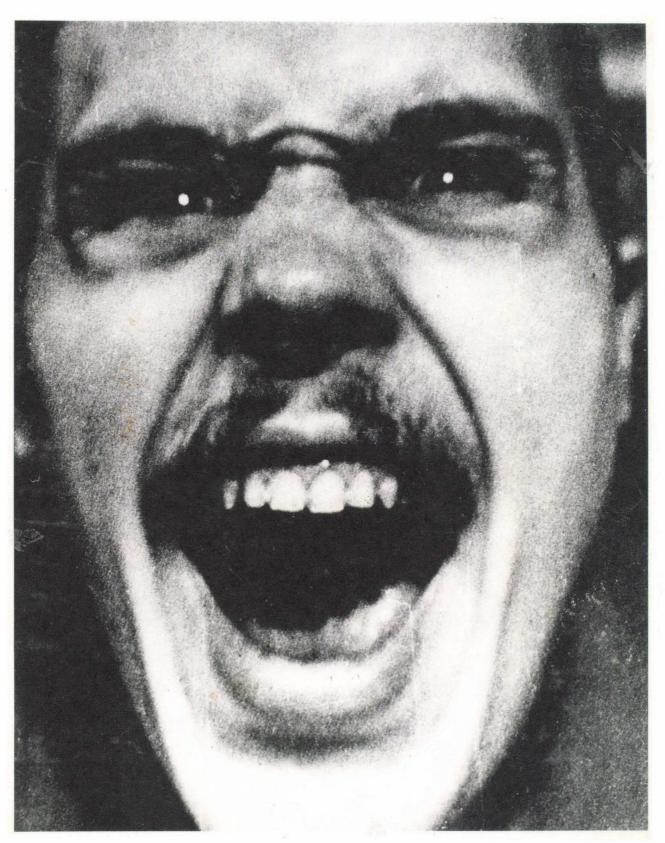
JB7 ₩

Danger Music Number Seventeen

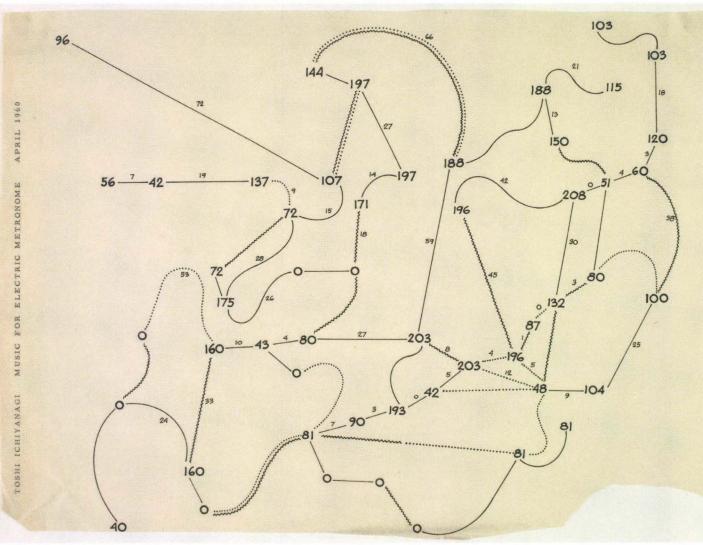
Scream! ! Scream! ! Scream! ! Scream! ! Scream! ! Scream! !

May 1962

[99]



[100] Photographer not identified



[108]



by Alison Knowles - 14 Claister both

Frust #1- Shuffle (1961)

146 Idister Bold

The performer or performers shuffle into the performance area and away from it, above, behind, around, or through the audience. They perform as a group or solo: but quietly.

Premiered August 1963 at National Association of Chemists and Perfumers in New York at the Advertisers Club.

FLOW #2- Proposition (October, 1962).

12/W Make a salad.

Premiered October 21st, 1962 at Institute for Contemporary Artin London.

#2a- Variation #1 on Proposition (October, 1964)

Make a soup. - 12 go

Premiered November 9th, 1964 at Cafe au Go Go in New York.

#3- Nivea Cream Piece (November, 1962)- for Oscar Williams

First performer comes on stage with a bottle of hand cream, labled "Nivea Cream" if none is available. He pours the cream onto his hands, and massages them in front of the microphone. Other performers enter, one by one, and do the same thing. Then

[115]



[116] Photograph by Lars Hansen / © Polfoto



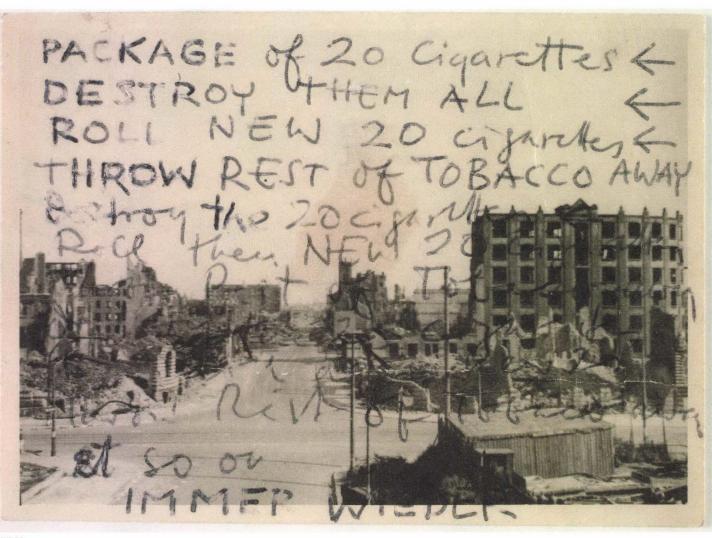
[122] Photograph © Manfred Leve

fill:with own imagination

fill:with own imagination

fill:with own imagination

[125]



[126]

# A WEEK |

2965

- A ST DAY ALLPARTS OF YOUR DRESS MUST BE OF THE SAME COLOR. IUNDERWEAR TOO. IF YOU HAVE NOWE BUY OR LET BE DYED.)
  - 2 and DAY KEEP SILENCE ALL THE DAY LONG.
  - 3 rd DAY AT LEAST FOR ONE HOUR LOOK AT YOUR NAKED BODY IN FRONT OF A MIRROR. 100 H VERY CAREFULLY.)

4 ST DAY -

- SEL DAY SING OR WHISTLE THE SAME MELODY ALL THE DAY LONG. (YOU HAVE TO REMEMBER IT EVERY MOMENT.)
- & th DAY MAKE A TRIP BY TRAIN BUT BUY NO TICKET.
- THE CITY ALL THE DAY LONG

  (QUITE ALLONE IS BEST.)

by milan kuisale

2)-(-) (for program)

Takehisa Kosugi

# ANIMA7 a slow anthology

"The performer chooses one action which would usually be completed in a short time and extends it to a time value of his choosing. For example, to take off a suitjacket as one normally would in a few seconds, but extending it for a longer period---a half-hour, fifteen minutes, etc...."

The following instruments will be used:
string instrument, sound tape, film, light, large
cloth-bag with zippers, theword 'SOUTH'
suit-jacket, etc...

## TENDER MUSIC

### 1) AVIMA 7

a concise performance for the piece (AVIMAZ)

### 2) Tender Music

This piece includes six different actions for some object: tip over, tip back, slant, slant back, tip over the slanted one, and slant the tipped one over.

The performer performs these six manipulations with any number of objects, in any direction, but always keeps his distance from the objects, according to any useful score, timetable or other timing system.

### 3) For Mr. M

Insert a rolled up sheet of paper into the throat, then move the roll to the outside of the mouth. Repeat this many times. Do not swallow the roll. Do not drop the roll except at the end. Do not use the hands except at the beginning.



[134] Photograph by George Maciunas

you can make you wish any pattern you wish or superimpose over some are clses scare.

seconds	1 2	20	20	10	10	10	10	10	10	20	20	10	20	10	10	10	
olay any sentimental tune			_				_										
scrape strings with nail				_		115								100			t
oosen strings and pluck																	T
preak string by overtentioning peg			7														7
nsert bow between strings & sound board & oscillate	bow																1
nold bow to shoulders & bow with violin						-							Sec. 10				7
strike with bow over sound board .																	
crape inside of sound box with bow	To The			1	100		-					and the					
low through sound holes							-		5								
out pebbles inside sound box & shake violin			7.7														
scrape floor with violin				Tien.				176	70		_				70 m		
oush-pull violin over table or floor													-				
scratch violin with sharp tool																	
saw violin or part of it																	
frill violin																	
frive a nail into violin																7	
nammer violin with hammer																L	
ite violin										Eth United States					-		
step over violin and crush it													THE				
ip violin appart			Tolhi I	100						EVE					Sin.		
drop violin over floor										3100							
hrow violin or parts of it to the audience			0.0			THE R				79. 28			1	1			

[140]



[141] Photograph by George Maciunas

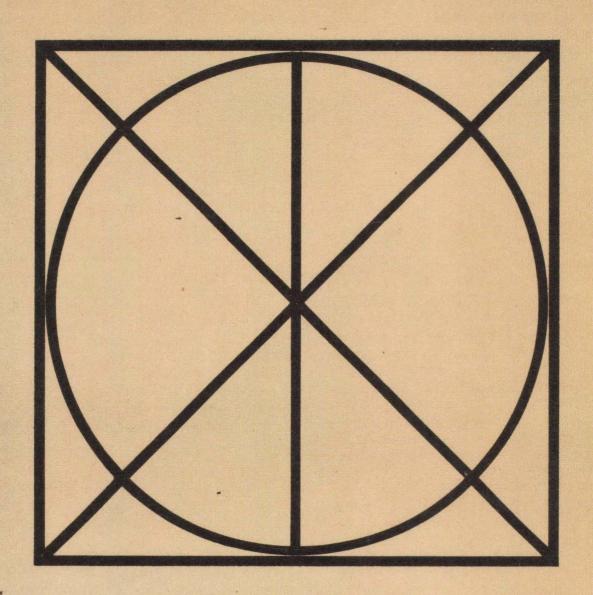
### 12 PIANO COMPOSITIONS FOR NAM JUNE PAIK,

by George Maciunas, Jan. 2, 1962

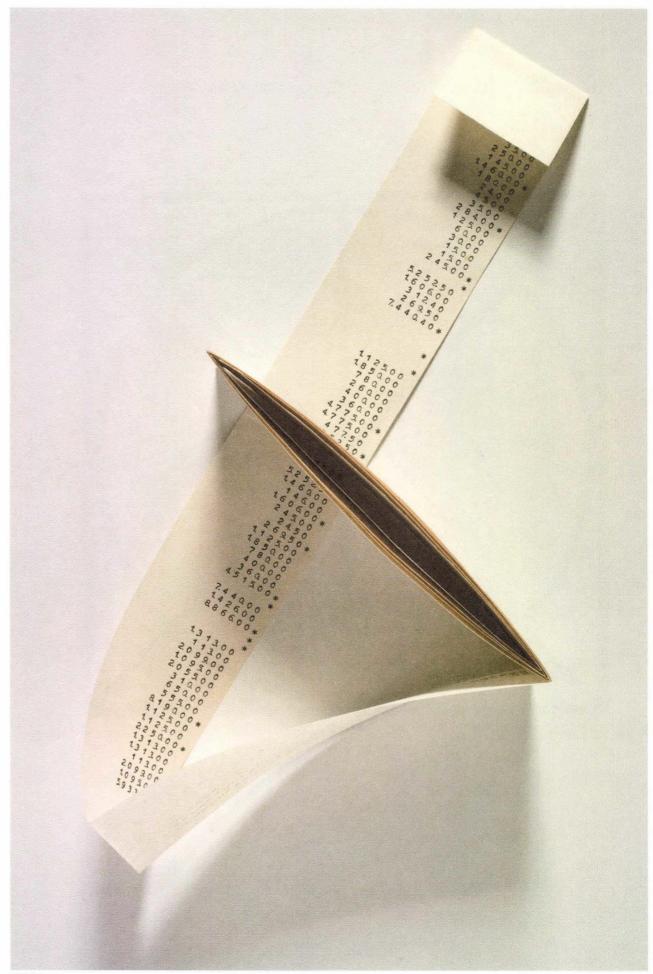
let piano movers carry piano into the stage Composition no.1 Composition no. 2 tune the piano Composition no.3 paint with orange paint patterns over plano Composition no.4 with a straight stick the length of a keyboard sound all keys together Composition no.5 place a dog or cat (or both) inside the piano and play Chopin stretch 3 highest strings with tuning key till they burst Composition no.6 Composition no.7 place one piano on top of another (one can be smaller) Composition no.8 place piano upside down and put a vase with flowers over the sound box Composition no.9 draw a picture of the piano so that the audience can see the picture Composition no.10 write piano composition no.10' and show to audience the sign wash the piano, wax and polish it well Composition no.11 let piano movers carry piano out of the stage Composition no.12

[138]

HOMAGE TO YOKO ONO \*, by George Maciunas, Jan.11,1962



<sup>\*</sup> the diagram says "YOKO ONO" in case you can not figure it out.





[156] Photograph © Oscar van Alphen

HOMAGE TO LA MONTE YOUNG, by George Maciunas, Jan. 12, 1962 (preferably to follow performance of any composition of 1961 by LMY.)

Erase, scrape or wash away as well as possible the previously drawn line or lines of La Monte Young or any other lines encountered, like street dividing lines, rulled paper or score lines, lines on sports fields, lines on gaming tables, lines drawn by children on sidewalks etc.

HOMAGE TO DICK HIGGINS, by George Maciunas, Jan.12,1962 (performance by Dick Higgins to last one year)

During the year of performance, do not create, compose anything but waltzes and marches for the policemens band.

HOMAGE TO RICHARD MAXFIELD, by George Maciunas, Jan. 12, 1962 (performance to follow performance of any tape composition of R.M.)

1. While rewinding the previously played master tape of R.Maxfield, switch on the tape recorder the "erase" switch.

2. A chicken variation on the same theme:

just rewind the previously played tape of R.Maxfield without erasing.

HOMAGE TO WALTER DE MARIA, by George Maciunas, Jan. 13, 1962

Bring all boxes of Walter de Maria, including the 4ft.x4ft. x 8ft. box to performance area by the most difficult route, like via crowded subway or bus, through skylight, window or fire estape; and then take them back same way as soon as they are brought in.

#### HOMAGE TO JACKSON MAC LOW, by George Maciunas, Jan. 14, 1962

Jackson Mac Low's composition: "Letters for Iris Numbers for silence" must be performed following his established instructions, except instead of pronouncing the letters the following sounds must be executed:

letter sounds to be executed shown draw air slowly draw air while upper teeth are over lower lip B draw air while lips are in whistling position DE sip any fluid

spore cough G lunger

clear throat tick in throat gargle any fluid

rinse mouth and drink spit lip-fart

NO lip smack move mouth in eating motion blow air through saliva at lips

sniff wet nose deeply and swallow R sniff wet nose

S blow wet nose draw air with wet hands clapped together rubb hands

clapp hands W slap exposed skin strike with fist any part of body

scratch head

scratch other part of body

HOMAGE TO PHILIP CORNER, by George Maciunas, Jan.14,1962
"Monochrome quartet for base trombone, base sordune, voice & muscles"

seconds					1018	7000	
lowest note on b.tromb.	2						
lowest note on b.sord.			77.		1		
lip fart							
mouth-hand fart *			1			S.W.	
hand fart (wet or dry)						17.7	
real fart					The state of		

\* hold hands against cheecks, fingers towards ears, leaving only small opening for lips, blow very hard, controlling vibration of one cheeck with the hand by pressing or releasing.

Superimpose the grid over any portion of any composition of any Avignon medieval composer and mark down notes into grid squares. Timing for each grid is free and depends on frequency of marks & virtuosity of all the performers.

This should really be sheet on from shreat large sheet.

SOCIAL PROJECT 2

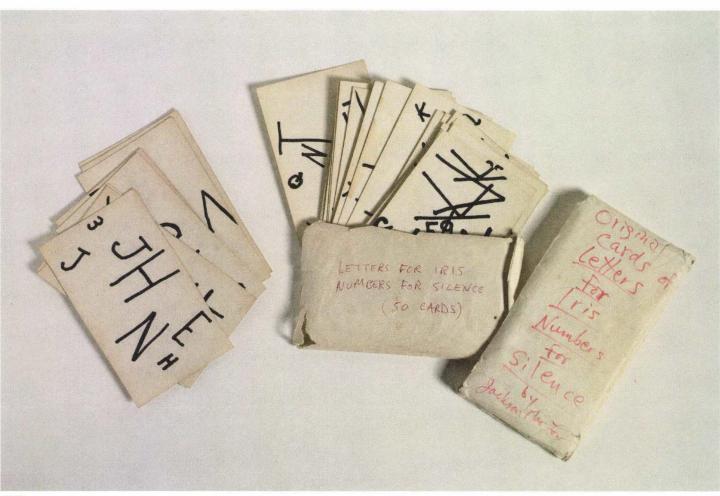
29 APRIL 1963

FIND A WAY TO END WAR

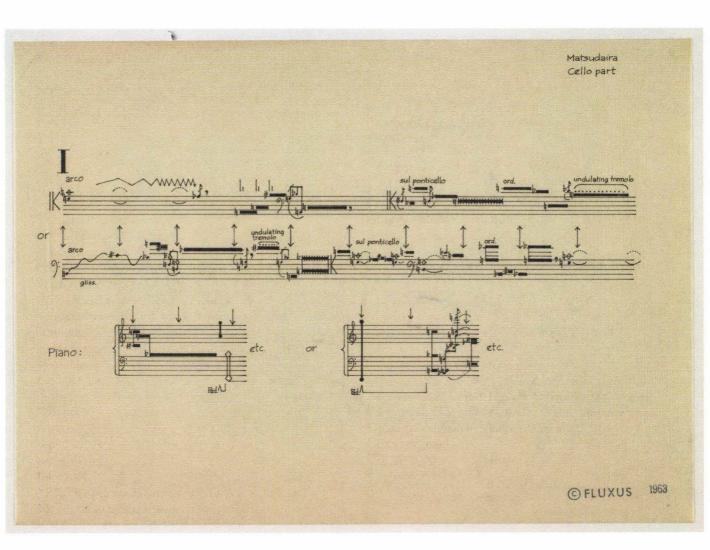
MAKE IT WORK

JACKSON MAC LOW

[169]



[163]



[171]

METALLIC STRUCTURES NO.3 for scrap metal and stereo tape. BY PIERRE MERCURE (1962)

### NOTES FOR PERFORMANCE

1. Performers;

anyone that can follow a time-clock, walk, hold various tools and throw objects.

2. Number of perf.

from one to ten, depending on the quantities and variety of

metal objects on stage

3. Metal objects:

any scap scrap metal that has pitch and resonmance, in as many different lengths and sizes as possible, and preferably suspended. (such as: tubes, pipes, radiators, barrels, conveyers with rollers, metal wire and fences,, ladders and circular stairways, plaques of metal with even or uneven surface, tire caps, large circular pipes in which objects can be hung, large sheets of tin, engines etc.etc...)

4. Tools:

- a) one time clock-visible to all performers and operators of magnetic tape and contact microphone controls.
- b) any metal object that can hit or scratch (such as: hammers,
- brushes, electric drills, percussion sticks etc...)
  c) as many as possible small metal objects that can be thrown (such as: rivets, nuts, screws, coins, medals, etc.)
- d) boxes to contain the small objects to be thrown.

5. Placement of objects & tools:

all must be placed within easy reach, but well separated, in order to necessitate movement from the performers.

6. Magnetic tape:

One stereo playback connected to at least two loudspeakers, preferably placed upstage left and right. Other loudspeakers are optional and may be placed anywhere in the hall. The tape must be played and stoped according to the time specified in the score. Levels should be normal and constant.

7. Contact microphones: as many as possible, attached to any of the suspended objects, connected to loudspeakers other than those used for the sounds on tape and using a different amplifier. The amplifier operator will use any part except Part I, and work the dynamic levels according to the design of the graphic score.

8. Scoring:

The graphic design of each of the ten parts is scaled according to three points of reference:

a) minimum activity: complete silence and immobility on stage, b) average activity: any sound possible, but in a medium dynamic range. Displacements in a calm tempo. Action as needed , but no more.

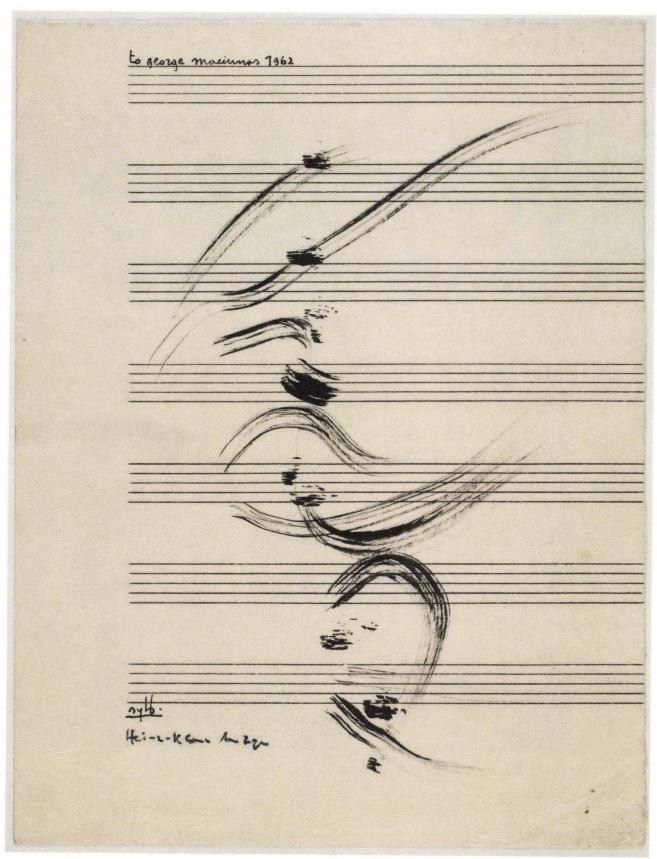
c) maximum activity: as much activity as possible, in movements, displacements and sound production. Great variety of dynamic range.

9. Performance:

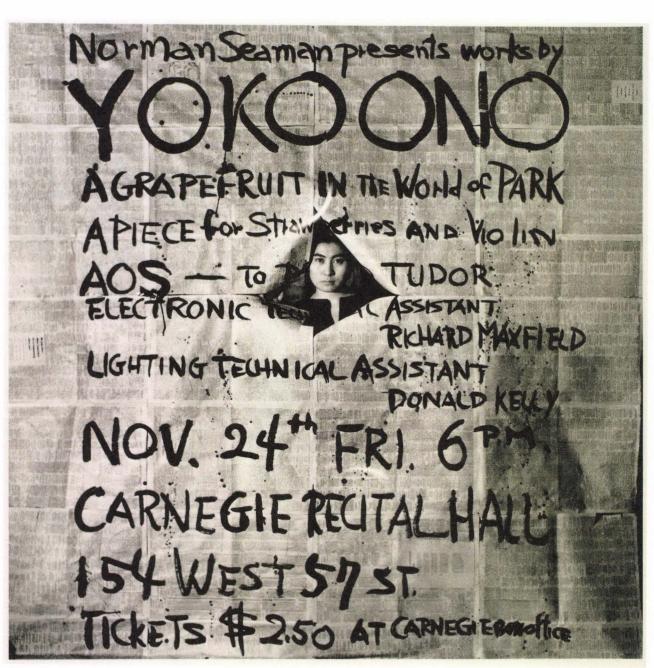
- a) in order to have both hands free, all performers must memorize the graphic parts and follow the time indications.
- b) to create movement in space, tools must allways be returned after each use to their original location.
- c) no rehearsal is necessary, provided the performers are acquainted with the placement and variety of tools at their disposal, and are aware during performance of the surrounding sounds (both live and taped).

d) rhythms produced individually and collectivelly must be as unperiodical as possible.

- e) depending to the number of performers, parts should be chosen from no. 1 on, (i.e. smallest numbers first)
- f) modes of attack and tone production should be as varied and unperiodical as possible.



[176]



[200] Photograph by George Maciunas

Piece for Nam June Park no. 1

Water

3. 27. 1964 Yoko

[201]



[183] Photograph by George Maciunas

きをみる。キャンバスに任意の時间にための絵

[184]

# TAKE OFF

[182]

9th day

#### KRXSSKRAN

shake with shake hands. Try as many persons as possible. Write down all the names you shook nands with. Try in elevator, subway, toilet, daydream, street, etc.

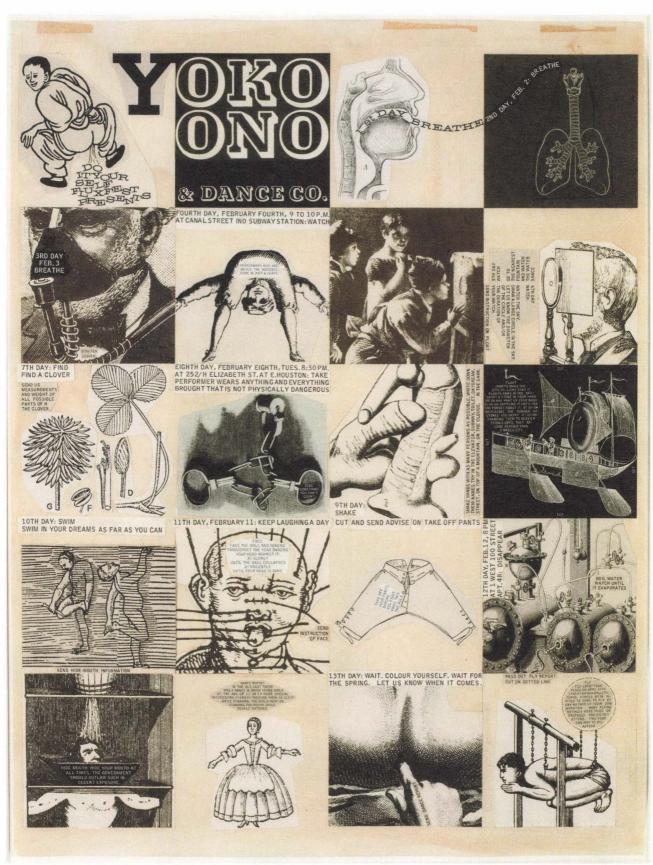
on top of a mountains on the clouds.

advise on TAKE OFF PANTS

TAKE OFF PANTS
take off your pants before you fight.
make this a rule.

Ono did not come. by any method invention. FLY ist. Fly meeting took place at Naiqua Gallery, Tokyo) on April 25th, 1964. People were asked to come prepared to fly / People who attended were Nam June Paik, Takehisa Kosugi, Hi Red Center, Tony Cox, Jeff Perkins, Sho Kazakura and a few others and the state of the second second and the second second the was going on Many people interesting methods to fly. Some asked others to help kimxfkxx them fly. Some complained later that Ono did not attend xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx the event after solitations are Find your own way to disappear. Basking people to come. report

[203B]



[204]

### Merry Christmas '66

Homage to the Vienna Institute of Direct Art

At 3 p.m., Christmas Day (December 25), Robin Page will lie on his back, naked, and receive the gifts sent to him.

## Please send something to dump on top of the Artist

Dependable assistants will stand over the Artist and open and deliver your gifts in the order they were received. (They will also carry out any specific instructions for delivery)

The Artist will, if possible, say "Thank You" after each delivery.

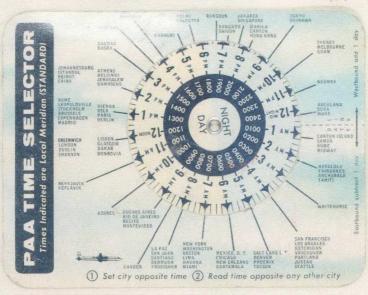
A signed photo of the completed work plus a documentation of gifts will be sent to each contributor.

Gifts marked "Merry Christmas — '66" with your name and address to:—

Robin Page,
Ridge House,
60 Ridge Road,
Leeds 7, Yorks.,
England.

## HALF-TIME ..

(NAM JUNE PAIK)



O Play the Tonika Accord of Comajor for ten minutes

Commencing exactly at 12 o'clock (noon) (Greenwich

mean time) on the Ist of July every year

thinking that (!),

some one in the world somewhere in the world plays

exactly same muce exactly at the same time.

東學 C 大調 生調告, 十分面, 每年一月一日中午十二時(偏敦)
標準時,

即,某人某处 於此世界之上

秦泉正雕的同時刻, 正確印同音曲也

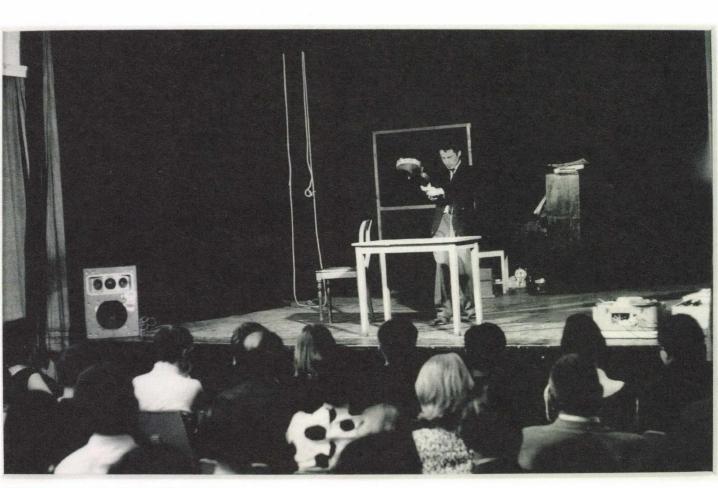
o Spielen Sie Tonika Akkand von CDUR für to minuten jedes jahr um 12 uhr Mittag Greenwich zeit,

spet genau gleichgeitig genau gleiche Musik Spielt.

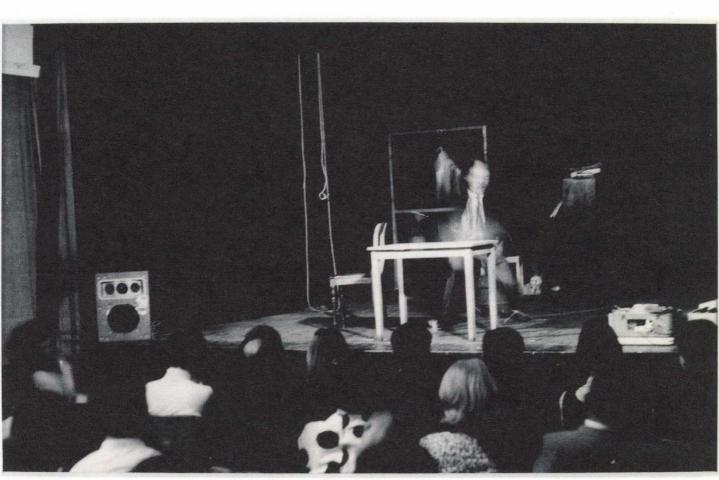
o Jourgez Tonique-accord de C-majeur pour 10 minutes, exactement

12 heure midi 1. Juillet (greenwich Time). Chaque année
en pencent que quelqu'uns à quelque part du monde
jouent exactement même musique à exactement
même temps.

[209]



[207] Photograph by George Maciunas



[208] Photograph by George Maciunas

#### Sonatine foe Radio

Radio M.C. read and broad cast following commands to radio lisrtner . (one instr ction each 10-20 seconds)

1) Put out the light of your room.

slap the left cheeck of your wife,. hear this radio very loudly hera this radio very softly

put on the the light of your room and wake up your chirderen. find a commercials just now on the air and dont buty this product foerver. puy on and off the radio 5 times.
turn the radio to DRadio Moscow, hear 5 minutes and come back to this

adio satatiob

Sing youer national Anthem very loudly ,,, weeping.
destroy this radio set and continue to hear with anx anoter set.

radio station transjmit following things,.

the red radio program of 1931 A D same date/ radio program of ;92; same date. racording of War news in 1941. Dec 7th pull.out a vacume tube fromthis rdradio set and put it backk

after one minute. saying Electronicxs ueber alles

thsi s radio satations transmit the call sign and cycle announcement of radio peiking, radio hanoi, radio cologne, radio congo, radio madagascar.

narrator say 5 times please, say 5 times : Fluxus for G O P

telephine to your telephone number.

cut of f three pieces of your armpit shairs and burn the first piece, tasye the second one, donnate the third t to Fluxus.

Go to the W C, splush the water theree times, aspitting fill a cup with the water from toilet basin and come again.

Hang your self jst for 30 seconds, or hang a doll, which youh had for long time.

breath for 53 seconds, read today's newspaper and find out.

3 errors, 5 mistakes 7 injustice, 12 mean9ngless things, 14 trvial things, 16 fakes, 21 banal things, and2 evils, 2 sins, committed by this paper in one day.

bow to this radio set, which is bringing my voice to you.

telephine immediately to your mayor. telephone to this radio statin saying thtat it was tethe sebest program you heard in your life.

Kiss your left neighbourre, kick your right neighbour and change the

your right sock to your left sock.

Platthe stahn stayour room.





[229] Photograph by Rolf Jährling

" Paper Piece" tor 1 To 5 performers

Instruments: 15 sheets of paper per performer approx. size of double-page newspaper; quality varied - newspaper, Tissue paper, cardboard, colored, printed or plain

3 paper bags per performes; size shape, quality varied

Duration: Between 12.5 minutes and 10 minutes.

Troceduse: a signal from a chairman will begin the piece; within The tollowing 30 seconds each pestosmes enters at will. The piece endo when The paper supply is exhausted.

7. sheets will be performed

"Break" - The edges of The sheet are grasped and sharpy jusked

"Tean" - each sheet should be reduced to particles less Than 45

The size of The whole sheet approx I minte per sheet.

5- sheets will be performed

"cumple"

"Bumple" - The paper is bumped Together between The hands 3- sheet will be performed Toppour. 30 seconds yes sheet. "Kumple"

"Senub

"Twist" - The paper is Twisted Tighty until a squeating sound is produced. Afterex. 30 seconds were sheet

[217A]

(Papes Piece)

3-Bass will be performed

"Port" - intlate with mouth
"Pop!"

Dynamics should be improvised within The natural bonders of The approx. ppp of the "twist" and The 44 of The "Pop!"

Each performer will have previously selected and arranged his own materials and sequence of events. Forwargement of the sequence of events may concern not only the general ondes - No. / Shake "Break," Teas", No. 2 "Poof," "Pop" - The inner order may also be considered - "teas", shake "Break", IT is advisable to mark the method of performance on each sheet.

Benjam Jutterson

#### VARIATIONS FOR DOUBLE-BASS benjamin patterson

pitches, dynamics, durations and number of sounds to be produced in any one variation in this composition are not notated. (in the first performance by the composer a graphic score derived from ink blots was used as a guide; however, there are many other satisfacory solutions.)

I.

unfold world map on floor. circle with pen, pencil, etc. city in which performance is being given. locate end pin of bass in circle.

II.

using four different toy whistles, animal or bird imitators or calls. etc. tune strings of bass as well as possible.

III.

produce a number of arco, quasi-webern sounds.

IV.

place a number of wooden and plastic spring-type clothespins on strings several inches above bridge in such a manner that they rattle and/or produce odd tones. arco; tremelo, trills and/or long tenes.

V.

weave strips of gold-face paper through strings in space between bridge and fingerboard. fasten four colorful plastic butterflies to strings over gold paper. performing normal, "bartok" and/or "fingernail" pizzicati, catapult butterflies from strings.

VI.

fasten clamps ("C" claps, woodworking, etc. of various sizes) over playing area on each of the four strings. flip clamps with fingers in such a manner that they rebound between adjacent strings.

VII.

place small objects of metal (paper clips, hair pins, etc.) on each string in various positions above bridge. perform double-stops, arco and/or pizzicato.

#### VIII.

holding bass by fingerboard upside-down, balance on scroll.

- 1. rub object of rubber (suede-leather brush, etc.) over strings
- 2. rub, crumbling to small pieces, large piece of cellotex over strings
- 3. roll narrow wheeled furniture caster slowly down from endpin over tailpiece, bridge, G string and into pegbox (caster may squeak)

IX.

holding bass right-side-up perform long tones and double stops with two bows (right and left hand)

X.

perform pianissimo, medium and short tones arco with mute

XI.

agitate strings with following materials

- 1. comb (as with hair; may employ mirror)
- 2. corrugated cardboard

[224B]

- 3. newspaper holder (wooden sticks as used in libraries) filled with tissue paper, newspaper, cellophane, toilet paper, tinfoil, etc.
- 4. feather duster (red)

  (should bridge be misaligned by vigorous agitation of 3.,
  reposition with hammer before feather dusting 4.)

XII.

(optional)

lay bass on side. slap and knock with flat and knuckles of hands

place bass on stand, in a corner, or on a chair

- 1. fan with japanese or spanish hand fan and blow with mouth over strings
- 2. place inside bass one end of flexible tube to which is attached a ballon. (f-hole) fasten pump or mouth to other end and inflate ballon. detatch pump, attach whistle and allow ballon to deflate blowing whistle.

XIV.

(may overlap above)

pull "chain" (previously prepared) of various threads, cords, strings, ropes, shoelaces, plastic, insulated electric wiring, and/or old rags out of bass through f-hole. "chain"may be replaced again inside through opposite f-hole.

XV.

peg-box previously prepared with a) filling of small pieces of wire, colored paper, plastic, metal or b) eatibles and covered with unobtrusive black paper.

1. open hole in paper cover with corkscrew, drill, knife,

[224C]

saw, and/or scissors.

- 2. clean out foreign material with dining fork (eat)
- 3. choose texts or pictures from newspaper, magazine, etc. crumple and place in peg-box.
- 4. replace paper cover and tape closed.

#### XVI.

pull silk stocking over scroll and fasten with garter around neck above saddle. set on chair, peg-box (toe) down and place rose between strings under bridge.

#### XVII.

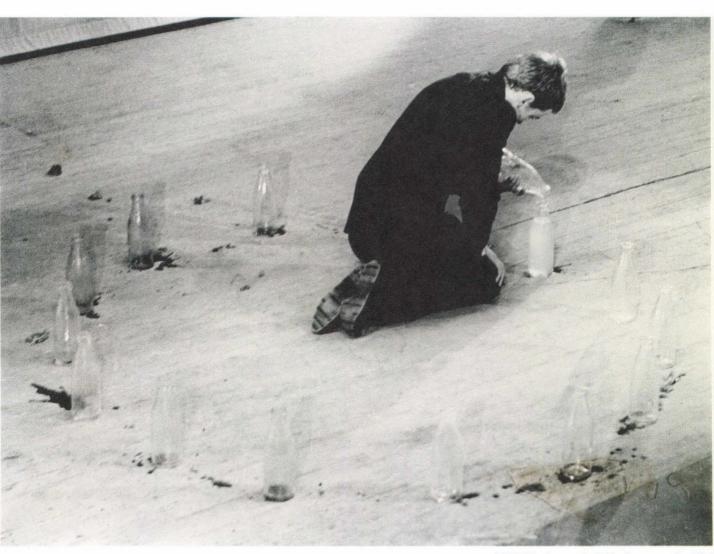
address, write message (reading aloud) and stamp picture postcard. post in f-hole.

cologne, 1961 revised pittsburgh, 1962 Zyklus for water-pails

The interpreter stands in a circle of 10 to 30 water-pails (made from as many different materials as possible). One of them is filled with water, the others are empty. The interpreter seizes the filled one and empties it into the next one (to the right). Then he puts the first one to its place, seizes the (now filled) second pail and empties it into the next one etc.
..... until all the water is evaporatet or spilt.

Tomas Schmit 1962

[242]



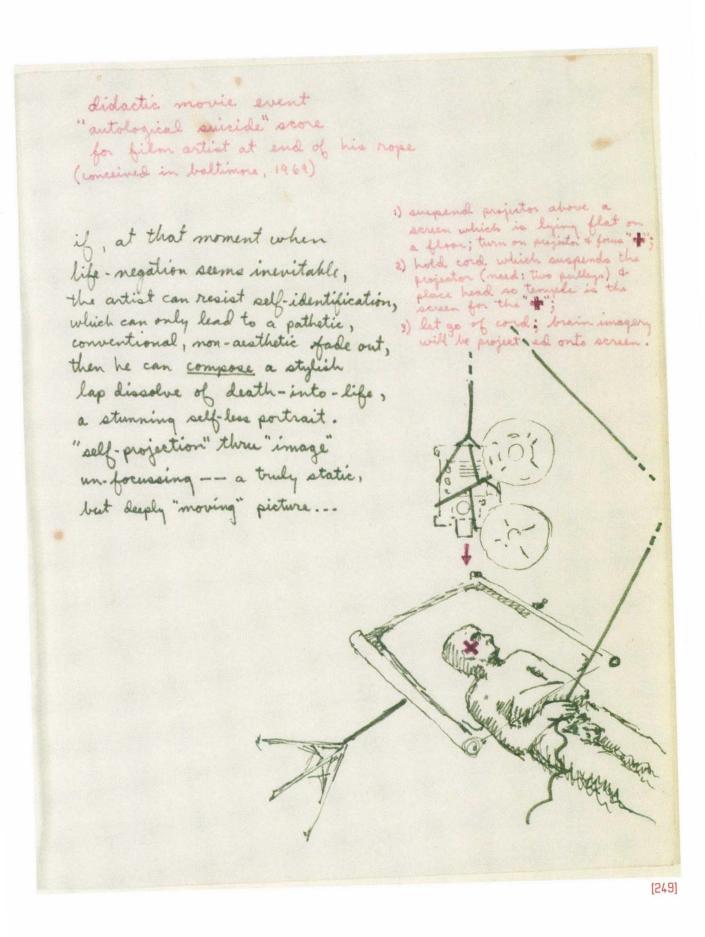
[243] Photograph © Dorine van der Klei

#### EAR PIECE

THE PERFORMER TAKES ANY OBJECT(S) SUCH AS A PIECE OF PAPER CARDBOARD PLASTIC ETC AND PLACES IT ON HIS EAR(S) HE THEN PRODUCES THE SOUND BY RUBBING SCRATCHING TAPPING OR TEAR—ING IT OR SIMPLY DRAGGING IT ACROSS HIS EAR HE ALSO MAY JUST HOLD IT THERE IT MAY BE PLAYED INCOUNTERPOINT WITH ANY OTHER PIECE OR SOUND SOURCE IF THE PERFORMER WEARS A HEARING AID IT WOULD BE BEST TO MAKE THE SCUNDS CLOSE TO THE MICROPHONE (OF THE HEARING AID ) THE DURATION OF THE PERFORMANCE IS UP TO THE PERFORMER CHILDREN PERFORMING EARPIECE SHOULD BE WARNED NOT TO STICK THEIR FINGERS TOO FAR INTO THEIR EARS AS THEY MAY SERIOUSLY DAMAGE THE INNER EAR

Terry Riley

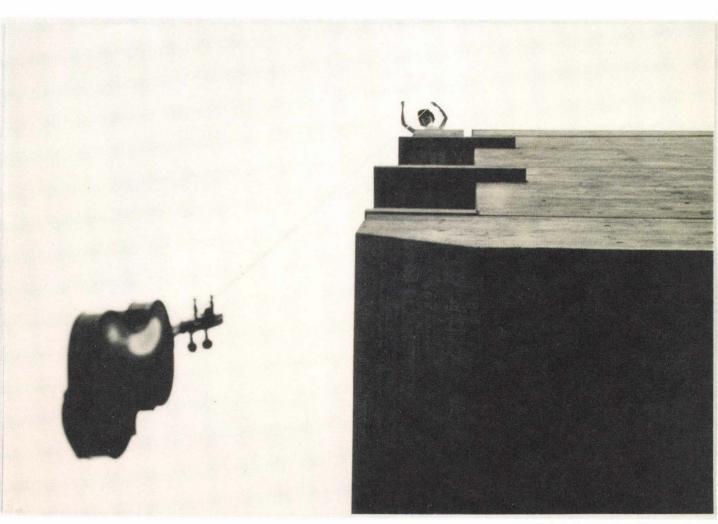
[240]



< event for the late afternoon >

Hang down a violin with a long rope till nearly the ground from the roof of a building.

[252]



[253] Photograph © Minoru Hirata

< shadow music >

Make shadows — still or moving — of your body or something on the road, wall, floor, or anything else.

Catch the shadows by some means.

C. Shiomi 1963

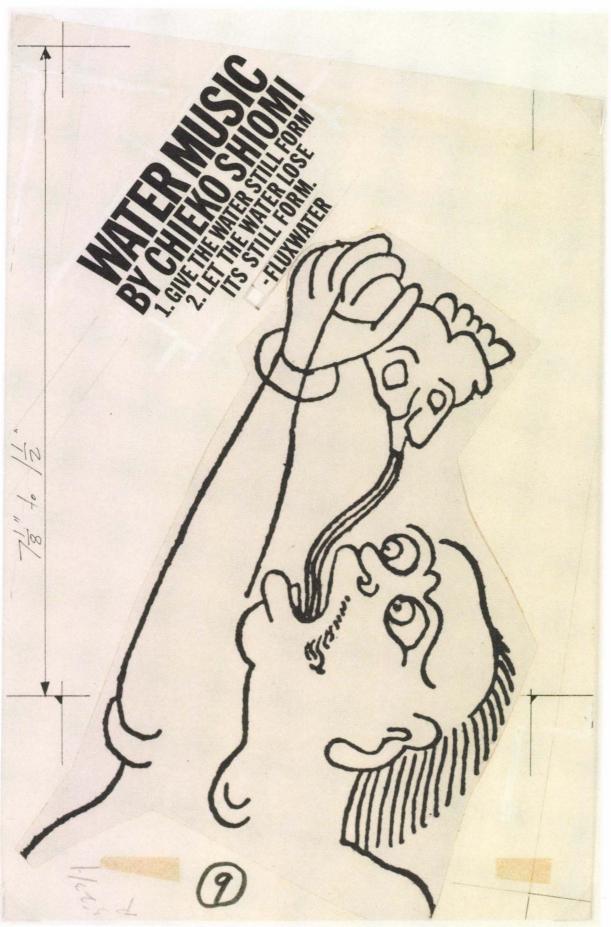
[258]

### < falling event >

- I Let something fall from a high place.
- I Let yourself fall from a high place using an elevator, parachute, rope, or anything else, or using nothing.

C. Shiomi 1963

[260]



[263]



[268] Photograph by Bruce Fleming

YASUNAO TONE

MUSIC FOR SEVERAL COMPOSERS.

WRITE a piece under my name.

1964. 1.

SOLO FOR SEVERAL COMPOSERS.

Perform simultaneously several composers' works.

1963, 10.

MUSIC FOR EVERY TABLAUX.

Cover the surface of tablaux (one or more), with a sheet of white paper. Performer(s) (one or more), may take any instrument, tear white paper once, but area of what one tears must not amount to the area of the instrument's surface.

Performance continues until the sheets are torn up.

1962. 1

MUSIC FOR FOOTPEDDAL ORGAN

1962. 8

Place the graph on the surface of the glass of a clock which has the second-hand.
This will become the score for the following instructions.
The position of the second-hand at the time of the beginning of the performance will be the first sound.
The length between the surface (a) and the core (B) will be the duration of the sound. Make toneclusters using the whole key of the organ or using group of sounds that you can press with two hands.
The position of the second-hand at the time of the ending of the first sound will be the second sound -and so on.

Notations for the footpeddal
press as much as possible
press with one foot
use the wind remaining from the last note.
press convulsively
regular pressing

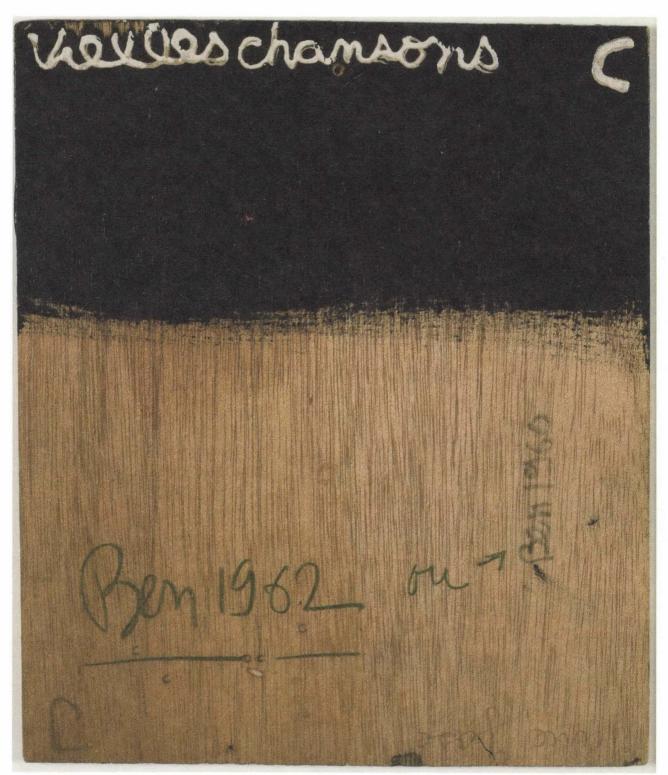
- see attached diagram for this prece

[271A]

210 415 2 40" 450 1'10 Schlagzeuger geht mit Partitur zum Pionisten sie bespreihen einige Stellen - Geht zurück übt eine oder zwei stellen, einmen Partitur bei hier oder zwei stellen, einmen Parthurbiell nahe en die Augellegtes zurück problett nach einmal, wortet auf Magnetsphonstart. Reagiert überhaupt nicht auf Einwurf des Regisseurs. Beginn der "Kontakte" bis 2'10 Musiker Pianist / 45-h/agz 4494 - Lautsprecher.
Die beiden Musiker im Frack haben schon einig brechen ab, Musiker hören mit Partitur die soeben ger bereiten sich in bequemer Zeit ihre Vorbereitungen bei den Instrumenter gen Aufnahme, bitten eventuell den Regisseur und ab und zu den Tontechniker, Beleventer, Regisserrangeschaut. Der Pionist om Tamtom richtet sich nach dem Beginn des Tontechnikers. Stellung zum um mehr Ruhe, wenn sie sich gestört Abhören vor Pianist geht zum Tamtam. fühlen. levil, rauchen Tonteethniker hat vor Beginn ein Mikrophon Tontechniker Tontechniker verändert Mikro. und ein Magnetophor zur Aufnahme forbereitet und ausprobiert. Kurz vor Beginn startet er olas stoppt beide phon-stelling bereitet die Maschinen spult mit Ton zweite Aufnahme vor. Magnetophon zur Aufnahme. startet Tonband . Wiedergabe zurück und Bei Beginn startet er ein zweites Magnetophon Startet Aufnahme mit dem Tonband des elektronischen Teils der Kontakte. Während der Aufnahme kontrolliert Magnetophon. er Pegel, mitlaufende grosse Abfnahmeuhr (die er sichtbar ebenfalls gestartet hat), macht sich eventuell Notizen; liest Partitur mit. Beleuchter und Kameramann haben seit Eintreten Beleuchter fixiert jetzt der ersten Zuhörez afle verfügbaren Lampen die Scheinwerfer auf die Fortsetzung ihrer Arbeit mit Scheinwerfern, Kamera, Kabeln, Monitor ausprobiert, klettern auf Leitern herum zu den Musiker, richtet Fernseh-Scheinwerfern (Fordsehscheinwerfer und Kamera mit allem Zubehör gemütlich aus: probieren). Bei Beginn der Musik fahren sie ungeniert fort mit ihren Arbeiten kamera ouf das Tamtam wo der Pianist beginnen wird. Kamera läuft. Zuschauer sehen Monitor Sie beachten die Musiker nicht. Regisseur beobæktet Musiker. Wenn Schlogzeuger zu seinem Matz zurück gekehrf ist und übhsteigt er vom Hachsitz und sagt. Regisseut ist 10-5 Minuten vor Beginn der Musik in den Saal gekommen, spricht mit "Verzeihen Sie bilte, Herr Coskel, Beleuchter und Kameramann und klettert auf seinen Gibt weifer Aweisunungen an Beleuchter und Kameraman genen (macht Schritte vor) ohne eine Reaktion abzuwar Hochsitz, beobachtet die beiden und ruft ihnen ab und/ zu Anweisung für die Position von Scheinferfern und Kamera zu oder - und -Paik steigt er auf den Hochsitz und gibt start für Kamera. Stellt große Sanduhr allen sicht zeigf mit den Armen, was er will. Während dit Musiker spielen gibt er ungeniert weitere bar an. Sie läuft 4 Paik stößt Kurzen Scho Anweisungen und Zeichen (immer ruhig und nicht zu oft).

-1-

[269]



[276]

# PARTIE DU BEN 80 1960

[275]

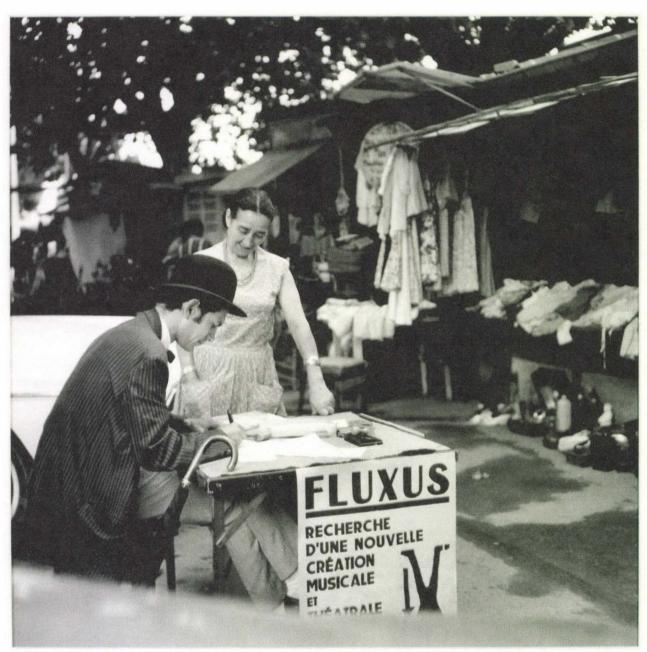
#### Prano Piece No 17

then start running as fastas
Possible away from the Prano
At the same time three performers
in the audience get up and run after
you they must catch you and drag
you lack to the Prano
When at last they have succeeded to
get you seated in front of the prano
the lights go out

(executed in Rotterdam 196#)

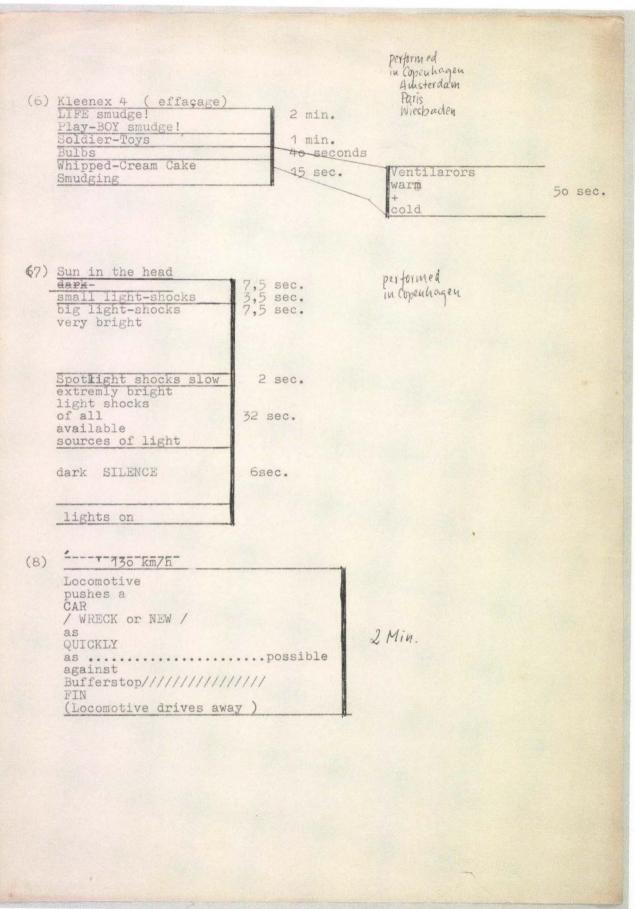
1963

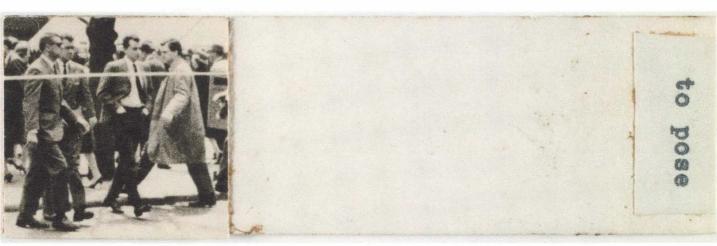
[282]



[284] Photograph by George Maciunas

ARTEINTENTION + PRETENTION - OR DOUBT -	com a comment	TODAY THE 1964	ALL I DO IS COPY. PSIDERS
CAN DE SIGNING OR NO		IT. BEWCERTIFX.	MARCEL DUCHAMP . AND
SPONING - CAN BE	13FN=600	AUTHEN TICWORK OF ART	DADA .
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OR AWYTHING - THOUGHT.			TRUTH
OR DESTRUCTION. THE RI	STTOO	NE. I DON'T SIGN	REG
TOTAL ART HATCH BOX	T - 1	KREEN	CHANGE THE
USE THESE MATCHS TO DESTROY ALL ART. SET FIRE TO HUSEUMS - MANUTCRITS POPART - READY MADES AND AS I BEN SIGNED EVERYTHING	DO NOT SIGN.	POLITICS	NOTION OF ART KEEL ART. SEE BEN
NORMOFART BURN ANYTHING KEEP LAST MATCH FOR 7145 - BEN-	ANY MORE BEN 1961	ART	EVERYWHERE
TOTALART POETRY	TOTAL ART THEATERE		TOTAL ART SCULPTURE
JUST SAY AVYTHING	JUST COOK AFME	ART = BEN	PICK UP ANYTHING AT YOUR FEET
SINCE		TOTAL ART	T 19
SIGNED EVERYTHING ART IS USELESS SO DESTROX ART	SIGNED FLYNT SO FLYNT IS SERIOUS ART PLEASE DESTROY FLYNT	DUNT THINK I AM SURE OF ANTHING I DOUBT EVERYTHING	I B DID IT IN 1949 BEN
COLLECTIF AND ANONYMOUS ART IS IMPOSSIBLE TO EWHO PRECONISE IT ARE HYPOCRITES	DULY I BEN DO REAL ANONYHOUS ART	THE ONLY ABSOLUTE ART PIECE THAT LASTS FOREVER IS DEATH.  KILL YOURSELF -BEN	HAUE X SIGNED EVERYTHING IN 1958
WHENEVER YOU SEE ART THINK OF BEN TURN YOUR HEAD AND WALK AWAY	THATS WHY I SIGN COPYING BEN.	ART IS A QUESTION OF CREATION CREATION IS A QUESTION OF PRETENTION I SIGN PRETENTION THATS WAY I AM ART	DONT STOP KEEP ON PLAYING THATS BY PIECE NUMBER N.34
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OF ALL ART X I ART TOO PLEASE TEAR	OF ART IS . Y "I DID IT I DISCARD THE IT	BOWN	
THIS UP . BEN	I VASTEUC DUA	YOUR BACK	Ben viegned desagn for flying Co

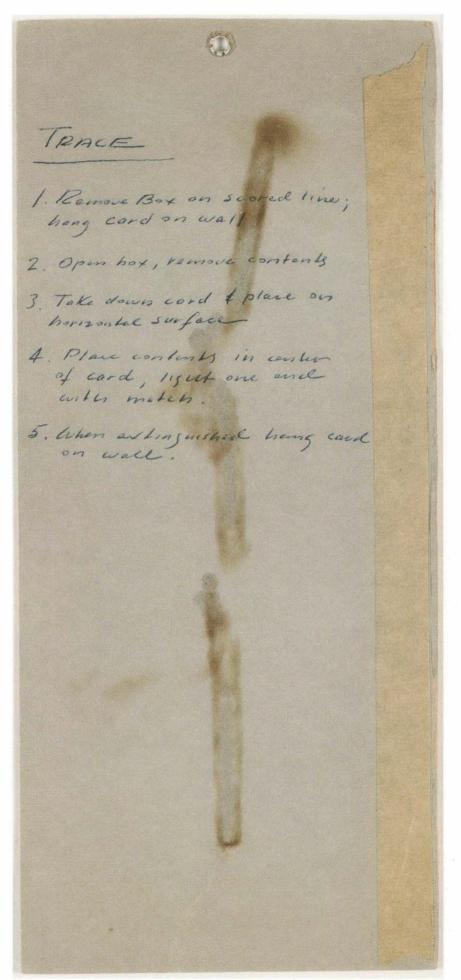




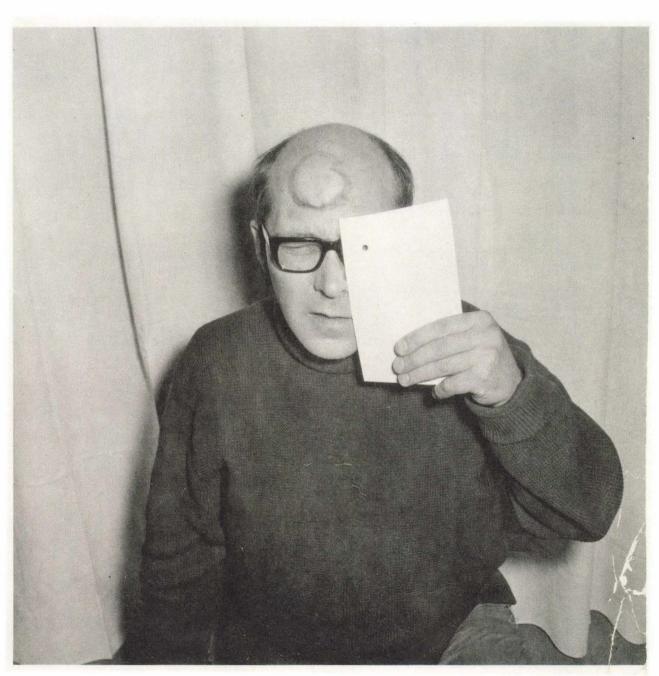
[305]



[312] Photograph © Dorine van der Klei



selent dog whistle blado polly find whistle eye juston welly chains -(planach's serpents) absorberd quinze hanselor pully hairbuch corle to burn color paper each to boams of head Colle checolates: nermal (Foliate) ? Notel cond " calch ( london bridge) handout c ergon mishe ? oracle true ? and to threw out (sam's thing?) Cigarette : smuhe tode anne Jull



[323] Photographer not identified

Einladung für Gerdur Paris Edel Kleinen Sommerfest Rauer-Sirrenberg Wuppertal Boehm zur Eröffnung Schmitz Grzimek Ausstellung Berlin Englert Le Blanc Antwerpen "Après John Cage"/ George Magiunas (U.S.A.) Benjamin Patterson (U.S.A. - Paris) Schlieker Bochum 1. Einführung: Neo - dada in New York Maciunas Hanebeck Remscheid 3. Variation für Kontrabaß Hulbeck New York 3. Duo Patterson v. Rothkirch Lohr / M. 4. Lippen-Musik Homage to Adriano Olive Bartels Düsseldorf Rothe Sonnabend, den 9. Juni 1962 Fausto Go Neapel ab 20.30 Uhr Um Anmeldung wird höflich gebeten Galerie Parnass · Wuppertal-E · Moltkestrasse 67 Tel. 35241 6. Ear Music - Terry Riley Higgins. won as 30 has In Koupon. 100 thespill 100 July Düsseldorf Hein Wendel Quartet 5.174 Kammers piel 16/6 Samstry grno gawlik Wite Roy Luz l'essuer Bass Dieter Routerin: Styleny ESSEN. Basil Hammovi Porgo Tirinel Wiesbaden. from U.S.A, Japan, Euro Sept. 1 to 23 Hurus > aufdacken Strich

	SAMSTAG 1. SEPT. 1962 14:30 UHR	KONZERT NR.1, KLAVIER KOMPOSITIONEN - U.S.A., K.E.WELIN UND F.RZEWSKI - PIANISTEN. JOHN CAGE: 31'57.9864"/PHILIP CORNER: KLAVIER TATIGKEITEN (FÜR EIN KLAVIER UND VIELE SPIELER) & FLUX & FORM NR. 7 & 14 / TERRY RILEY: KONZERT FÜR 2 PIANISTEN UND TONBAND / T.JENNINGS: KLAVIER STÜCKE, JED CURTIS: KLAVIER STÜCK / GRIFITH ROSE: 2. ENNEAD / DICK HIGGINS: CONSTELLATION NR.1(FÜR2 KLAVIERE UND 3 RADIOS) / LA MONTE YOUNG: "566" FÜR HENRY FLYNT & KLAVIER STÜCKE FÜR DAVID TUDOR NR.2 / GEORGE BRECHT: FÜNF KLAVIER STÜCKE 1961 UND DREI KLAVIER STÜCKE 1962	
	SEPT.	KONZERT NR.2 KLAVIER KOMPOSITIONEN - JAPAN, K.E.WELIN - PIANIST. TOSHI ICHIYANAGI: MUSIK FÜR KLAVIER NR.1 BIS NR.7 / YORIAKI MATSUDAIRA: INSTRUKTIONEN FÜR KLAVIER / SHINICHI MATSUSHITA: MOSAIKEN / YOKO ONO: EIN STÜCK UM DEN HIMMEL ZU SEHEN / KEIJIRO SATO: CALIGRAPHY / YUJI TAKAHASHI: EKSTASIS / TORU TAKEMITSU: KLAVIER ENTFERNUNG UND ÜBERGANG / YASUNAO TONE: KLAVIER TON MIT TONBAND / GEORGE YNASA: PROJECTION ESEMPLASTIC I, II UND III	
THE REAL PROPERTY AND PERSONS ASSESSED.	SONNTAG 2. SEPT. 14:30 UHR	KONZERT NR.3, KLAVIER KOMPOSITIONEN – EUROPA, K.E.WELIN – PIANIST. K.H.STOCKHAUSEN: KLAVIERSTÜCK IV / G.LIGETI: TROIS BAGATELLES / G.M.KOENIG: 2 KLAVIER STÜCKE / KONRAD BOEHMER: KLANGSTÜCK & POTENTIAL / JAN MORTHENSON: COURANTE / LARS J.WERLE: GRILLER FÜR PIANIST / MICHAEL VON BIEL: EIN BUCH FÜR DREI / DIETER SCHNEBEL: REACTIONS (KONZERT FÜR EINEN INSTRUMENTALISTEN & PUBLIKUM) & VISIBLE MUSIK FÜR 1 DIRIGENTEN UND 1 INSTRUMENTALISTEN.	
THE RESIDENCE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IN COLUMN TW		KONZERT NR.4, KLAVIER KOMPOSITIONEN - EUROPA, F.RZEWSKI - PIANIST. JACQUES CALONNE: QUADRANGLES SUIVIS DE FENETRES ET BOUCLES / PAOLO EMILIO CARAPEZZA: 90 CIELO / GIUSEPPE CHIARI: GESTI SUL PIANO / SYLVANO BUSSOTTI: POUR CLAVIER, 5 KLAVIER STÜCKE FÜR DAVID TUDOR & PER TRE (FÜR EIN KLAVIER UND 3 PIANISTEN)/FREDERIC RZEWSKI STUDIEN & TRÄUME / LUCIER: ACTION MUSIC FOR PIANO BOOK I / MACCHI: TITONE / MARCHETTI MUSIK	
STREET, SQUARE, SALES	8. SEPT.	KONZERT NR.5, KOMPOSITIONEN FÜR ANDERE INSTRUMENTE UND STIMMEN – U.S.A., GEORGE BRECHT: KARTENSTÜCK FÜR STIMMEN / JOHN CAGE: SOLO FÜR STIMME (2) 1960 / PHILIP CORNER: PASSIONATE EXPANSE OF THE LAW / DICK HIGGINS: CONSTELLATION NR.4 & NR.7 / TERRY JENNINGS: STREICHQUARTETT / PHILIP KRUMM: MUSTER (FÜR STREICHQUARTETT) / JACKSON MAC LOW: BUCHSTABEN FÜR IRIS NUMMERN FÜR DIE STILLE UND DANKE – EINE ZUSAMMENARBEIT FÜR LEUTE / TERRY RILEY: UMSCHLAG 1960 (FÜR STREICHQUARTETT) / EMMETT WILLIAMS: EIN ZWEIFELHAFTES LIED IN VIER RICHTUNGEN FÜR 5 STIMMEN / GEORGE BRECHT: STREICHQUARTETT / LA MONTE YOUNG: KOMPOSITION 1960 NR.7 (FÜR STREICHQUARTETT)	
CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON	SONNTAG 9. SEPT. 14:30 UHR	KONZERT NR.6, KOMPOSITIONEN FÜR ANDERE INSTRUMENTE UND STIMMEN - JAPAN, TOSHI ICHIYANAGI: STANZEN & PILE / KENJIRO EZAKI: BEWEGLICHE PULSE & DISCRETION / YORITSUNE MATSUDAIRA: EIN STÜCK FÜR SOLO FLÖTE / YASUNAO TONE: ANAGRAMM FÜR STREICHE / YOKO ONO: DER PULS /	O STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN
THE RESERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN	SONNTAG 9. SEPT. 20:00 UHR	KONZERT NR.7, KOMPOSITIONEN FÜR ANDERE INSTRUMENTE UND STIMMEN - EUROPA, MICHAEL VON BIEL: STREICH MUSIK / GEORGE MACIUNAS: SOLO FÜR STIMME UND MIKROPHON / GRIFITH ROSE: STREICHQUARTETT /> FREDERIC RZEWSKI: SOLILOQUY (FÜR VIOLINE) UND THREE RHAPSODIES FOR SLIDE WHISTLES / BENJAMIN PATTERSON: VARIATIONEN FÜR KONTRABASS /	The second second
	FREITAG 14. SEPT. 20:00 UHR	KONZERT NR.8, KONKRETE MUSIK & HAPPENINGS - U.S.A., JOSEPH BYRD: ZWEI STÜCKE FÜR RICHARD MAXFÏELD, 1960 / JOHN CAGE: VARIATIONS / GEORGE BRECHT: KARTENSTÜCK FÜR OBJEKTE, TRÖPFELNDE MUSIK ,KERZEN STÜCK FÜR RA10S & SOLO FÜR EINEN BLÄSER / JED CURTIS: GAVOTTE, ALLEMAND, UND GIGUE / DICK HIGGINS: GEFÄHRLICHE MUSIK NR. 2 UND GRAPHIS 82 / JACKSON MAC LOW: EIN STÜCK FÜR SARI DIENES / TERRY RILEY: OHR STÜCK (FÜR PUBLIKUM) /	
The second second second		KONZERT NR.9, KONKRETE MUSIK & HAPPENINGS - JAPAN, TOSHI ICHIYANAGI: MUSIK FÜR ELEKRISCHE METRONOM & IBM MUSIK / K. AKIYAMA: EINE GEHEIM METHODE / TAKENHISA KOSUGI: MICRO I & MANODHARMA I / YOKO ONO: ZWEI STÜCKE / YASUNAO TONE: TAGE, NUMMER & UNTERREDUNG / GEORGE YNASA: MUSIQUE CONCRETE UND AOINOUE /	The second secon
Street or other Designation of the last	SONNTAG 16. SEPT. 20:00 UHR	KONZERT NR.10, KONKRETE MUSIK & HAPPENINGS - INTERNATIONAL, NAM JUNE PAIK: SIMPLE / PIERRE MERCURE: STRUCTURES METALLIQUES NR.3 / NAM JUNE PAIK: HOMMÂGE À JOHN CAGE / ETUDE FOR PIANOFORTE UND SONATA QUAZI UNA FANTASIA / DIETER SCHNEBEL:SICHTBARE MUSIK FÜR EINEN DIRIGENTEN / MACIUNAS: IN MEMORIAM FÜR ADRIANO OLIVETTI / BENJAMIN PATTERSON: SEPTET AUS "LEMONS" UND OVERTURE (2. DARSTELLUNG) / GEORGE BRECHT: WORD EVENT	The second name of the second na
STATE OF THE PERSON	NAME AND ADDRESS OF TAXABLE PARTY.	KONZERT NR.11, TONBAND MUSIK UND FILME - U.S.A., JOHN CAGE: FONTANA MIX, MUSIC FOR THE MARRYING MAIDEN / LA MONTE YOUNG: ZWEI TÖNE / STAN VANDERBEEK: FILMEN / DICK HIGGINS: REQUIEM FOR WAGNER THE CRIMINAL MAYOR	
Name and Address of	22, SEPT. 20:00 UHR	KONZERT NR.12, TONBAND MUSIK - U.S.A., RICHARD MAXFIELD: HUFTEN MUSIK / RADIO MUSIK / DAMPF / PASTORAL SYMPHONY / PERSPECTIVES / NACHT MUSIK	-
THE RESIDENCE AND PERSONS NAMED IN	SONNTAG 23. SEPT. 14:30 UHR	KONZERT NR.13, TONBAND MUSIK UND FILME -JAPAN, KANADA. TOSHI ICHIYANAĞI: KAIKI / NOBUTAKA MIZUNO: TONBAND STÜCK / TORU TAKEMITSU: VOCALISM A-I & WĄSSER MUSIK / YASUNAO TONE: COSTUME UND WARANIN / GEORGE YNASA: AOI-NO-UE /TESHIGAHARA: FILM / YOJI KURI: HUMAN ZOO / OSHIMA: FILM / HANI: FILM / ISTVAN ANHALT: COMPOSITION NR.4 / CIONI CARPI & L. PORTUGAIS: POINT ET CONTREPOINT (FILM) / MAURICE BLACKBURN: JE (FILM) /	The second secon
S. N. M. Cont. of Street, Spinster, or other P. Co., Spinster, or other P.	SONNTAG 23. SEPT. 20:00 UHR	KONZERT NR.14, TONBAND MÜSIK - FRANKREICH, "LES PREMIERES DECOUVERTES.": P. SCHAEFFER: ETUDE AUX CASSEROL P.HENRY: MUSIQUE SANS TITRE / P.ARTHUYS: NATURE MORTE À LA GUITARE / A. HODEIR: JAZZ ET JAZZ / "RECHERCHES RECENTES.": L.FERRARI: ETUDE AUX ACCIDENTS & TÊTE ET QUEUE DU DRAGON / F.B. MACHE: PRÉLUDE / E. CANTON: ETUDE / J. HIDALGO: ETUDE / B. PARMEGIANI: ETUDE / F. BAYLE: TREMPLINS & LIGNES ET POINTS / M. PHILIPPOT: AMBIANCE II / P. CARSON: ETUDE / P. SCHAEFFER: SIMULTANÉ CAMEROUNAIS /	The same of the sa
ĺ	CINTOITTE	FÜR FRES KONZERT	

EINTRITTSKARTEN SIND AM EINGANG ZU ERHALTEN ODER DURCH: VORVERKAUF AM HAUPTBAHNHOF, WIESBADEN EINTRITTS- FÜR JEDES KONZERT KARTEN FÜR EIN ABONNEMENT(14 KONZERTE) FÜR STUDENTEN DM 3 DM 20 DM 1.50 FLUXUS \* EINE INTERNATIONALE ZEITSCHRIET NEUESTER - KUNST, ANTIKUNST, MUSIK, ANTIMUSIK, DICHTUNG, ANTIDICHTUNG, ET

[353]

### NIKOLAI KIRKE

23. og 24. samt 26., 27. og 28. november 1962 kl. 20

ALLÉ SCENEN

Søndag den 25. november 1962 kl. 15

# FLUXUS

MUSIK OG ANTI-MUSIK DET INSTRUMENTALE TEATER

# **6 PRO- ET CONTRAGRAMMER**

Medvirkende:

Nam June

Dick

Alison

**Emmett Arthur** 

Albert

Wolf

Robert

George

Jørgen Musica

med

Paik

Higgins

Knowles

Williams

Køpcke

Mertz

Vostell

Filliou

**Maciunas** Friisholm

Vitalis

flere

Arr. af: Det Unge Tonekunstnerselskab - Galerie Køpcke - Kunstbiblioteket, Nikolai Kirke

Entré 4 kr. - Abonnement 15 kr. Billetsalg hos Wilhelm Hansen, Gothersgade 9, Central 5457 samt ved indgangen. Billetsalg til søndag den 25. november: Allé scenen, Central 1490

装

## AMETICAN STUDENTS & ARTISTS CENTER, 261 Bd. RASPAIL, PARIS 14e CENTRE DE MUSIQUE (DITECTION MUSICALE-KEITH HUMBLE) PRESENTE

#### ESIE,MUSIQUE et antimusique evènenementielle et co

CONCERT NO.1, MUSIQUE EVÈNENEMENTIELLE. RAOUL HAUSMANN: POESIE PHONETIQUE / JOSEPH BYRD: PIECE FOR R. MAXFIELD / JACKSON MAC LOW: THANKS II /ROBERT WATTS: NEWS & TWO INCHES / EMMETT WILLIAMS: ALPHABET SYMPHONY / G.BRECHT: DRIP MUSIC DIRECTION / GEORGE MACIUNAS: IN MEMORIAM TO ADRIANO OLIVETTI / DICK HIGGINS: CONSTELLATION NO.7 & 4 / BENJAMIN PATTERSON: SEPTET FROM "LEMONS" AND SOLO FOR DANCER / LA MONTE YOUNG: COMPOSITION 1961 NUMBER 29 / NAM JUNE PAIK: ONE FOR VIOLIN SOLO & SERENADE FOR ALISON/WOLF VOSTELL: DÉCOLLAGE MUSIQUE "KLEENEX". ALISON KNOWLES: PROPOSITION TERRY RILEY: EARPIECE / G. BRECHT: WORD EVENT.

4 DECEMBRE

CONCERT NO.2, MUSIQUE INSTRUMENTALE ET VOCALE. JACKSON MAC LOW: LETTERS FOR IRIS NUMBERS FOR SILENCE & BIBLICAL POEMS / DICK HIGGINS: GRAPHIS 82 / EMMETT WILLIAMS: 4-DIRECTIONAL SONG OF DOUBT FOR 5 VOICES / GEORGE MACIUNAS: SOLO FOR UKULELE & SOLO FOR MOUTH AND MICROPHONE / BENJAMIN PATTERSON: VARIATIONS FOR DOUBLE BASS / GEORGE BRECHT: CARD PIECE FOR VOICE, FLUTE SOLO, STRING QUARTET AND SAXOPHONE SOLO / LA MONTE YOUNG: COMPOSITION 1960 NO. 7 (STRING QUARTET)

20,30 HRS

5 DECEMBRE CONCERT NO.3; DANIEL SPOERRI: COMPOSITION NO.X / KENJIRO EZAKI: DISCRETION TOSHFICHTYANAGT: STANZAS - AND - MUSIC FOR ELECTRIC METRONOME / YASUNAO TONE: ANAGRAM FOR STRINGS / EMMETT WILLIAMS: LITANY AND RESPONSE / TAKENHISA KOSUGI: MICRO I & ANIMA I / ROBERT PAGE: GUITAR SOLO / NAM JUNE PAIK: TO BE DETERMINED /

ROBERT FILLIOU: POI POI SYMPHONY NO. 2 / ARTHUR KOPCKE: MUSIC WHILE YOU WORK ROBERT WATTS: EVENT 13 / SYLVANO BUSSOTTI: PIECE FOR PAIK SIMONE MORRIS: DANCE CONSTRUCTION / GEORGE BRECHT: CANDLE PIECE FOR RADIOS / DICK HIGGINS: DANGER MUSIC NO. 17 / DIETER SCHNEBEL: VISIBLE MUSIC II, ( SOLO FOR ONE CONDUCTOR) / TOSHI ICHIYANAGI: IBM FOR MERCE CUNNINGHAM / B. PATTERSON. TWO PIECES FROM METHODS & PROCESSES / LA MONTE YOUNG: COMPOSITION 1960 NO.3

DECEMBRE

CONCERT NO.5, POUR PIANO. TOSHI ICHIYANAGI: MUSIC FOR PIANO NOS. 2, 5 AND 🛂 LA MONTE YOUNG: 566 TO HENRY FLYNT / GYORGY LIGETI: TROIS BAGATELLES / PHILP CORNER: PIANO ACTIVITIES (FOR 10 PIANISTS) / GEORGE-MACIUNAS: PIANO PIECE NO.11 FOR N.J.P. / GIUSEPPE CHIARI: GESTI SUL PIANO / GRIFITH ROSE: SECOND ENNEAD, TERRY RILEY: PIECE FOR 2 PIANOS & MAGNETIC TAPE / YORIAKI MATSUDAIRA: CO-ACTION / GEORGE BRECHT: INCIDENTAL MUSIC / LA MONTE YOUNG: PIANO PIECE FOR D.TUDOR NO.2

DÉGEMBRE CONCERT NO.6, MUSIQUE ENRÉGISTRÉE ET FILMS. JOHN CAGE: MUSIC FOR THE MARRYING MAIDEN & FONTANA MIX / RICHARD MAXFIELD: COUGH MUSIC, RADIO MUSIC, PASTORAL SYMPHONY AND NIGHT MUSIC / STAN VANDERBEEK: (FILMS) A LA MODE, WHAT WHO HOW, ACHOO MR.KEROOCHEV / CIONI CARPI: POINT AND COUNTERPOINT / GEORGE BRECHT: 3 YELLOWEVENTS, AND 2 DURATIONS / NAM JUNE PAIK: FILMS / DICK HIGGINS: REQUIEM / •

21.00 HRS.

8 DÉCEMBRE CONCERT NO.7 POESIE OUVERTE FRANÇOIS DÜFRENE: LE TOMBEAU DE PIERRE LAROUSSE, BRION GYSIN: PERMUTATIONS SANS FIN ROBERT FILLIOU: PÈRE LACHAISE NO.1 / LAMBERT: X ALÉAS / GHERASIM LUCA: QUART D'HEURE DE CULTURE JEAN-CLARENCE SOIRÉE ORGANISÉE AVEC LE CONCOURS DU DOMAINE POETIQUE ET MÉTAPHYSIQUE. LA PARTICIPATION DE JACQUES GRUBER ET JEAN-LOUP PHILIPPE.

> PLACES: 4.N.F., 2.N.F. ETUDIANTS, 20.N.F. ABÓNNEMENT POUR LES

7 CONC

# ESTA FWORM ELLINGS

#### MUSIK UND ANTIMUSIK DAS INSTRUMENTALE THEATER

Staatliche Kunstakademie Düsseldorf, Eiskellerstraße am 2. und 3. Februar 20 Uhr als ein Colloquium für die Studenten der Akademie

George Maciunas Nam June Paik

Emmet Williams
Benjamin Patterson

Takenhisa Kosugi
Dick Higgins

Robert Watts

Ied Curtis

Dieter Hülsmanns

George Brecht

Jackson Mac Low

Wolf Vostell

Jean Pierre Wilhelm

Frank Trowbridge

Terry Riley

**Tomas Schmit** 

Gyorgi Ligeti

Raoul Hausmann

Caspari

Robert Filliou

Daniel Spoerri
Alison Knowles

Bruno Maderna

Alfred E. Hansen

La Monte Young

Henry Flynt Richard Maxfield

John Cage

Jonn Cage

Yoko Ono Jozef Patkowski

Joseph Byrd

Joseph Beuns

Grifith Rose

Philip Corner

Achov Mr. Keroochev

Kenjiro Ezaki

Jasunao Tone

Lucia Dlugoszewski Istvan Anhalt Jörgen Friisholm Toshi Ichiyanagi Cornelius Cardew

Pär Ahlbom

Gherasim Luca

Brion Gysin

Stan Vanderbeek

Yoriaki Matsudaira

Simone Morris

Sylvano Bussotti

Musika Vitalis

Jak K. Spek

Frederic Rzewski

K. Penderecki

J. Stasulenas

V. Landsbergis

A. Salcius Kuniharu Akiyama

Joji Kuri

Tori Takemitsu

Arthur Köpcke

#### FLUXUS NEWS-POLICY LETTER NO. 6 APRIL 6, 1963

Distribution:

George Brecht
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La Honte Voung
Melier Be Maria.

Emmett Williams Daniel Spoers Robert Filliov Ben Vautier Tomas Schmit Nam June Paik Toshi Ichiyanaq Yoko Ono,

I PROPOSED PROPAGANDA ACTION FOR NOV. FLUXUS IN N.Y.C. (during May - Nov. period) (serving double purpose: action against what H. Flynt describes as serious culture" & action for fluxus)

- A. Propaganda through pickets & demonstrations (such as organized by H. Flynt.)
- B. Propaganda through sabotage & disruption of:

Propaganda through sabotage & disruption of:

a) transportation system: I. Programmed "break downs" of a fleet of fluxus outos & trucks bearing posters, exhibits to intersections, such as time eg. 5% & 57 & 42 st.

Tunned , bridge entries, etc. "Break downs" can involve fleet flees, staffed engines, spilled "merchandise" (leaffels in windy day, bottles with collored water redling objects.etc.

1. Clooging-up subway cars diving rush hours with compersome objects (such as large movital instruments contrabases, drums, water De Maria's boxes, long poles, large signs bearing fluxus announcements etc. etc. "Water De Maria's boxes, long poles, large signs bearing fluxus announcements etc. etc. "Se prepared" editions of N.Y. Times, Polly Reus, etc. bearing fluxus announcements (such as "107 days to Fluxus", next day, 106 days till Fluxus" etc. etc.) Bearing nonexistent news about closing of museums the such as mustic & them not closuring auching during actual brandenstine.

- 106 days till Fluxes etc. etc.) bearing nomesistent news about closing of museums bet.

  2. Arranging live radio programs of music & them not playing anything during actual broadcasting
  3. Stoffling postol boxes with throusands of mosteres (Intermitted the during anything during actual broadcasting)
  4. to various newspapers, galleries, artists etc. bearing no stamps to bearing as return oddress various galleries, concert halls, museums, Either "sender" or receiver would be bound to pay for these "packages" in mosems, Either "sender" or receiver would be bound to pay for these "packages" moments with "send bounds", sneeze bombs' for ectiver would be been payed to the property of the name of museum, theatre or gallery for oblivery at the creat or just prior the opening various sumpersome objects: rented chairs, tables, activery at sidewalk imbob, large sheets of phytomody, bricks, or gravel, sand, coal for a prior pain trees, casets, imbob, large sheets to deplytoned, bricks, or gravel, sand, coal for the payed of the stamps of payed for the self of the combined with "break down" of fluxus free during sentical hours by calling a mailing announcements (to libraries, newspapers etc.) with totally revised dates of various (oncerts, plays, movies, exhibits etc.)
- C. Propaganda through "compositions" performed on streets & other public places. (such as:

  1. N.J. Poiks string quartet (dragging through streets stores by a string contrabass, cello,
  violins etc. (on their backs)) (dragging like a toy wagon)

  2. Performing R. Walts submay event during rush haurs (group performance), casual event,
  washroom event etc.

  - washroom' event etc.

    3. Corruins posters of museums, concert halls, theatrs saying (in small letters) composition'x' & (the very large letters) "Museum closed for moved to Fluxus) due to..... (burst sewage link, leaking united or other trasen).

    4. La Monde Young straight line composition on crowded sidewalks at museums etc.

    5. Releasing bollobus (helium filled) (arranged to explode high in the air) bearing R. Watts dollar wills, fluxus annovacements, "pictures" etc. etc.
- D. Propaganda through sale of fluxus publications (fluxus 1, 11, a,b,c,d.): to be dispatched by end April to N.X.C.

- I PROPOSED PRELIMINARY CONTENTS OF NYC FLUXUS IN NOV.

  1. "Concerts" in enclosed spaces (theatres, lofts, public places etc.) (possibly 10 concerts)
  2. "Concerts" in open spaces (streets, parking lots, river etc.) such as Brecht-Motor vehicle Sundown, or T. Schmit
  3. "Concerts" in open spaces (streets, parking lots, river etc.) such as Brecht-Motor vehicle Sundown, or T. Schmit
  3. "Concerts" in open spaces (streets, parking lots, river etc.) such as Brecht-Motor vehicle Sundown, or T. Schmit
  3. "Concerts" in open spaces (streets, parking lots, river etc.) such as Brecht-Motor vehicle Sundown, or T. Schmit

  - 3. Lectures by Henry Plynt. Sanitas '79 ek. etc. "Concerts" on moving auros, exc.

    3. Lectures by Henry Plynt.

    3. Lectures by Henry Plynt.

    4. Exhibits of objects, environments, events at galleries on streets, on moving vehicles, lobbies, toilets, bulletin boards of libraries etc. etc. etc.

    5. Sale of fluxus, Yam publications se exhibits, sale of Ben Vauling "certificates", disposal of garbage etc.

    6. "Armory show of new American parnography" (films, pictures, avents objects) being arranged by J. Mekas

    6. "Armory show of new American parnography" (films, pictures, avents objects) being arranged by J. Mekas

    7. Fluxus "championship" contests, races etc. such as Pack contest no. 1 (pissing contest) & no. 2. etc.

    8. Banquet on last day of Nov giving distinguished guests food prepared with strong enema producing medicines

     ending Not. Fluxus with a grand fluxus. (possibly arranged by T. Spoerti)

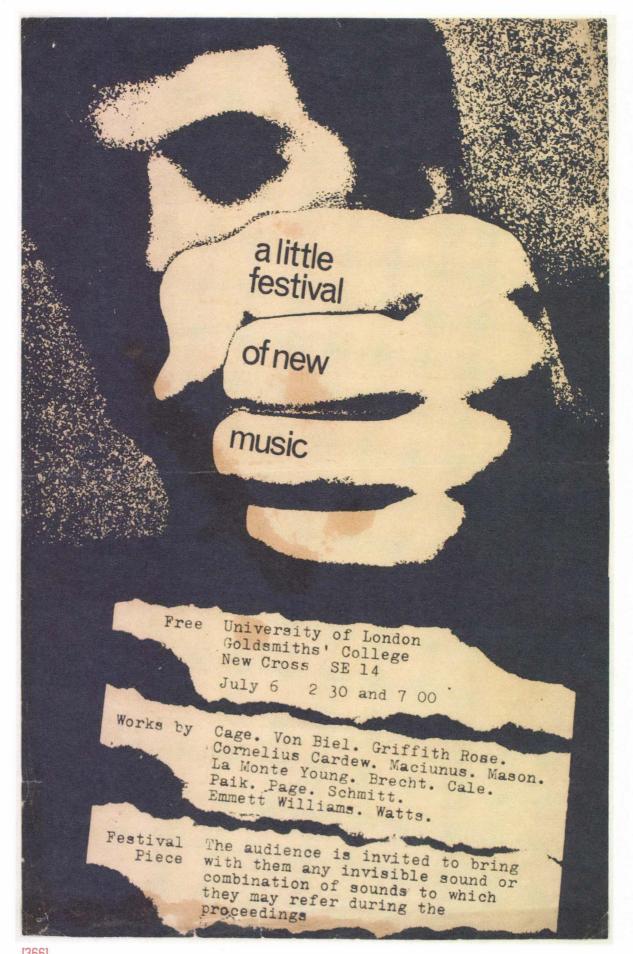
Activities during June-Sept should be carried out by N.Y. residents. It is suggested that a planning committee (consisting of fluxus & yam co-editors) be formed to direct these activities. (possibly each member being responsible for a specific activity). Care should be taken not to duplicate Yam-May festival but rather extend it into Autumn.

Tomas Schmit ( possibly Emmett Williams, Daniel Spoerri, Rob Filliou, Ben Vautier) & muself will arrive mid September and Nam June Paik in November to assist in the propaganda & Nov. Fluxus activities. By mid Sept. also \$\$ will arrive to assist us. Cooperation & proposals from all recepients of this letter will be highly appreciated,

George Maclunas
40. 7430 Sup. 6p. (SA) APO 666 New York, N.Y.
62.41 Ehlhalten, Gräfliche Str. 17, West Germany.

Till end of April only. (or mid May) (please reply before and of April)

ofter end of April I will be "unreachable." proposals should be sent to Tomas Schmit, 5 Köln-Mülheim, Rüdesheimer Str. 14 with whom I will keep contact once a month, or Jonas Mekas 680 Box 1999, N.Y. I. OR 7-9539.



RECHERCHE D'UNE NOUVELLE CRÉATION MUSICALE ET THEATRALE AU NOUVEAU CASINO LE 27 JUILLE

T 1963

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[370] Photograph by George Maciunas

SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA CONDUCTED BY KUNIHARU AKIYAMA



TICKETS \$2, NOW ON SALE AT CARNEGIE HALL BOX OFFICE OR CARNEGIE RECITAL HALL BOX OFFICE BEFORE CONCERT

PROGRAM.

GEORGE BRECHT: 3 LAMP EVENTS. EMMETT WILLIAMS: COUNTING SONGS. LA MONTE YOUNG: COMPOSITION NUMBER 13,1960. JAMES TENNEY: CHAMBER MUSIC-PRELUDE. GEORGE BRECHT: PIANO PIECE 1962 AND DIRECTION (SIMULTANEOUS PERFORMANCE) ALISON KNOWLES: CHILD ART PIECE. GŸORGY LIGETI: TROIS BAGATELLES. VYTAUTAS LANDSBERGIS: YELLOW PIECE.MA-CHU: PIANO PIECE NO.12 FOR NJP. CONGO: QUARTET DICK HIGGINS: CONSTELLATION NO.4 FOR ORCHESTRA. TAKEHISA KOSUGI: ORGANIC MUSIC. ROBERT WATTS: SOLO FOR FRENCH HORN. DICK HIGGINS: MUSIC FOR STRINGED INSTRUMENTS. JAMES TENNEY: CHAMBER MUSIC-INTERLUDE. AYO: RAINBOW FOR WIND ORCHESTRA. GEORGE BRECHT: CONCERT FOR ORCHESTRA AND SYMPHONY NO.2. TOSHI ICHIYANAGI 新作. JOE JONES: MECHANICAL ORCHESTRA. ROBERT WATTS: EVENT 13. OLIVETTI ADDING MACHINE: IN MEMORIAM TO ADRIANO OLIVETTI. GEORGE BRECHT: 12 SOLOS FOR STRINGED INSTRUMENTS. JOE JONES: PIECE FOR WIND ORCHESTRA. NAM JUNE PAIK: ONE FOR VIOLIN SOLO. CHIEKO SHIOMI: FALLING EVENT. JAMES TENNEY: CHAMBER MUSIC-POSTLUDE. PHILIP CORNER: 4TH.FINALE. G.BRECHT: WORD EVENT.



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[376]

# Fluxus Week

I. 98 88 (K)

塩見千枝子

Water Music 2人の奏者のためのPiece Air Event

工. 9月 9日(木)

Fluxus 短篇 映画

D. Higgins N.J. Paile 22: ==

II. 98 118 (±)

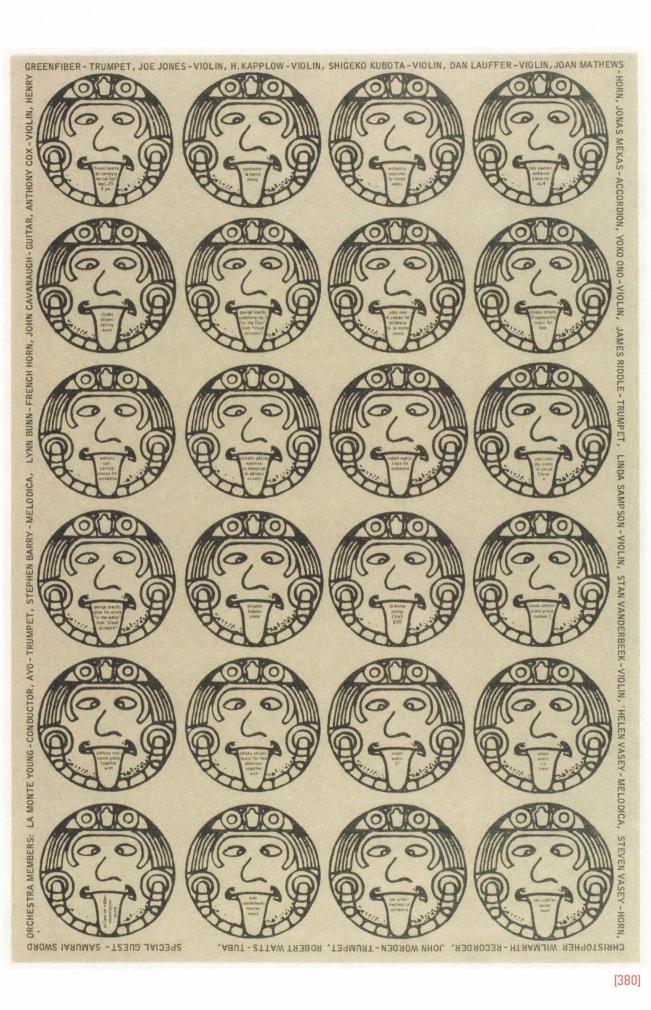
一抑 慧·武满 微了 刀狠廉尚、秋山卯晴} コガート 武田明倫·小林健次

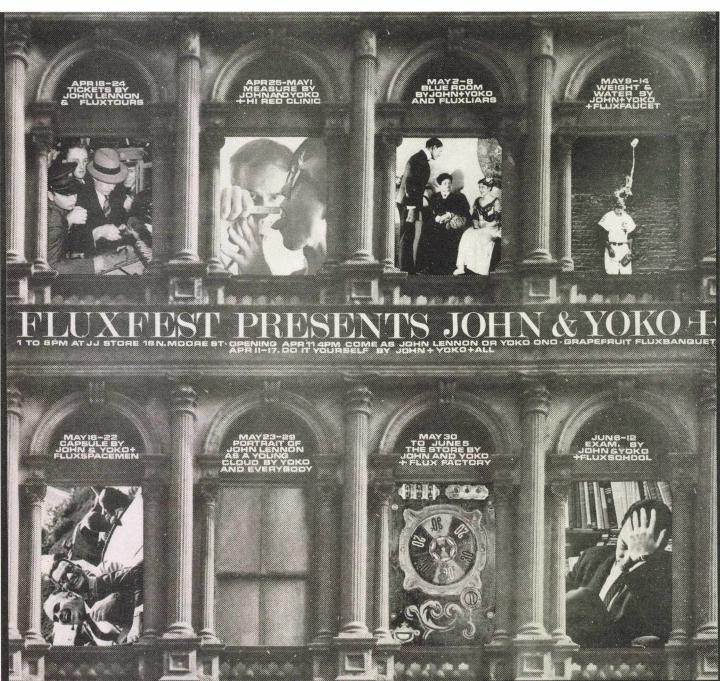
IV. 9月 14日(火)

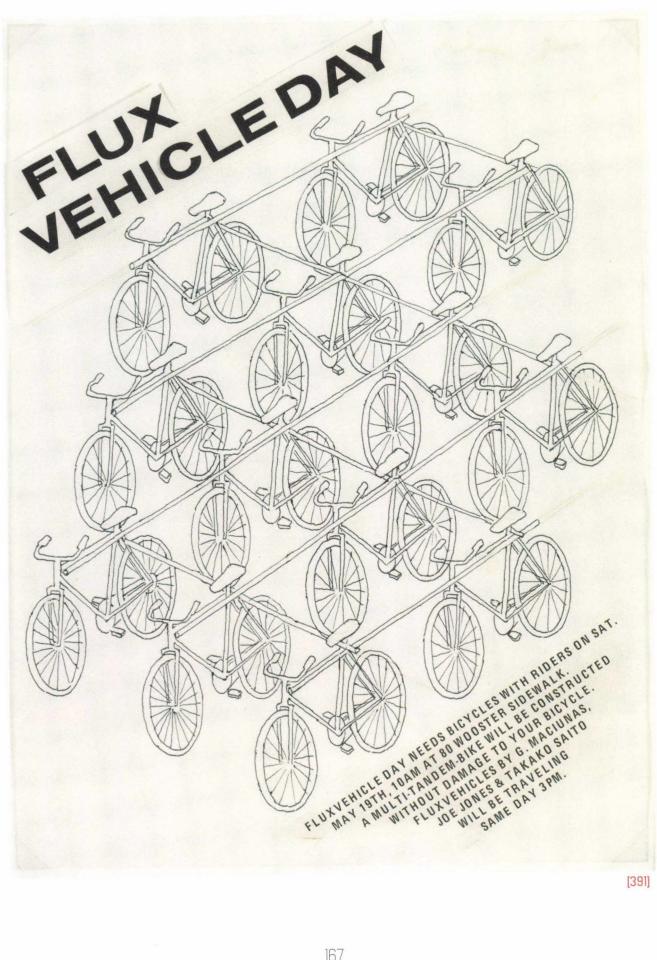
Events 1127:-- 1702-197 4 19834

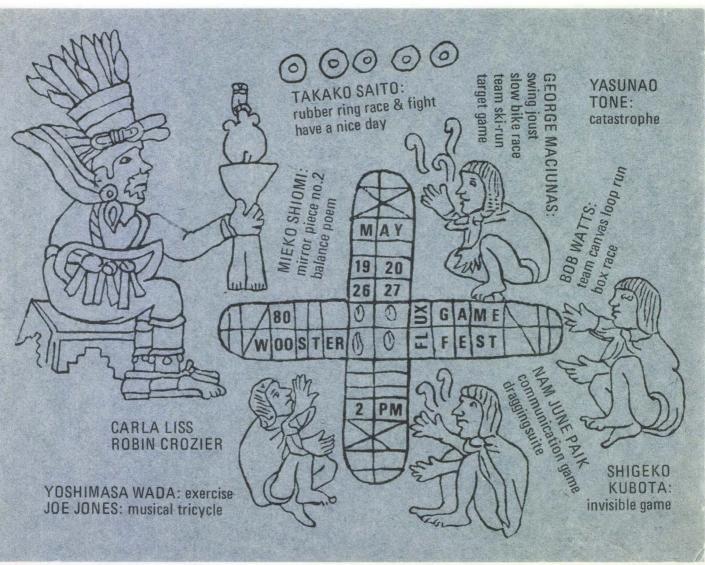
幸美条子

[378]

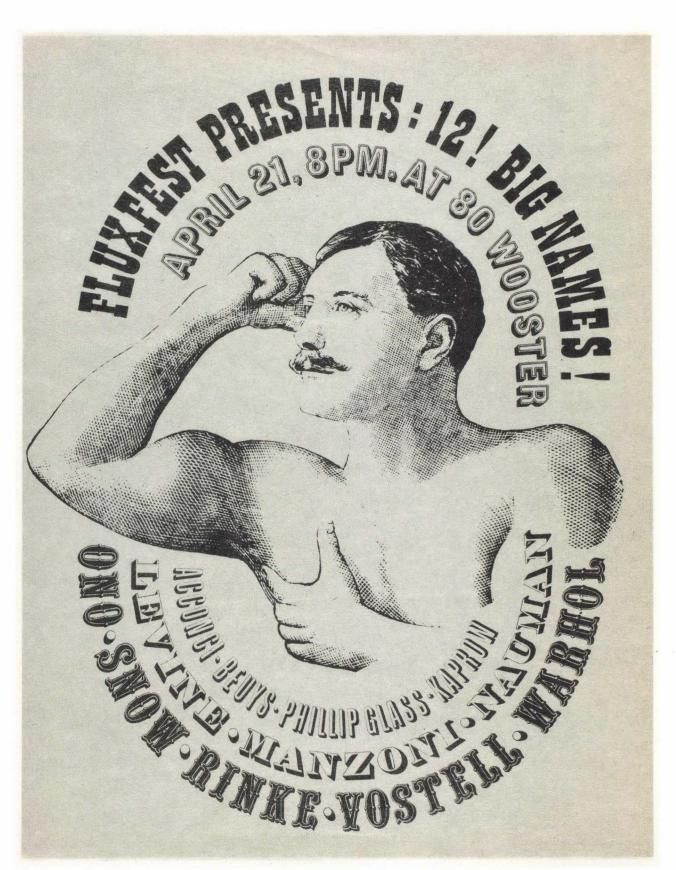








[392]



[395]

Catalogue of Works in the Exhibition

Bengt af Klintberg

Orangerimusik

1963

Score in three sections on three pages

Section I: Photostat on paper, with white wash over with over artists name and title, creating blue-ish appearance.

30.1 x 42.8 cm, irregular

Section II: Photostat on paper, with white wash over title

30.1 x 43.2 cm, irregular

Section III: Photostat on paper, whitewash over artist name and title

29.8 x 43 cm, irregular

The artist's Alternative to Another Rattlesnake was programmed for: "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater," Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf, February 3, 1963; "happenings danger music/FLUXUS/Dick Higgins-Alison Knowles," Alléteatern, Stockholm, March 1 and 3, 1963.

2

Eric Andersen

"Three Scores"

ca. 1963

Carbon copy, typewriter and ink on paper 29.7 x 21 cm

**INWARDS-OUTWARDS** 

1963

**INCOMPATIBILITY** 

1961

SINE NOMINE opus 6

1961

The artist has given the following information regarding the performance of the work: **INWARDS-OUTWARDS** was first performed in 1963 at Den Frie Udstillingsbygning (Artcenter); **INCOMPATIBILITY** was first performed at Galleri Pilestræde in 1963; **SINE NOMINE opus 6** was first performed at the The Royal Danish Conservatory in 1963.

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

3

Removed at the request of the artist.

4

Eric Andersen

OPUS 22

1961

Mimeograph on laid paper

27.7 x 20.9 cm

The artist states that **Opus 22** is the same work as **Opus 6**. The artist has noted on this sheet that this work was first performed April 23, 1963.

5

Eric Andersen

"Two Scores"

Mimeograph on white paper

27.9 x 21.9 cm

Opera 25

1962

Opus 45

1962

The artist has given the following information regarding the performance of the work:

**Opera 25** was first performed at Nikolaj Church in 1963; **Opus 45** was first performed at Den Frie Udstillingsbygning (Artcenter) in 1963.

6

Eric Andersen

"Four Scores"

Mimeograph on white paper

27.9 x 20.9 cm

Opus 39

1961

Opus 51

1964

Opus 52

1963

Opus 53

1961

The artist has given the following information regarding the performance of the work:

**Opus 39** was first performed on Danish National Radio Broadcast in 1964; **Opus 51** was first performed by the Danish Radio Symphony Orchestra in 1965; **Opus 52** was first performed at the Ex-Theater in Rotterdam in 1964; **Opus 53** was first performed at the Royal Danish Conservatory in 1963.

7

Eric Andersen

Opus 51

1964

Typewriter and photostat on white paper

12.7 x 34.2 cm

8

Eric Andersen

Opus 45

July 11, 1965

"Perpetual Fluxfest"

Cinematheque, New York City Poster designed by George Maciunas Offset on tan paper 26.6 x 20.2 cm

"In the summer of '65 the busses of NYC carried 2 major ad campaigns. One slogan was Danish Blue Cheese the Biggest Invention since Teeth and the other If You have only Seen it Once You haven't Seen it at All.

For the performance at Cinematheque apart from putting an ad in The Village Voice announcing that everybody attending would be paid a quarter I asked George to make a poster with the last slogan and my passport photo. He did a marvelous job."

- Eric Andersen, email to Jon Hendricks, May 13, 2008.

The poster reads "if you've only seen it once you haven't seen it at all /

invitation to eric andersen's opus 45." The performance was part of an ongoing series of individual Fluxus concerts titled "Perpetual Fluxfest" or "Perpetual Fluxus Festival."

9

Eric Andersen

**50 OPERA** 

1966

Fluxus Edition

Plastic box with a white lid and red bottom, and a George-Maciunas-designed label on the lid; contains 50 offset on white card stock scores

10 x 12 x 1.5 cm

10

Arman

**Dynamitage** 

Performed by artist

On July 27, 1963

During "Fluxus Festival of Total Art and Comportment," July 25-August 4, 1963

Photograph by Photo Ferrero

Gelatin silver print

8.9 x 12.6 cm

11

Arman

**Dynamitage** 

Performed by artist

On July 27, 1963

During "Fluxus Festival of Total Art and Comportment," July 25-August 4, 1963

Photograph by unidentified photographer

Gelatin silver print

12.8 x 18 cm

12

Av-O

Ay-O's Rainbow Tactile Staircase Environment

Graphite and ink on blue-lined graph paper 43.3 x 27.9 cm

Instruction drawing for the installation, November 20, 1965, at Fluxhall, 363 Canal Street, New York City.

ILLUSTRATED

13

Joseph Beuys

Siberian Symphony

Performed by the artist

On February 2, 1963

During "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater"

Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf

Photograph by Manfred Leve

Gelatin silver print

17.5 x 23.5 cm

14

George Brecht

CANDLE-PIECE FOR RADIOS

Summer 1959

Spirit ditto machine ink on paper

28 x 21.7 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 14, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENèNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 6, 1962.

15

George Brecht

**INCIDENTAL MUSIC:** 

**Five Piano Pieces** 

Summer 1961

Sprit ditto machine ink on paper

27.8 x 21.5 cm

This work programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 1, 1962 (2:30 pm); "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 7, 1962; "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater," Staatliche

Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf, February 3, 1963; "CONCERT FLUXUS" Galerie A, Nice, October 29, 1966; "FLUXUS, LA CEDILLE QUI SOURIT, ART TOTAL, POESIE, ACTION," Lunds Konsthall, Lund, March 10-12, 1967; "FLUX-FESTIVAL," Den Haag, November 13, 1964.

This work was exhibited in the International Graphic Scores Exhibition (November 10-20, 1962, Minami Gallery, Tokyo), organized by Kuniharu Akiyama and Toshi Ichiyanagi.

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

16

George Brecht

INCIDENTAL MUSIC; Five Piano Pieces;

PIANO PIECE NO. 2

Summer 1961

Performed on September 1, 1962

During "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik"

Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden Photograph by George Maciunas Gelatin silver print 22.3 x 32.7 cm

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

17

George Brecht

#### WORD EVENT

April 1961

Typewriter on orange paper

6.9 x 6.1 cm

Typed in 1962, possibly by George Maciunas and possibly brought to Denmark for use in the "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," November 23, 1962, Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen.

This work was programmed for: "NEO-DADA in der Musik," Kammerspiele Düsseldorf, Düsseldorf, June 16, 1962; "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 16, 1962; "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," November 23, 1962, Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen; "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater," Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf, February 2, 1963; "happenings danger music/FLUXUS/Dick Higgins-Alison Knowles," Alléteatern, Stockholm, March 1, 1963; "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/Electronic Music," Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam, June 23, 1963 (simultaneous performance); "POESIE ET CETERA

AMERICAINE," Musée d'art moderne, Paris, October 9, 1963 (7 simultaneous compositions); "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 23, 1962; "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 11, 1964 (1st version, "Exit") and April 18, 1964; "Fluxus Presents/Fluxus Symphony Orchestra in Fluxus Concert," Carnegie Recital Hall, New York City, June 27, 1964; "FLUXUS, LA CEDILLE QUI SOURIT, ART TOTAL, POESIE, ACTION," Lunds Konsthall, Lund, March 10-12, 1967.

18

George Brecht

#### WORD EVENT

April 1961

Performed by (from left to right): Emmett Williams and George Maciunas; also pictured are Albert Mertz and Arthur Koepcke.

On November 23, 1962

During "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater"

Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen

Photograph by Jørgen Sperling for *Politikens Presse* Gelatin silver print 18.4 x 24 cm

19

George Brecht

#### **EXHIBIT SEVEN (CLOCK)**

September 1961

Realization made by the artist, ca. 1961

Paint and bronze on wood

16.7 x 11.6 x 0.3 cm, approx.

This is a realization of a score included in Water Yam:

#### EXHIBIT SEVEN (CLOCK)

house number

Summer, 1961

20

George Brecht

#### **DRIP MUSIC**

January 1962

Performed by Dick Higgins

On November 23,1962

During "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater"

Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen

Photograph by Poul Hansen for Dagbladet AKTUELT

newspaper

Gelatin silver print

24.4 x 18 cm

This is a realization of a score included in Water Yam:

DRIP MUSIC (DRIP EVENT)

For single or multiple performance.

A source of dripping water and an empty vessel are arranged for that the water falls into the vessel.

Second version:

Dripping

G. Brecht (1959-62)

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

Photograph © Poul Hansen

Used with kind permission of Arbejdermuseet & ABA (The Danish Workers Movement Library and Archive)

21

George Brecht

#### **DRIP MUSIC**

January 1962

Performed by George Maciunas

On February 2, 1963

During "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater"

Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf

Photograph by Manfred Leve

Gelatin silver print

23.6 x 17.6 cm

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

Photograph © Manfred Leve Used with kind permission of the photographer

22

George Brecht

#### **DRIP MUSIC**

January 1962

Performed by the artist

On April 6, 1963

During "Three Aquaceous Events"

Douglas College, New Brunswick

Photograph by Peter Moore

Gelatin silver print

15.5 x 13 cm

23

George Brecht

#### **DRIP MUSIC**

January 1962

Performed by George Maciunas

On June 23, 1963

During "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/Electronic Music"

Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam Photograph by Oscar van Alphen Gelatin silver print 18.4 x 24 cm

24

George Brecht

#### DIRECTION

1962

Typewriter on white paper

11 x 15 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 23, 1962; "happenings danger music/FLUXUS/Dick Higgins-Alison Knowles," Alléteatern, Stockholm, March 1, 1963; "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/ Exhibits/Electronic Music," Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam, June 23, 1963 (simultaneous performance); "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, May 2, 1964; "Fluxus Presents/Fluxus Symphony Orchestra in Fluxus Concert," Carnegie Recital Hall, New York City, June 27, 1964.

25

George Brecht

#### **OBJECTS**

and

#### **EVENTS**

(to be arranged by G. Brecht)

April 1962

Carbon copy, typewriter on 2 sheets of translucent paper, taped together

21.5 x 53 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

26

George Brecht

#### **8 PIANO TRANSCRIPTIONS for David Tudor**

1963 Title sheet

Ink on paper

27.9 x 21.5 cm

George Brecht

(From SOLO FOR WIND INSTRUMENT)

March 1962

Part of 8 PIANO TRANSCRIPTIONS for David Tudor

1963

Ink on paper

27.9 x 21.5 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale

*Festspiele Neuester Musik*," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 14, 1962.

George Brecht

(From STRING QUARTET)

April 1962

Part of 8 PIANO TRANSCRIPTIONS for David Tudor

1963

Ink on paper

27.9 x 21.5 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 8, 1962; "Fluxus/ Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 24, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / POESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCRETE," American Student Center, Paris, December 4, 1962; "a little festival of new music," Goldsmith's College, London, July 6, 1963 (7:00 pm); "SOMETHING ELSE," Institute of Contemporary Art, London, November 5, 1965; "FLUXUS, LA CEDILLE QUI SOURIT, ART TOTAL, POESIE, ACTION," Lunds Konsthall, Lund, March 12, 1967; "Concert Fluxus /Art Total," Galleria Il Punto, Turin, April 27, 1967.

George Brecht

(From ORGAN PIECE)

May 1962

Part of 8 PIANO TRANSCRIPTIONS for David Tudor

1963

Ink on paper

27.9 x 21.5 cm

George Brecht

(From FLUTE SOLO)

July 1962

Part of 8 PIANO TRANSCRIPTIONS for David Tudor

1963

Ink on paper

27.9 x 21.5 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 24, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 4, 1962.

George Brecht

(From SOLO FOR VIOLIN VIOLA CELLO OR CONTRABASS)

July 1962

Part of 8 PIANO TRANSCRIPTIONS for David Tudor

1963

Ink on paper

27.9 x 21.5 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Festival of

Total Art and Comportment," Nice,

July 27, 1963 (Hotel Scribe); "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 25, 1964; "FLUXUS, LA CEDILLE QUI SOURIT, ART TOTAL, POESIE, ACTION," Lunds Konsthall, Lund, March 10-12, 1967; "Concert Fluxus /Art Total," Galleria Il Punto, Turin, April 27, 1967.

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

George Brecht

(From CONCERT FOR ORCHESTRA)

September 1962

Part of 8 PIANO TRANSCRIPTIONS for David Tudor

1963

Ink on paper

27.9 x 21.5 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, May 2, 1964; "Fluxus Presents/Fluxus Symphony Orchestra in Fluxus Concert," Carnegie Recital Hall, New York City, June 27, 1964.

George Brecht

(From CONCERTO FOR CLARINET)

September 1962

Part of 8 PIANO TRANSCRIPTIONS for David Tudor

1963

Ink on paper

27.9 x 21.5 cm

George Brecht

(From SAXOPHONE SOLO)

September 1962

Part of 8 PIANO TRANSCRIPTIONS for David Tudor

1963

Ink on paper

27.9 x 21.5 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 23, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCRETE"

American Student Center, Paris, December 4, 1962; "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater," Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf, February 2, 1963; "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/Electronic Music," Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam, June 23, 1963.

27

George Brecht

**KEYHOLE** 

April 1962

Ink on paper

#### 14.1 x 10.9 cm

The artist made a realization of the score, which is a small wooden block with two different keyholes, one on either side, with a hole between.

28

George Brecht

#### **CHAIR EVENT**

April 1962

Realization made by the artist in 1972

Paint and tape on wooden chair, metal grater, offset on cloth, dressmaker's tape, red plastic scrabble tiles 100 x 50 x 50 cm, variable

This is a realization of a score included in Water Yam:

#### CHAIR EVENT

on a white chair

a grater

tape measure

alphabet

flag

black

and spectral colors

29

George Brecht

#### DRESSER

July 1962

Inscribed on back by Brecht: "second version" Gelatin silver print, and spectral color pigment 25.2 x 20.6 cm

George Brecht

#### DRESSER

July 1962

Inscribed on back "third version"

Gelatin silver print and ink

25.2 x 20.6 cm

George Brecht

#### DRESSER

July 1962

Inscribed on back:

"fourth version/thus it endeth"

Gelatin silver print

25.3 x 20.6 cm

3 of 3

These are three of four realizations from a score included in Water Yam:

#### DRESSER

mirror above

drawers below

30

George Brecht

#### SOLO FOR VIOLIN, VIOLA, CELLO OR CONTRABASS

July 1962

Performed by the artist

On April 25, 1964

During "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts"

Canal Street, New York City

Photograph by George Maciunas

Gelatin silver print

25.5 x 20.3 cm

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

31

George Brecht

Concert for jazz broom for the virtuoso, A.M. Fine

ca. 1962-1963

Ink and colored pencil on vellum

57.4 x 45.8 cm

32

George Brecht

"Three Scores"

1963

Ink on paper, mounted on paper

28 x 21 cm

#### **FIVE PLACES**

January 1963

**THURSDAY** 

March 1963

**SMOKE** 

March 1963

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

33

George Brecht

#### **FIVE PLACES**

January 1963

Rubberstamp on envelope and offset on card stock Includes one "place one card in each of five places" card, and 5 offset "exhibit" cards Fluxus Edition

Rubberstamped by George Maciunas

5.6 x 9 cm

This work is included in Fluxus 1.

34

George Brecht

NO SMOKING EVENT

February 1963

Realization made by George Maciunas, 1964 Pigment on metal, nailed to a wooden stick

59.7 x 35.8 x 1.6 cm

This is a realization of the score included in Water Yam:

NO SMOKING EVENT

Arrange to observe a NO SMOKING sign:

· smoking

· no smoking

35

George Brecht

**DANCE MUSIC for Ray Johnson** 

May 1963 Ink on paper 4 x 7.1 cm

36

George Brecht

WATER

May 1963

Graphite on paper 12.6 x 7.7 cm

-Compression responsible to the same

37

George Brecht

A PLAY [later titled CORK THUNDER]

June 1963

Ink on paper, glued onto graph paper

27 x 20.8 cm

38

George Brecht and Robert Watts

YAM FESTIVAL NEWSPAPER (E NEWS PA PAY

ER) 1963

Collages for sides 1 and 2

Unique, made by the artists

Offset on newsprint and paper, ink on paper, rubberstamp, typewriter on paper, and wood engraving, mounted on

board

74 x 15.3 cm

39

George Brecht

Water Yam

1963

Fluxus Edition

First printing

Offset on paper label, cardboard box and 54 offset on

orange and 19 white card stock

15.2 x 17 x 4.5 cm, approx.

40

George Brecht

**EVENT SCORE** 

ca. 1963

Preparatory mechanical for the Fluxus Edition

Typewriter on reflective camera-ready paper

7 x 11.2 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

41

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Lithograph on paper, glued onto translucent paper

19.9 x 25.2 cm

1 of 19

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Offset on paper, glued onto translucent paper

25.2 x 19.9 cm

2 of 19

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Ink and offset on paper, glued onto translucent paper

19.9 x 25.2 cm

3 of 19

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Ink on offset on paper, glued onto translucent paper

25.2 x 19.9 cm

4 of 19

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Ink and offset on paper, glued onto translucent paper

19.9 x 25.2 cm 5 of 19

George Brecht

CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC

1968

Ink, presstype and offset on paper, glued onto translucent paper

19.9 x 25.2 cm

6 of 19

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Ink and offset on paper, glued onto translucent paper 25.2 x 19.9 cm

7 of 19

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Ink, presstype and offset on paper, glued onto translucent

paper

19.9 x 25.2 cm

8 of 19

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Ink and offset on paper, glued onto translucent paper

25.2 x 19.9 cm

9 of 19

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Presstype and offset on paper, glued onto translucent

paper

19.9 x 25.2 cm

10 of 19

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Offset on paper, glued onto translucent paper

25.2 x 19.9 cm

11 of 19

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Ink and offset on paper, glued onto translucent paper

19.9 x 25.2 cm

12 of 19

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Offset on paper, glued onto translucent paper

19.9 x 25.2 cm 13 of 19

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Ink, presstype and offset on newsprint and offset, glued

onto translucent paper

25.2 x 19.9 cm

14 of 19

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Ink on offset on paper, glued onto translucent paper

19.9 x 25.2 cm

15 of 19

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Ink, presstype and offset photographic image glued onto

translucent paper

19.9 x 25.2 cm

16 of 19

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Presstype and offset on paper, glued onto translucent

paper

25.2 x 19.9 cm

17 of 19

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Ink and presstype on paper, glued onto translucent paper

25.2 x 19.9 cm

18 of 19

George Brecht

**CHEMISTRY OF MUSIC** 

1968

Ink and color silkscreen on card, glued onto translucent

paper

25.2 x 19.9 cm

19 of 19

42

George Brecht

**EVENT** 

ca. 1981

Artist's Edition No. 1/12

Etched glass, leather pouch

Glass: 6 x 13.8 x 0.5 cm

Pouch: 8 x 16.7 x 0.6 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

Sylvano Bussotti

piano piece for David Tudor 3

from five piano pieces for david tudor

1959

Arranged by Henning Christiansen

October 25, 1962

titled here Af Bussotti 5 piecis [sic]

Black ink, blue ink, graphite, Osolith or photostat collage

glued to card

34.4 x 50 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 2, 1962 (8:00 pm); Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 27, 1962.

44

John Cage

4'33'

1952

**Edition Peters** 

Offset on 4 sheets of paper, plus covers

30.3 x 22.8 cm

Collection of Jon and Joanne Hendricks

45

John Cage

SOUNDS OF VENICE FOR SOLO TELEVISION **PERFORMER** 

1959

Ink on paper (4 sheets); graphite on paper (1 sheet) A title page plus one page of a set up, and 3 pages of score 21.6 x 27.9 each

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

46

John Cage

Solo for Voice 2

1960

4 leaves

Graphite on paper, signed

28 x 21.5 cm

1.

Graphite on paper, signed

28 x 21.5 cm

The work was affixed to a stiff paper backing in Berlin for the exhibition Statsione der Modern.

Graphite on paper, signed

28 x 21.5 cm

Graphite on paper, signed

28 x 21.5 cm

4.

Graphite on paper, signed

28 x 21.6 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 8, 1962; "Parallele Auffuhrungen Neuster Musik," Galerie Monet, Rokin, Amsterdam, October 5, 1962.

47

John Cage

0'00" / SOLO TO BE PERFORMED IN ANY WAY

**BY ANYONE** 

FOR YOKO ONO AND TOSHI ICHYANAGI

October 24, 1962

Score and instructions

**Edition Peters** 

Offset on paper

Single sheet, inserted loosely in folder

28 x 21.7 cm

The artist states in the instructions, "This is 4'33" (No. 2) and also Pt. 3 of a work of which Atlas Eclipticalis is Pt. 1."

Collection of Jon and Joanne Hendricks

48

Guiseppe Chiari

La Strada

1964

Photostat of typewriter and ink on paper

46.4 x 34.9 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

49

Henning Christiansen

THREE PROGRESSIVE SONATAS FOR PIANO

Op. 17:

SONATE for piano (1)

1962

SONATE for piano (2)

1963

SONATE for piano (3)

Mimeograph, rubberstamp, ink on 4 sheets of paper

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 27, 1962.

50

Philip Corner

Flux and Form No. 7

1958

Ink on 3 sheets of commercially made vellum music paper, with elements cut away 35.4 x 27.7 cm each

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 1, 1962 (2:30 pm).

51

Philip Corner

4th Finale

1962

Ink and graphite on paper

27.8 x 21.3 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Presents/ Fluxus Symphony Orchestra in Fluxus Concert," Carnegie Recital Hall, New York City, June 27, 1964.

**ILLUSTRATED** 

52

Philip Corner

# PIANO ACTIVITIES (piece for many pianists) 1962

Typewriter and ink on 3 sheets of paper Master, typed by George Maciunas for Fluxus Edition 27 x 20.8 cm each

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 1, 1962 (2:30 pm); "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," November 27, 1962, Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / POESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 3, 1962 and December 7, 1962 Piano Activities (for 10 pianists); "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 25, 1964.

ILLUSTRATED: Page 1 of a 3-page score

Philip Corner

# **PIANO ACTIVITIES**

196

Performed by (from left to right) Emmett Williams [upper left corner], unidentified spectator stepping on piano, George Maciunas, Dick Higgins, and Benjamin Patterson On September 1, 1962

During "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik"

Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden Photograph by Deutsche Presse Agentur photographer (DPA)

Gelatin silver print with press description of event and press copyright stamp on back

21 x 16.1 cm

54

Philip Corner

#### PIANO ACTIVITIES

1961

Performed by George Maciunas (with hammer), others unidentified

On September 1, 1962

During "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik"

Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden Photograph by Deutsche Presse Agentur photographer (DPA) Photo #80100

Gelatin silver print with press description of event and press copyright stamp on back.

21 x 16.2 cm

55

Philip Corner

#### PIANO ACTIVITIES

1961

Performed by (from left to right) Emmett Williams, Alison Knowles, George Maciunas, Dick Higgins, Benjamin Patterson and two unidentified individuals On September 1, 1962

During "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik"

Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden Photograph by Deutsche Presse Agentur photographer (DPA)

Gelatin silver print 17.8 x 24.1 cm

56

Philip Corner

# PIANO ACTIVITIES

1961

Performed by (from left to right) Dick Higgins, unidentified (Bengt af Klintberg?), Alison Knowles,

**Emmett Williams** 

On September 1, 1962

During "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik"

Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden Photograph by Deutsche Presse Agentur photographer (DPA)

Gelatin silver print with press description of event and press copyright stamp on back

16.2 x 21 cm

57

Philip Corner

# quiet work of destruction

1963

This version of the work was drawn by the artist in 2007 Ink, felt pen and white correction fluid on cloth Approx. 41 x 93 cm

58

Philip Corner

# **Keyboard Dances**

1963

Handmade cardboard box, with ink title and instructions on the cover, containing 3 sheets of holograph notes (graphite and ink on paper), and 86 scores (ink on paper) 14.5 x 20.3 x 6.3 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 25, 1964.

59

Philip Corner

#### **Carrot Chew Performance**

1964

Ink and graphite on 4 sheets of light vellum paper 27.8 x 21.5 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 11, 1964.

60

Philip Corner

# $friendly\ low\ B\ flat \quad for\ Ruth\ Emerson$

1964

Ink on paper score, mounted on a sheet of linen paper, with the title and notation for the performance in ink  $20.4 \times 25.3$  cm

On the reverse, the artist has written the following information on a label attached to the mount of the score: "Played at Fluxhall, April '64 -- no doubt substituting for either 'Tableaux' (score missing) or 'Piano Dances'

(Actually 'Keyboard Dances' -- of which you have one of many.)"

#### ILLUSTRATED

61

Philip Corner

# Persimmon (love duet)

n.d.

Ink, colored pencil or wash, crayon, graphite on paper 21.4 x 27.8 cm

62

Willem de Ridder

# 14 handelingen voor 2 spelers en bandrecorder

June 1961

Ink, graphite and typewriter on 2 sheets of salmon graph paper glued together 36.8 x 14.7 cm, irregular

"Willem de Ridder, score '14 handelingen voor 2 spelers en bandrecorder' 1961 (this is a variation; another variation can be seen in the film for TV 'Signalement' by Schippers and De Ridder."

- Harry Ruhé, letter to Gilbert Silverman, June 24, 1992

63

Willem de Ridder

# Laughing

1963

Performed on December 18, 1963

During "Internationaal Programma/Nieuwste Muziek

# - Nieuwste Theater/Nieuwste Literatuur"

De Kleine Komedie, Amsterdam Photograph by Dorine van der Klei Gelatin silver print 15.8 x 23.9 cm

# **ILLUSTRATED**

Photograph © Dorine van der Klei Used with kind permission of the photographer

64

Marcel Duchamp

# **Erratum Musical**

Magdaleine vocal part

1913

Ink and graphite on printed music paper, prepared by Kuniharu Akiyama

c. 1960-62

Ink and graphite on printed music paper Single sheet folded, forming 4 pages 31.3 x 45 cm

"Duchamp's first musical work, Erratum Musical, is a

score for three voices derived from the chance procedure. During a New Year's visit in Rouen in 1913, he composed this vocal piece with his two sisters, Yvonne and Magdeleine, both musicians. They randomly picked up twenty-five notes from a hat ranging from F below middle C up to high F. The notes then were recorded in the score according to the sequence of the drawing. The three vocal parts of Erratum Musical are marked in sequence as 'Yvonne,' 'Magdeleine' and 'Marcel.' (Duchamp replaced the highest notes with the lower ones in order to make the piece singable for a male voice.) The words that accompanied the music were from a dictionary's definition of 'imprimer' - Faire une empreinte; marquer des traits; une figure sur une surface; imprimer un scau sur cire (To make an imprint; mark with lines; a figure on a surface; impress a seal in wax)."

- Ya-Ling Chen, "Erratum Musical, 1913," tout-fait; The Marcel Duchamp Studies Online Journal, Issue 1 (1999). < http://www.toutfait.com/duchamp.jsp?postid=805 > Accessed February 20, 2008

Collection of Jon and Joanne Hendricks

65

Nye Ffarabas and Geoffrey Hendricks From The Friday Book of White Noise

Typewriter, ink, green pencil and red tape on paper Size variable

Thei mobius strip version was prepared by the artists for their performance of the work at the Café au Go Go in New York City, March 1, 1965, during a series of events parallel to Fluxus.

66

Robert Filliou

POI-POI SYMPHONY no. I France drawn and quartered

ca. 1962

Fluxus Edition

Blueprint positive on two sheets of paper, stapled 26.6 x 21.2 cm

POI-POI SYMPHONY No. II was programmed for: "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 6, 1962; POI-POI was programmed for: "Fluxus Festival of Total Art and Comportment," Nice, July 27, 1963. It's not clear whether or not these two works are the same as variations or progressions of the work.

**ILLUSTRATED** 

67

Robert Filliou

13 Ways to Use Emmett Williams' Skull

Performed by the artist and Willem de Ridder On December 18, 1963

"Internationaal Programma/Nieuwste Muziek -Nieuwste Theater/Nieuwste Literatuur"

De Kleine Komedie, Amsterdam Photograph by Dorine van der Klei Gelatin silver print 23.8 x 17.5 cm

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

Photograph © Dorine van der Klei Used with kind permission of the photographer

68

Robert Filliou

13 Ways to Use Emmett Williams' Skull

Performed by the artist and Willem de Ridder On December 18, 1963

"Internationaal Programma/Nieuwste Muziek -Nieuwste Theater/Nieuwste Literatuur" De Kleine Komedie, Amsterdam

Photograph by Dorine van der Klei Gelatin silver print

23.8 x 17.5 cm

69

Robert Filliou

13 Ways to Use Emmett Williams' Skull 1963

Performed by the artist and Willem de Ridder On December 18, 1963

"Internationaal Programma/Nieuwste Muziek -Nieuwste Theater/Nieuwste Literatuur"

De Kleine Komedie, Amsterdam Photograph by Dorine van der Klei Gelatin silver print

23.8 x 17.6 cm

70

Robert Filliou

13 Ways to Use Emmett Williams' Skull

Performed by the artist and Willem de Ridder On December 18, 1963

"Internationaal Programma/Nieuwste Muziek -Nieuwste Theater/Nieuwste Literatuur"

De Kleine Komedie, Amsterdam Photograph by Dorine van der Klei Gelatin silver print

23.8 x 17.6 cm

71

Robert Filliou

13 Ways to Use Emmett Williams' Skull

1963

Performed by the artist and Willem de Ridder

On December 18, 1963

"Internationaal Programma/Nieuwste Muziek -

Nieuwste Theater/Nieuwste Literatuur"

De Kleine Komedie, Amsterdam

Photograph by Dorine van der Klei

Gelatin silver print

23.8 x 17.6 cm

72

Albert M. Fine

Im J.C. / "Nixmusics op. einmals nach"

September 29, 1965

Ink and ink was on light vellum paper

55.8 x 43.1 cm

73

Albert M. Fine

Fluxus Piece for g.m.

ca. 1966

Ink on paper

Signed "a.m.f."

28 x 21.6 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

74

Albert M. Fine

**CLOTHESPIN SPRING** 

ca. 1966

2 sheets

a: Score

Typewriter on typing paper

17.7 x 21.6 cm, irregular

b: Instructions

Typewriter and ink on typing paper

19 x 16.8 cm, irregular

75

Fluxus collective

**Fluxtoilets** 

1972

Vintage photocopy

27.9 x 21.6 cm

This work is reproduced in Art & Artists 7 (October 1971), page 25.

Robert Watts, Toilet No. 1

Paul Sharits, Toilet No. 2

Joe Jones, (Includes George Brecht and Robert Filliou),

Toilet No. 3

George Maciunas, Toilet No. 4

Ay-o (Includes Geoff Hendricks) Toilet No. 5

Collective: Anonyomous, Takako Saito, John Lennon,

Willem de Ridder, Yoko Ono, and Geoff Hendricks,

Toilet No. 6

76

Fluxus collective

**FLUXLABYRINTH** 

September 1976

Plan for a number of artists' obstacle-installations by

George Maciunas

Xerox copy, with scotch tape, typewriter, and holograph

ink notations

27.9 x 21.6 cm

This work was realized in Berlin in 1976.

77

Fluxus collective

**FLUXUS 1** 

1964/ca, 1976

Fluxus Edition

Assembled by George Maciunas

24 x 21.6 cm x 7 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

78

Geoffrey Hendricks

"Six Scores"

Typed in 1966

Typewriter and ink on paper

28 x 21.7 cm

"Erase everything"

1964

"Paint sky on everything"

1965

WINTER EVENT (dramatic)

1964

CONSTRUCTION

1965

YEAR-LONG EVENT

1964

TWO YEAR PIECE

1965

**ILLUSTRATED** 

Hi Red Center

**Bundle of Events** 

1965

Mechanical for Fluxus Editions

Velox, presstype and graphite on board

56.5 x 50.5 cm

80

Hi Red Center

**Bundle of Events** 

1965

Mechanical for the Fluxus Edition

Photostat, ink, paper

65.2 x 45.5 cm

81

Hi Red Center

**Street Cleaning Event** 

1964

Performed on June 11, 1966

During "Fluxfest Presents Hi Red Center Street

Cleaning Event"

Grand Army Plaza, New York City

Photograph by George Maciunas

25.3 x 20.3 cm

Gelatin silver print

**ILLUSTRATED** 

82

Hi Red Center

**Street Cleaning Event** 

1964

Performed on June 11, 1966

During "Fluxfest Presents Hi Red Center Street

Cleaning Event"

Grand Army Plaza, New York City

Photograph by George Maciunas

Gelatin silver print

10.5 x 10.5 cm

83

Hi Red Center

**Street Cleaning Event** 

1964

Performed on June 11, 1966

During "Fluxfest Presents Hi Red Center Street

Cleaning Event"

Grand Army Plaza, New York City

Photograph by George Maciunas

Gelatin silver print

10.5 x 10.5 cm

Hi Red Center

**Street Cleaning Event** 

1964

Performed on June 11, 1966

During "Fluxfest Presents Hi Red Center Street

Cleaning Event"

Grand Army Plaza, New York City

Photograph by George Maciunas

Gelatin silver print

10.5 x 10.5 cm

85

Hi Red Center

**Street Cleaning Event** 

1964

Performed on June 11, 1966

During "Fluxfest Presents Hi Red Center Street

Cleaning Event"

Grand Army Plaza, New York City

Photograph by George Maciunas

Gelatin silver print

10.5 x 10.5 cm

86

Hi Red Center

**Street Cleaning Event** 

1964

Performed on June 11, 1966

During "Fluxfest Presents Hi Red Center Street

Cleaning Event"

Grand Army Plaza, New York City

Photograph by George Maciunas

Gelatin silver print

10.5 x 10.5 cm

87

Hi Red Center

**Street Cleaning Event** 

1964

Performed on June 11, 1966

During "Fluxfest Presents Hi Red Center Street

Cleaning Event"

Grand Army Plaza, New York City

Photograph by George Maciunas

Gelatin silver print

10.5 x 10.5 cm

88

Hi Red Center

**Street Cleaning Event** 

1964

Performed on June 11, 1966

During "Fluxfest Presents Hi Red Center Street

Cleaning Event"

Grand Army Plaza, New York City Photograph by George Maciunas Gelatin silver print 10.5 x 10.5 cm

89

Hi Red Center

**Street Cleaning Event** 

1964

Performed on June 11, 1966

During "Fluxfest Presents Hi Red Center Street

Cleaning Event"

Grand Army Plaza, New York City Photograph by George Maciunas Gelatin silver print

10.5 x 10.5 cm

90

Hi Red Center

**Street Cleaning Event** 

1964

Performed on June 11, 1966

During "Fluxfest Presents Hi Red Center Street

Cleaning Event"

Grand Army Plaza, New York City Photograph by George Maciunas

Gelatin silver print

10.5 x 10.5 cm

91

Dick Higgins

Graphis No. 27, "Drama for Rubber Stamp and Tragedians"

Spring 1959

Rubberstamp on card, ink on paper

7.7 x 12.7 cm

This work was exhibited in the International Graphic Scores Exhibition (November 10-20, 1962, Minami Gallery, Tokyo), organized by Kuniharu Akiyama and Toshi Ichiyanagi.

92

Dick Higgins

Graphis No. 59

August 1959

Ink on paper

27.9 x 21.7 cm

This work was exhibited in the International Graphic Scores Exhibition (November 10-20, 1962, Minami Gallery, Tokyo), organized by Kuniharu Akiyama and Toshi Ichiyanagi.

93

Dick Higgins

Graphis No. 19, "(Act One of Saint Joan at

Beaurevoir)"

1959 (?)

Graphite, ink and colored markers on paper

35.8 x 42.8 cm

There is a label on the back of the work in the artist's hand, which reads:

"(Act One of Saint Joan

at Beaurevoir), performed New

York City, The Players Theater,

March 1960

by Dick Higgins"

This work was exhibited in the International Graphic Scores Exhibition (November 10-20, 1962, Minami Gallery, Tokyo), organized by Kuniharu Akiyama and Toshi Ichiyanagi.

94

Dick Higgins

Graphis #2 [sic] possibly #23

1959

Graphite on paper; signed, titled, and dated on back in ink 21.3 x 27.7 cm

This score has a separate holograph note by the artist: "Inspired by Robert Whitman's announcement for his Reuben Gallery show."

"This cannot be **Graphis No. 2.** The early ones are 1958. It could be **Graphis No. 23** which should be around Dec 1959 and is missing. Dick couldn't remember what that one was when he did the book. The reference to Bob Whitman's announcement from the Reuben would work – that event was around January 1960, so would have been mailed 1959."

- Hermann Braunn, in conversation with Jon Hendricks, June 28, 2005

95

Dick Higgins

Graphis No. 24

1959 or 1961

Graphite on paper

42.6 x 35.2 cm

There is a label on the back of the work in the artist's hand, which reads:

"1st Performed New York City, Living Theater, May 1962"

This work was programmed for: "happenings danger music/FLUXUS/Dick Higgins-Alison

Knowles, "Alléteatern, Stockholm, March 1, 1963; "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 18, 1964.

This work was exhibited in the International Graphic Scores Exhibition (November 10-20, 1962, Minami Gallery, Tokyo), organized by Kuniharu Akiyama and Toshi Ichiyanagi.

96

Dick Higgins Graphis 82 June 1960 Ink on paper 27.8 x 27.85 cm

There is a label on the back of the work in the artist's hand, which reads:

"Graphic 82 (master score) first performed New York City, Living Theater, 5/62 by Dick Higgins"

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 14, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCRETE," American Student Center, Paris, December 3, 1962 and December 4, 1962; "SOMETHING ELSE," Institute of Contemporary Art, London, November 5, 1965 [part of a "collage of events"].

This work was exhibited in the International Graphic Scores Exhibition (November 10-20, 1962, Minami Gallery, Tokyo), organized by Kuniharu Akiyama and Toshi Ichiyanagi.

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

97

Dick Higgins **Graphis 89, "for a drama"** 1961 Ink on paper

35.2 42.6 cm

There is a label on the back of the work in the artist's hand, which reads:

"Graphic #89 (1961)

for a drama By Dick Higgins"

This work was exhibited in the International Graphic Scores Exhibition (November 10-20, 1962, Minami Gallery, Tokyo), organized by Kuniharu Akiyama and Toshi Ichiyanagi.

**ILLUSTRATED** 

98

Dick Higgins

Danger Music Number Fifteen

May 1962

Mimeograph on cardstock with holograph graphite date  $7.7 \times 12.7$  cm

This work was programmed for "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, between September 1 and 23, 1962.

**ILLUSTRATED** 

99

Dick Higgins

**Danger Music Number Seventeen** 

May 1962

Mimeograph on cardstock with holograph graphite date 7.7 x 12.7 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, between September 1 and 23, 1962; Parallele Auffuhrungen Neuster Musik," Galerie Monet, Rokin, Amsterdam, October 5, 1962 [Part A]; "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 24, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCRETe," American Student Center, Paris, December 6, 1962; "happenings danger music/FLUXUS/Dick Higgins-Alison Knowles," Alléteatern, Stockholm, March 3, 1963.

**ILLUSTRATED** 

100

Dick Higgins

**Danger Music Number Seventeen** 

May 1962

Performed by the artist

ca. 1962

Photograph possibly by Wolf Vostell

Gelatin silver print

25.2 x 20.2 cm

This photograph was used by the artist for the dust jacket of his book *Postface* [*Jefferson's Birthday/Postface*].

**ILLUSTRATED** 

101 -

Dick Higgins

# **Danger Music Number Seventeen**

May 1962

Performed by the artist

On November 2, 1964

Café au Go Go, New York City Photograph by Peter Moore

Gelatin silver print

17.1 x 18.5 cm

102

Dick Higgins

**Graphis 118** 

November 1962

Instructions:

Blue and red ink on 2 sheets of paper

22.8 x 17.8 cm, each

Score:

Photostat on paper, glued to board

Photostat: 13.3 x 15.5 cm, irregular (approx.)

Board: 23.7 x 20.5, irregular

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 24, 1962; "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater," Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf, February 3, 1963; "happenings danger music/FLUXUS/Dick Higgins-Alison Knowles," Alléteatern, Stockholm, March 3, 1963.

"What George did might also well have been 'Graphis 118,' printed in *Jefferson's Birthday* on page 65 as drawn by George. That one was usually done by a group with a fast shuffling step from upstage L to downstage R, so that they would move slowly apart and then crowd together again at the end. It was composed to replace 'Graphis 117' (done for the lecture space at Wiesbaden and itself a replacement for 'Graphis 82') which needed more rehearsal time than we could deal with."

- Dick Higgins, letter to Jon Hendricks, August 26, 1995

103

Dick Higgins

**Graphis 118** 

November 1962

Performed by (from left to right) Dick Higgins, [Frank Trowbridge ?], Nam June Paik, Joseph Beuys, Tomas Schmit, Bengt af Klintberg, Arthur Koepcke, Wolf Vostell, George Maciunas, Alison Knowles, and Daniel Spoerri

On February 3, 1963

During "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater"

Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf

Photograph by Manfred Leve

Gelatin silver print

17.8 x 23.9 cm

104

Dick Higgins

Danger Music No. 28

February 10, 1963

Typewriter on cardstock

7.5 x 12.7 cm

105

Dick Higgins

Requiem for Wagner the Criminal Mayor

5 reel to reel audio tapes, with related notations 1962

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 22, 1962 (2:30 pm); "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 28, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 8, 1962 (7 pm); "RECITAL D'AVANTGUARDIA," Galleria Blu, Milano, November 16, 1964.

106

Dick Higgins

The Thousand Symphonies;

Symphony No. 357

1968-1991

Three movements

- 1. Andante allegro
- 2. Largo
- 3. Presto con ritornelli

Mud and ink on 3 sheets of machine gunned, printed music paper

57.3 x 44.2 cm each

107

Toshi Ichiyanagi

**IBM for Merce Cunningham** 

December 1960

**Music for Electric Metronome** 

April 1960

2 scores: Ossolith prints

29.6 x 41.9 cm

Prepared by George Maciunas for the Fluxus edition, 1963

Versions of these two scores were exhibited in "4 composers—exhibition of graphic score" [sic], Tokyo Gallery, Tokyo, Japan, April 16 to April 26, 1962.

IBM for Merce Cunningham was programmed for:

"Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik,"
Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden,
September 15, 1962; "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det
Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen,
November 26, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM
/ POESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE
EVENèNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American
Student Center, Paris, December 6, 1962; "Fully
Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New
York City, May 2, 1964.

Music for Electric Metronome was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 15, 1962; "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/ det Instrumentale Teater," November 25, 1962, Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 5, 1962.

108

Toshi Ichiyanagi

# **Music for Electric Metronome**

April 1960

Master, typed and drawn by George Maciunas for the Fluxus Edition, 1963
Ink and typewriter on vellum 28.2 x 38.7 cm, irregular

ILLUSTRATED: Score only

109

Toshi Ichiyanagi

# **IBM for Merce Cunningham**

December 1960

Master, typed and drawn by George Maciunas for the Fluxus Edition, 1963
Ink and typewriter on vellum
20.8 x 29.4 cm

110

Toshi Ichiyanagi

# MUSIC FOR PIANO NO. 7

March 1961

Ink, typewriter and rubberstamp on 10 sheets of score, plus 1 Ossolith sheet of instructions

Instructions: Osolith on paper, Fluxus Edition, 1963 29.9 x 21.2 cm

Scores: Typewriter and ink on paper, drawn by George Maciunas for the Fluxus Edition, 1963

42 x 29.2 cm, each

A version of this score was exhibited in "4 composers exhibition of graphic score" [sic], Tokyo Gallery, Tokyo, Japan, April 16 to April 26, 1962. This work was programmed for: "SNEAK PREVIEW: fluxus," streets of Paris, July 3, 1962; "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 1, 1962 (8:00 pm); "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," November 26, 1962, Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / POESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCRETE," American Student Center, Paris, December 7, 1962.

111

Terry Jennings

# **String Quartet**

September 1960

Fluxus Edition master, drawn by George Maciunas in 1963

Ink and rubberstamp on vellum 29.6 x 21.1 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 8, 1962.

**ILLUSTRATED** 

112

Yves Klein

# Symphonie Monoton-Silence

ca. 1947/48-1961

Reproduced in the book *Yves Klein 1928-1962 Selected Writings*, trans. Barbara Wright (London: Tate Gallery, 1974), 96 pages.

Collection of Jon and Joanne Hendricks

113

Milan Knizak

**AWEEK** 

1965

Holograph green ink on paper 26.5 x 20.3 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

114

Milan Knizak

Complete Works/"WHY JUST SO/BOOK ONE" 1968

Preparatory maquette for an unrealized Fluxus Edition; plus a letter to George Maciunas with a handpainted image for the cover of the publication, approximately 92 pages

Photographs, collage, original typeset, Holograph notes and sketches on paper, and other material, contained in a Kodak photographic paper box

Box:

37.3 x 29.5 x 2.5 cm, approx.

The scores included in this work date from 1968 and earlier.

115

Alison Knowles

by Alison Knowles

Carbon copy and typewriter; ink, blue pencil, graphite on 10 sheets of paper

27.9 x 21.5 cm, each

#1-Shuffle

1961

#2- Proposition

October 1962

#2a- Variation #1 on Proposition

October 1964

#3- Nivea Cream Piece - for Oscar Williams

November 1962

#3a- Variation #1 on Nivea Cream Piece

n.d.

#4- Child Art Piece

December 1962

#4b- Variation on Child Art Piece

May 1964

**#5- Street Piece** 

October 1962 to March 1963

#6- Shoes of Your Choice

March 1963

**#7- Piece for Any Number of Vocalists** 

December 1962

#7a- Variation #1 on Piece for any Number of Vocalists

December 1962

#7b- Sing Along (a variation on #7)

April 1963

#8- Performance Piece #8

Summer 1965

#9- Color Music #2 / original version

October 1963

#9a- Variation on Color Music #2, original version

Autumn 1963

#9b- Color Music #2, revised version

Autumn 1963

#10- Braid

March 1964

#10a- Variation #1 on #10 (Sometimes called "String

Piece,")

April 1964

#11- Printing Piece

May 1964

#12- Simultaneous Bean Reading

Autumn 1964

**#13- Composition for Paik** 

Autumn 1964

#14- Chair Piece for George Brecht

Winter 1965

#15- Wounded Furniture

Summer 1965

**#16- Giveaway Construction** 

1963? [sic]

#17- Color Music #1 / for Dick Higgins

September 1963

This is the typescript for a publication of Alison Knowles' collected scores, published as *By Alison Knowles*, as the first Great Bear Pamphlet in 1965. The typescript has typographical notations by Dick Higgins and other hands,

and deletions by an unknown hand.

The score for **Proposition**, "Make a salad.", included in this manuscript, was performed at "Festival of Misfits, Special evening at the Institute of Contemporary Art London," ICA, London, October 24, 1962; "Fluxus/ Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 26, 1962; "happenings danger music/FLUXUS/Dick Higgins-Alison Knowles," Alléteatern, Stockholm, March 2, 1963.

ILLUSTRATED: Page 1 of a 10-page manuscript

116

Alison Knowles

Nivea Cream Piece for O. Williams

November 1962

Performed by the artist and (from left to right) Arthur Koepcke, Emmett Williams, Dick Higgins, George

Maciunas, and others obscured

On November 23, 1962

During "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale

Teater"

Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen

Photograph by Lars Hansen for Politikens Presse Gelatin silver print with photographer's stamp and copyright notice on back.

18.4 x 24.1 cm

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

Photograph © Lars Hansen / Polfoto Used with kind permission of Polfoto

117

Alison Knowles

Music by Alison

1964

Performed by the artist and Ben Vautier

On May 23, 1964

During "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts"

New York City

Photograph by George Maciunas

Gelatin silver print

16.8 x 17.7 cm

118

Alison Knowles

Proposition

Variation #1

October 1964

Performed by the artist on November 9, 1964

Café au Go Go

Photograph by Peter Moore

11.8 x 13.3 cm

119

Alison Knowles

#### THE IDENTICAL LUNCH

1969

Documentation of realizations of the score, made by the artist in 1973

Serigraph and pigment on stretched canvas

Unique version

11 canvases:

43 x 43 cm, approx. each

# "MICHAEL COOPER PERFORMS THE **IDENTICAL LUNCH"**

"RON JENKINS and BRIAN JACOBS PERFORMS

[sic] THE IDENTICAL LUNCH"

"JAN HERMAN PERFORMS THE IDENTICAL LUNCH"

"SHIGEKO KUBOTA PERFORMS THE IDENTICAL LUNCH"

"GEORGE MACIUNAS PERFORMS THE

**IDENTICAL LUNCH"** 

"STEPHEN VARBLE [and GEOFFREY

HENDRICKS PERFORMS THE IDENTICAL

LUNCH"

"Ay-O PERFORMS THE IDENTICAL LUNCH" "JOHN A. KIMM PERFORMS THE IDENTICAL

LUNCH"

"UNIDENTIFIED WOMAN PERFORMS THE **IDENTICAL LUNCH"** 

"HUMPHREY M. EVANS PERFORMS THE

**IDENTICAL LUNCH"** 

"ANNE BRAZEAU PERFORMS THE IDENTICAL LUNCH"

120

Arthur Koepcke

"heute/+morgn/+immer/wieder/bis..."

1962

Typewriter, collage and ink on the back of a fragment of

Emmett Williams An Opera

29 x 11.9 cm

121

Arthur Koepcke

**Reading Work Pieces** 

1962-65

Readymade plastic and metal suitcase, containing the

complete original scores

Ink, rubberstamp, offset, crayon, pen, etc. on various papers, and a light bulb, Ajax can, pen, and a book 40 x 43 x 13.5 cm

Susanne Rennert states that a number of these works date from as early as the 1950s, and Koepcke intently worked on Reading Work Pieces during the period 1963-64, and that they were finished by 1965.

122

Arthur Koepcke

Reading Work Piece No. 1 music while you work

Performed by (from left to right) Tomas Schmit, X, X, X, George Maciunas, Nam June Paik, Wolf Vostell, X, and the artist

On February 3, 1963

During "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und

Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater"

Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf

Photograph by Manfred Leve

Gelatin silver print

17.7 x 23.9 cm

The score being performed reads:

piece No. 1

= called "music while you work"

1 person/agrammophone [sic]/a record/3 pieces of

place the 3 pieces of scotchtape on different spots of the record

expirations: the record/ music starts and the exponent has

work (i.e. clean the stage)

when the grammophone-needle [sic] hits the scotchtape, the music

stumples [sic] and the actor has to begin the record again every time

the piece is over a) when the work is finished b) if the record ends

several persons / objects as names above and same preparation

and all exponents have to work, i.e.: a couple is dancing/ one is making a speech/ one washes his feet/ cleaning the stage/

one comes in and goes out again all the time/striptease/ &c

when the music stumples [sic] <u>all</u> the actors have to meet at the

grammophone [sic]

the piece is over i.e. when the last across has finished his work, who is ready before leaves the stage

find other versions

### **ILLUSTRATED**

Photograph © Manfred Leve Used with kind permission of the photographer

123

Arthur Koepcke

Reading Work Piece No. 1 music while you work

1962

Performed on November 13, 1964

"FLUX/FESTIVAL/NIEUWSTE MUZIEK EN ANTI-MUZIEK – HET INSTRUMENTALE THEATER"

Kurzaal, Scheveningen Photograph by Egbert Munks Gelatin silver print 17.7 x 23.9 cm

124

Arthur Koepcke

Reading Work Piece No. 10 fill with own imagination

1962

Offset, rubberstamp, typewriter and glue on stiff paper 11 x 11 cm, approx.

Arthur Koepcke

Reading Work Piece No. 10 fill with own imagination

1965

Rubberstamp on paper

13.5 x 19.1 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

126

Arthur Koepcke

Reading Work Piece No. 118

20 Cigarettes

1962

Ink on gelatin silver print

7.2 x 9.9 cm

Programmed for: "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater," Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf, February 2, 1963. On the back, Koepcke has written "Für Wolf Vostell / Arthur Køpcke / Dec, 62 / Paris/Copenhagen." indicating that it was also performed at "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/ det Instrumentale Teater," Copenhagen, November 23 to 28, 1962, and at "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 3 to 8, 1962.

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

127

Arthur Koepcke

THE DOG

1966

Offset, yellow pigment, and conté crayon on paper 35 x 22 cm, approx.

This is the concept for the artist's film *The Dog*.

128

Arthur Koepke and/or Eric Andersen

PRESENT

n.d

Rubber stamp and typewriter on paper

15.1 x 20.2 x 0.2 cm

Eric Andersen

"Two Scores"

Opus 48

Mimeograph on paper

n.d.

Opus 46

n.d.

Mimeograph on paper 29.6 x 20.9 cm

A rubber band binds the two works together.

129

Takehisa Kosugi

Plan for a concert program and program notes 1966

Four sheets

a: 42.7 irregular x 21.7 cm b, c, d: 28 x 21.7 cm each

a: Typewriter, ink, and graphite on three pieces of paper glued together.

b, c,d: Typewriter glued to paper, offset on cardstock glued to paper, and ink on paper.

Includes:

**Biographical Sketch** 

1966

ANIMA 7

1962

**TENDER MUSIC** 

August 1965

For Mr. M

ca. 1964

**Instrumental Music** 

ca. 1965

To W.

n.d.

Organic Music

ca. 1964

Film & Film #4

ca. 1965

Organic Music was programmed for "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, May 2, 1964; "Fluxus Presents/Fluxus Symphony Orchestra in Fluxus Concert," Carnegie Recital Hall, New York City, June 27, 1964; "FLUX-FESTIVAL," Den Haag, November 13, 1964.

ILLUSTRATED: Page 2 of a 4-page manuscript

130

Takehisa Kosugi

Micro I

ca. 1961-62

Performed by Willem de Ridder

On December 18, 1963

During the "Internationaal Programma/Nieuwste Muziek - Nieuwste Theater/Nieuwste Literatuur"

De Kleine Komedie, Amsterdam Photograph by Paul van den Bos

Gelatin silver print

23.5 x 15.8 cm

131

Takehisa Kosugi

events

1964/ca. 1967

Includes 3 scores dated 1965

Fluxus Edition

Label designed by George Maciunas

Offset label on orange paper, glued to the lid of a plastic

Includes 18 scores, offset on card stock

Box: 12 x 10.2 x 2.5 cm

Kosugi's most famous Fluxus work, Micro I, not included with this group of scores, was programmed for: "SNEAK PREVIEW: fluxus," streets of Paris, July 3, 1962; "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 15, 1962; "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 24, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENèNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 5, 1962; "Internationaal Programma/Nieuwste Muziek - Nieuwste Theater/ Nieuwste Literatuur," De Kleine Komedie, Amsterdam, December 18, 1963; "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 18, 1964; "FLUX-FESTIVAL," Den Haag, November 13, 1964; "UN CONCIERTO ZAJ part of Festival ZAJ 2 (May 21-29, 1966)," University of Madrid, May 29, 1966; "Concert Fluxus /Art Total," Galleria Il Punto, Turin, April 27, 1967.

132

Takehisa Kosugi

**Theater Music** 

1964

and/or

Yoko Ono

Painting to Be Stepped On

1960/64

Fluxus Edition, arranged by George Maciunas Footprints and shoeprints, black pigment on paper 45 x 63 cm, approx.

133

Shigeko Kubota

1st.LOVE, 2nd.LOVE... "Make a floor with waste

# paper, which are all love letters..."

1963

Combined with the announcement for the exhibition "Shigeko Kubota; Sculpture Solo Exhibition" at Naiqua Gallery, December 1-3, 1963

Score-flyer

Score: Typewriter in tissue paper; glued to the invitation: black letterpress on glossy perforated paper 9.6 x 28.1 cm

the invitation

Shigeko Kubota Sculpture Solo Exhibition, December 1st - 7th

AM11:00 - PM7:00 Naiqua Gallery Minato-Ku Shiba Shinbashi 2-12 Tsutsumi 2nd Building TEL 591-6795

- Translation kindly provided by Miyuki Sugaya of Gallery 360 Degrees, Tokyo

134

Shigeko Kubota

# **Vagina Painting**

1965

Performed by the artist

On July 4, 1965

During "Perpetual Fluxfest"

Cinematheque, New York City

Photograph by George Maciunas

Gelatin silver print

18.3 x 18.3 cm

# **ILLUSTRATED**

135

Shigeko Kubota

# **Vagina Painting**

1965

Performed by the artist

On July 4, 1965

During "Perpetual Fluxfest"

Cinematheque, New York City

Photograph by George Maciunas

Gelatin silver print

18.3 x 18.3 cm

136

György Ligeti

**TROIS BAGATELLES for David Tudor** 

1961/1963

Fluxus Edition

Offset on 4 sheets of paper

18.9 x 20.8 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik"

Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September

2, 1962 (2:30 pm); "Parallele Auffuhrungen Neuster Musik," Galerie Monet, Rokin, Amsterdam, October 5, 1962; "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 27, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 7, 1962; "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater," Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf, February 2, 1963; "SOMMERUDSTILLINGER 1963/FLUXUS FESTIVAL/FLUXUS-AFTEN," Tonekunstnerselskab, Copenhagen, June 7, 1963; "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 25, 1964; "Fluxus Presents/Fluxus Symphony Orchestra in Fluxus Concert," Carnegie Recital Hall, New York City, June 27, 1964; "UN CONCIERTO ZAJ part of Festival **ZAJ 2** (May 21-29, 1966)," University of Madrid, May 29, 1966

137

George Maciunas

# MUSIC FOR EVERYMAN (do it yourself music)

November 1961

Blueprint on photosensitive paper, and Osolith on transparent paper

28.3 x 115.5 cm, irregular

138

George Maciunas

# 12 Compositions for Nam June Paik

January 2, 1962

Master, for the Fluxus Edition

Typewriter on paper

7.9 x 20.2 cm

Piano Piece No. 1 for Nam June Paik was programmed for: "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/Electronic Music," Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam, June 23, 1963; "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 25, 1964.

Piano Piece No. 4 was programmed for: "UN CONCIERTO ZAJ part of Festival ZAJ 2 (May 21-29, 1966)," University of Madrid, May 29, 1966.

**Piano Piece No. 8** was programmed for: "NEO-DADA in der Musik," Kammerspiele Düsseldorf, Düsseldorf, June 16, 1962.

Piano Piece No. 10 was programmed for: "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 27, 1962; "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 25, 1964; "UN CONCIERTO ZAJ part of Festival ZAJ 2 (May 21-29, 1966)," University of Madrid, May 29,

1966; "FLUXUS, LA CEDILLE QUI SOURIT, ART TOTAL, POESIE, ACTION," Lunds Konsthall, Lund, March 10, 1967 [or between March 10-12, 1967].

Piano Piece No. 11 was programmed for: "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 27, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 7, 1962.

Piano Piece No. 12 was programmed for: "NEO-DADA in der Musik," Kammerspiele Düsseldorf, Düsseldorf, June 16, 1962; "Fluxus Presents/Fluxus Symphony Orchestra in Fluxus Concert," Carnegie Recital Hall, New York City, June 27, 1964.

# **ILLUSTRATED**

139

George Maciunas

Piano Composition No. 1

from 12 PIANO COMPOSITIONS FOR NAM JUNE

**PAIK** 

January 2, 1962

Performed on June 23, 1963

During "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/Electronic Music"

Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam Photograph by Oscar van Alphen

Gelatin silver print with photographer's label adhered to back

21.4 x 30.5 cm

140

George Maciunas

SOLO FOR VIOLIN for Sylvano Bussotti

January 2, 1962 Master, for the Fluxus Edition

Blueprint positive and ink

21.1 x 29.8 cm

This work was programmed for: "a little festival of new music," Goldsmith's College, London, July 6, 1963.

**ILLUSTRATED** 

141

George Maciunas

SOLO FOR VIOLIN

1962

Performed by Ben Vautier

On May 23, 1964

During "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts"

Canal Street, New York City Photograph by George Maciunas Gelatin silver print 38.9 x 39 cm

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

142

George Maciunas

TRIO FOR BASS SORDUNE (C NOTE), VOICE, OLD SCORE AND ETUIS for Heinz Klaus Metzger

January 2, 1962 (revised)
Master, for the Fluxus Edition
Ink and typewriter on translucent paper
22.9 x 29.4 cm, irregular (approx.)

143

George Maciunas

SOLO FOR BALLOONS for J.P. Wilhelm

January 3, 1962

Fluxus printing
Osolith or blueprint positive with holograph score
notations in black ink by the artist on opaque paper

6.3 x 26.7 cm

144

George Maciunas

SOLO FOR IMPORTANT MAN for Manfred de la

Motte

January 3, 1962

Master for the Fluxus Edition

Typewriter on paper

5.9 x 21.3 cm

145

George Maciunas

SOLO FOR SICK MAN

January 4, 1962

Master for the Fluxus Edition

Typewriter and ink on translucent paper

11 x 28.9 cm, irregular

146

George Maciunas

HOMAGE TO YOKO ONO

January 11, 1962 Fluxus printing

Osolith on opaque paper

22.3 x 15 cm

ILLUSTRATED

147

George Maciunas

"Six Scores"

Fluxus printing Photostat and ink on paper 48.8 x 15 cm

HOMAGE TO LA MONTE YOUNG

January 12, 1962

HOMAGE TO DICK HIGGINS

January 12, 1962

HOMAGE TO RICHARD MAXFIELD

January 12, 1962

HOMAGE TO WALTER DE MARIA

January 13, 1962

HOMAGE TO JACKSON MAC LOW

January 14, 1962

HOMAGE TO PHILIP CORNER

January 14, 1962

**ILLUSTRATED** 

148

George Maciunas

HOMAGE TO JACKSON MAC LOW

January 14, 1962

Master for the Fluxus Edition Typewriter on translucent paper

18.1 x 22.6 cm

149

George Maciunas

HOMAGE TO PHILIP CORNER

January 14, 1962

Master for the Fluxus Edition

Typewriter and ink on translucent paper

10.7 x 22.1 cm, irregular

150

George Maciunas

IN MEMORIAM to ADRIANO OLIVETTI

March 20, 1962

2 sheets: instructions and score

Instructions:

Blue print positive or Osolith on thin paper

29.8 irregular x 8.5 cm

Score:

Carbon on adding machine tape (paper)

Fluxus printing (?)

225 (approx.) x 5.7 cm

Various versions of this score were programmed for: "Kleinen Sommerfest/'Après John Cage'," Galerie Parnass, Wuppertal, June 9, 1962; "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 16, 1962; "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 23, 1962;

"Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater," Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf, February 2, 1963; "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/Electronic Music," Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam, June 23, 1963; "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/Electronic Music," Bleijenburg 16, Den Haag, June 28, 1963; "Fluxus Festival of Total Art and Comportment," Nice, July 26, 1963 and July 27, 1963 (Hotel Scribe); "POESIE ET CETERA AMERICAINE," Musée d'art moderne, Paris, October 9, 1963; "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 18, 1964; "KONCERT FLUXU," Prague, October 13, 1966; "FLUXUS, LA CEDILLE QUI SOURIT, ART TOTAL, POESIE, ACTION," Lunds Konsthall, Lund, March 10-12, 1967; "Concert Fluxus /Art Total," Galleria Il Punto, Turin, April 27, 1967; "A PAPER EVENT BY THE FLUXMASTERS OF THE REAR-GARDE," Time Inc. Auditorium, Time & Life Building, New York City, November 15, 1967

ILLUSTRATED: Only the instructions

151

George Maciunas

Time/time projected in 2 dim. space POETRY GRAPHICS/space/space projected in time GRAPHIC MUSIC/Time/Time projected in space MUSIC THEATER/space (chart)

ca. spring 1962 Blueprint positive 17.6 x 29.8 cm

152

George Maciunas

PIECE FOR 3 MOUTHS (Homage to Toshi Ichiyanagi)

May 3, 1962

Fluxus Edition

Blueprint positive on translucent paper

22.5 x 36.9 cm

153

George Maciunas

IN MEMORIAM TO ADRIANO OLIVETTI

**Versions 1-5** 

March 20, 1962, revised November 8, 1962

Fluxus printing

Blueprint on paper

29.9 x 21.2 cm

This score was possibly brought to Denmark for use in the "Festum Fluxorum/Musik Og Anti-Musik Det Instrumentale Teater" at the Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 23, 1962.

17.3 x 26.9 cm

George Maciunas

# IN MEMORIAM TO ADRIANO OLIVETTI **VERSION 6 and EXAMPLE**

March 20, 1962, revised November 8, 1962/1963

Fluxus Edition

Typewriter, Osolith or blueprint positive, and rubberstamp on transparent paper

29.6 x 21 cm

155

George Maciunas

#### IN MEMORIAM TO ADRIANO OLIVETTI

Version 1 Poem

March 20, 1962, revised November 8, 1962

Performed on November 23, 1962

Performed by (from left to right) Albert Mertz, Arthur Koepcke, Alison Knowles, and others (at left, an audience

member trying to disrupt performance)

During "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale

Teater"

Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen

Photograph by Jesper Stormly

Gelatin silver print with photographer's copyright sticker

on back.

20.3 x 25.4 cm

156

George Maciunas

# IN MEMORIAM TO ADRIANO OLIVETTI

Version 3 Ballet

March 20, 1962, revised November 8, 1962

Performed by (from right to left): Tomas Schmit, George

Maciunas, X, X, X, X, On June 23, 1963

During "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/Electronic Music"

Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam

Photograph by Oscar Van Alphen

Gelatin silver print, with photographer's label adhered to

20.7 x 30.4 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

Photograph © Oscar van Alphen

157

George Maciunas

# DUET FOR C ON BASS SORDUNE, VOICE AND AN OLD SCORE

1962

Fluxus Edition

Osolith or blueprint positive with holograph score notations in black ink by the artist on opaque paper

George Maciunas "Two Scores"

ca. 1962

158

Fluxus Edition

Osolith or blueprint positive with printed score notations

by the artist on opaque paper

21.1 x 26.95 cm

# DUET FOR FULL BOTTLE AND WINE GLASS

1962

SOLO FOR RICH MAN

1962

159

George Maciunas

# TRIO FOR LADDER, MUD AND PEBBLES

Master for the Fluxus Edition

Ink and typewriter on paper

15.1 x 16.1 cm

160

George Maciunas

Composition 1971

[version A]

1971

Offset on paper

17 x 21.6 cm

161

George Maciunas

# Piano Piece No. 13

1964

Performed by the artist

On April 25, 1964

During "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts"

Canal Street, New York City

Photograph by Peter Moore

Gelatin silver print

The white piano is the result of a performance of George Maciunas' 12 PIANO COMPOSITIONS FOR NAM JUNE PAIK, Composition No. 3, Variation (1962-1964). In 1965, Maciunas referred to the act of hammering nails into the piano keys as Piano Piece No. 13. It is programmed as "For Carpenter" for April 25, 1964, and is published in Tulane Drama Review 10, No. 2 (1965), where it is captioned as Piano Piece No. 13.

Jackson Mac Low

21.21.29., the 5th biblical poem (for 3 simultaneous voices) the 1st biblical play.

January 27, 1955

Carbon copy, graphite, red and blue ink, and typewriter on white paper 27.9 x 21.6 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 26, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCRETE," American Student Center, Paris, December 4, 1962; "POESIE ET CETERA AMERICAINE," Musée d'art moderne, Paris, October 9, 1963.

163

Jackson Mac Low

# LETTERS FOR IRIS NUMBERS FOR SILENCE

January 18-20, 1961

Instructions:

Typewriter (carbon copy) on 2 sheets of paper each 28 x 21.8 cm, stapled

Scores:

India ink on stiff white card stock 51 cards (50 are one-sided, and 1 is two-sided, plus 1 unmarked 3 x 5 card, apparently a later addition) 7.5 x 12.7 each

The cards are contained in two envelopes, each approximately 8.7 x 16.5 cm, with red ink holograph notation.

This work was programmed for: "SNEAK PREVIEW: fluxus," streets of Paris, July 3, 1962; "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 8, 1962; "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 24, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 4, 1962; "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater," Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf, February 2, 1963; "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/ Exhibits/Electronic Music," Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam, June 23, 1963; "Internationaal Programma/ Nieuwste Muziek - Nieuwste Theater/Nieuwste Literatuur," De Kleine Komedie, Amsterdam, December 18, 1963.

ILLUSTRATED: The envelopes and some of the 51 scores are visible, not the 2-page instruction

Jackson Mac Low
Asymmetry No. 20
1961

Black India ink on paper 21.6 x 30.1 cm

165

Jackson Mac Low **Asymmetry** 

1961

Black and colored India inks and watercolors on paper 21.6 x 30.2 cm

166

Jackson Mac Low
Asymmetry

1961

Black India ink on paper 21.6 x 30.2 cm

167

Jackson Mac Low

Asymmetry

1961

Black India ink on paper

21.6 x 30.2 cm

168

Jackson Mac Low

**SOCIAL PROJECT 1** 

April 29, 1963

Typewriter on cardstock, stamps and postal cancellation  $7.6 \times 12.7 \text{ cm}$ 

169

Jackson Mac Low

**SOCIAL PROJECT 2** 

April 29, 1963

Typewriter on cardstock, stamps and postal cancellation  $7.6 \times 12.7$  cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

170

Jackson Mac Low

**SOCIAL PROJECT 3** 

April 29, 1963

Typewriter on cardstock, stamps and postal cancellation 7.6 x 12.7 cm

Yoriaki Matsudaira

# CO-ACTION FOR CELLO AND PIANO I

n.d./1963

Fluxus Edition master, drawn by George Maciunas Instructions: Ink and typewriter on 2 sheets of paper

29.5 x 21.1 cm

Score: Ink and rubber stamp on 2 sheets of paper

21.1 x 29.5 cm

This work was programmed for: "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 7, 1962.

ILLUSTRATED: Page 1 of the score only

172

Pierre Mercure

Structures Métalliques No. 2 pour Armand Vaillancourt

July 30, 1961

Red and black ink on paper, mounted on stiff card

Overall size: 37.9 x 44.1 cm

This work was exhibited in the International Graphic Scores Exhibition (November 10-20, 1962, Minami Gallery, Tokyo), organized by Kuniharu Akiyama and Toshi Ichiyanagi.

173

Pierre Mercure

METALLIC STRUCTURES NO. 3 for scrap metal and stereo tape

1962

Master for the Fluxus Edition
Typewriter on vellum or translucent paper

29.5 x 21 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 16, 1962; "Fluxus/ Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," November 26, 1962, Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen.

**ILLUSTRATED** 

174

Pierre Mercure

**METALLIC STRUCTURES NO. 3** 

PART 2

1962

Black and red ink on paper

20.9 x 27 cm

Pierre Mercure

METALLIC STRUCTURES NO. 3 PART NO. 7

1962

Fluxus Edition

Blueprint positive or typewriter, ink and graphite on paper 10.3 x 29.7 cm

There is a notation on the work, probably in Arthur Koepcke's hand, which says "Allé Scenen." This indicates that this score was for a performance at

"Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Allé Scenen, Copenhagen, November 25, 1962.

176

Heinz-Klaus Metzger

Untitled "to george maciunas 1962"

1962

Ink on staff paper

12 x 15.6 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

177

Yoko Ono

Painting to Hammer a Nail I

1961 Winter

Ink on paper

25.1 x 36.5 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

178

Yoko Ono

Painting for a Broken Sewing Machine

1961 Winter

Ink on paper

25.1 x 35.7 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

179

Yoko Ono

Painting to Construct in your Head ("Look through a phone book")

1961 Winter Ink on paper 25.1 x 35.9 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

180

Yoko Ono

Portrait of Mary 5 (Painting to Enlarge and See)

1961 Summer Ink on paper 25 x 35.7 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

181

Yoko Ono

Portrait of Mary (Painting to Let the Evening Light Go Through)

1961 Summer Ink on paper 25 x 35.8 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

182

Yoko Ono

4 pieces for orchestra to La Monte Young

1962, summer

Performance scores prepared by George Maciunas for the performance: "fluxorchestra at Carnegie Recital Hall," September 25, 1965

Five elements on cardstock

1. Score: Ink on yellow cardstock, written by George Maciunas, 7.6 x 12.7 cm.

On the back is the word EXCHANGE" written in green flow ink, probably not in Maciunas's. Not part of original score.

2. "TEAR"

Black block type letters on stiff white card, prepared by Maciunas, 8.2 x 8.2 cm

3. "RUB"

Black block type letters on stiff white card, prepared by

Maciunas 7.9 x 8.3 cm

4. "PEEL"

Black block type letters on stiff white card, prepared by Maciunas, 8.5 x 9.6 cm

5. "PEAL":

Black block type letters on stiff white card, prepared by Maciunas. 8.4 x 9.2 cm

6. "TAKE OFF"

Black block type letters on stiff white card, prepared by Maciunas,  $8.1 \times 13.3$  cm

ILLUSTRATED: Only one of the individual scores is reproduced

183

Yoko Ono

Painting in Three Stanzas

1961 Summer

As installed "PAINTINGS & DRAWINGS," July 16-30,

1961 at AG Gallery, New York City

Gelatin silver print

Photograph by George Maciunas

26 x 26 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

184

Yoko Ono

**Painting for Smoke** 

1961 Summer Ink on paper 25 x 36.5 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

**ILLUSTRATED** 

185

Yoko Ono

Painting for the Burial

1961 Summer Ink on paper 25 x 36.5 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

Yoko Ono

Portrait of Mary 6 (Painting to See the Sky)

1961 Summer Ink on paper 25 x 36.5 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 1, 1962 (8:00 pm).

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

187

Yoko Ono

Portrait of Mary 8 (Painting for the Wind)

1961 Summer Ink on paper 25 x 36.5 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

188

Yoko Ono

"PAINTINGS & DRAWINGS"

July 16-30, 1961 AG Gallery, New York City Poster designed by George Maciunas Offset on laid paper 20.5 x 25.9 cm

189

Yoko Ono

Painting of Mary 4 (Painting to See the Room)

1961 Autumn Ink on paper 25.1 x 35.7 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

Yoko Ono

A Plus B Painting ("Let somebody other than

yourself...") 1961 Autumn Ink on paper 25 x 36.5 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

191

Yoko Ono

Portrait of Mary (A Plus B Painting)

1961 Autumn Ink on paper 25 x 36.5 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

192

Yoko Ono

Painting to Shake Hands

1961 Autumn Ink on paper 25 x 35.7 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

193

Yoko Ono

Painting for Three Stanzas

1961 Summer Ink on paper 25 x 35.8 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

Yoko Ono

Untitled (Painting to See the Sky)

1962

Ink on paper

25.3 x 36 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

195

Yoko Ono

Portrait of Mary 3 (Her Many Eyes)

1962 Spring Ink on paper

25 x 36.5

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

196

Yoko Ono

Painting to Construct in Your Head ("Hammer a nail in the center of a piece of glass...")

1962 Spring

Ink on paper

25 x 36.5 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

197

Yoko Ono

Painting to Construct in Your Head ("Imagine dividing the canvas...")

1962 Spring

Ink on paper

25.1 x 35.9 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

Yoko Ono

Painting to Construct in Your Head ("Observe Three Paintings...")

1962 Spring

Ink on paper

25.1 x 35.9 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

199

Yoko Ono

Painting to Be Constructed in your Head ("Go on transforming a square canvas...")

1962 Spring Ink on paper

25 x 35.7 cm

This work was included in the exhibition "WORKS OF YOKO ONO" at the Sogetsu Art Center, Tokyo, May 24, 1962.

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Collection, Detroit

200

Yoko Ono

"A GRAPEFRUIT IN THE World of PARK/A PIECE for Strawberries AND VIOLIN"

November 24, 1961

Carnegie Recital Hall, New York City Photograph as a poster by George Maciunas

Gelatin silver print 25.2 x 20.2 cm

ILLUSTRATED

201

Yoko Ono

Piece for Nam June Paik no. 1

March 27, 1964 Ink on paper 27.8 x 21.6 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

202

Yoko Ono

Grapefruit

1964

Offset on paper

Published by Wunternaum Press, Tokyo 13.8 x 13.8 x 3 cm

*Grapefruit* is a collection of scores and instructions from 1955 to 1964. George Maciunas had planned to publish the book as a Fluxus Edition of Yoko Ono's collected works, but when he became overwhelmed with projects, Yoko Ono self-published the work in Tokyo under the name Wunternaum Press, on July 4, 1964.

203

Yoko Ono

# Yoko Ono & Dance Co. 13 Day Dance Fest

Manuscript for the Fluxus Edition ca. 1965 or early 1966
Typewriter, ink, glued on paper, with holograph notations by the artist and George Maciunas
13 sheets: 21.7 x 14 cm each

1st Day is a 2006 approximation of the lost original.

When published in *Fluxus Newspaper No.* 7 (February 1, 1966), the work was untitled but presented as "*DO IT YOURSELF FLUXFEST PRESENTS / YOKO ONO & DANCE CO.*" When this work was republished by the artist in 1967, it was titled *YOKO ONO'S 13 DAYS DO-IT-YOURSELF DANCE FESTIVAL*.

# 1st day: breathe

Inkjet print on paper, approximation (original lost) 21.7 x 14 cm

### 2nd day: breathe

Typewriter on paper, with a holograph ink notation by Maciunas 21.7 x 14 cm

# 3rd day: breathe

Typewriter on paper, with a holograph ink number by Maciunas and crossed out type 21.7 x 14 cm

# 4th day: watch

Typewriter on paper and typewriter on paper glued to paper, with a holograph ink notation by George Maciunas and another script, possibly Maciunas.

21.7 x 14.6 cm

#### 5th day: watch

Typewriter on paper, with holograph ink notation by George Maciunas 21.7 x 14 cm

# 6th day: watch, and send information on FLOAT

Typewriter on paper, with typewriter on paper glued to paper; holograph ink notation by George Maciunas  $21.7 \times 14.7 \text{ cm}$ 

# 7th day: find

Typewriter on paper, with holograph ink notation by George Maciunas 21.7 x 14.1 cm

#### 8th day: take

Typewriter on paper, with holograph ink notation by Yoko Ono and by George Maciunas 21.7 x 14 cm

# 9th day: shake, and Advise on TAKE OFF PANTS

Typewriter on paper, and typewriter on paper glued to paper; with a holograph ink notation by George Maciunas 21.7 x 14 cm

# **ILLUSTRATED**

# **10th day: swim**, and **send HIDE-MOUTH information** Typewriter on paper and typewriter on paper glued to paper; with holograph ink notations by George Maciunas 21.7 x 14.1 cm

# 11th day: keep laughing a day

Typewriter on paper; with a holograph ink notation by George Maciunas 21.7 x 14.1 cm

# 12th day: disappear, and Fly

Typewriter on paper; typewriter on paper glued to paper; with holograph ink notations by Yoko Ono and by George Maciunas

21.7 x 14 cm

# **ILLUSTRATED**

# 13th day: wait, and DANCE REPORT

Typewriter on paper; typewriter on paper glued to paper; with a holograph ink notation by George Maciunas 21.7 x 14 cm

204

Yoko Ono

# YOKO ONO & DANCE CO. DO IT YOURSELF FLUX FEST (13 Day Dance Festival)

1966

Mechanical by George Maciunas for the Fluxus Edition Photostat, presstype, ink, white correction fluid and wood engraving glued to stiff paper 55.3 x 42.4 cm

Published as page 2 of the 4-page Fluxus Newspaper No. 7, 3 Newspaper EVenTs for the PRicE of \$1, February 1, 1966, and also as a separate offprint on stiff cardstock which Maciunas used to cut into indivudual square cards and packaged for a separate Yoko Ono Fluxus Edition.

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

Robin Page

"Please send something to dump on top of the Artist"

1966

Offset on pink card stock, mailed

Hand-addressed on the back to "George McCUNIS" [sic]

15.1 x 9.85 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

206

Nam June Paik

THEATER FOR POOR MAN

1961

Fluxus Edition

Offset on card stock

4.7 x 6.5

207

Nam June Paik

One for Violin

ca. 1962

Performed by the artist

On June 16, 1962

During "NEO-DADA in der Musik"

Kammerspiele Düsseldorf

Photograph by George Maciunas

Gelatin silver print

13.7 x 22 cm

ILLUSTRATED

208

Nam June Paik

One for Violin

ca. 1962

Performed by the artist

On June 16, 1962

During "NEO-DADA in der Musik"

Kammerspiele Düsseldorf

Photograph by George Maciunas

Gelatin silver print

13.7 x 22 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

209

Nam June Paik

HALF-TIME

1962

Ink, marker, and readymade PAA Time Selector mounted

on paper

29.2 x 20.8 cm

This work was programmed for: "RECITAL

D'AVANTGUARDIA," Galleria Blu, Milan, November

13, 1964.

**ILLUSTRATED** 

210

Nam June Paik

**SYMPHONIE NR. 5** 

ca. 1962-1963

18 pages, stapled

Altered offprint from text first published in *Happenings/Fluxus/Pop Art/Nouveau Réalisme/Eine Dokumentation/* 

Herausgegeben, edited by Jürgen Becker and Wolf Vostell

(Hamburg: Rohwolt Verlag, 1965), pages 223-239. "Translation: Tomas Schmit

Dedicated to C. Caspari"

13 x 10.1 cm

211

Nam June Paik

**Fluxus Champion** 

1963

Performed on February 3, 1963

During "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und

Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater"

Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf

Photograph by Manfred Leve

Silver gelatin print

17.5 x 23.7 cm

212

Nam June Paik

June 22 to July 13, 1963

"PIANO FOR ALL SENSES"

Amstel 47, Amsterdam

Block letters on paper, glued on paper

213

Nam June Paik

THE MONTHLY REVIEW of the UNIVERSITY for

Avant-Garde Hinduism! Postmusic

1963

Fluxus Edition

Offset on newsprint, 1 sheet, printed both sides

31 x 21.7 cm

214

Nam June Paik

MOVING THEATER No. 2

1963

Ditto ink on paper with Japanese poster stamp, and

remnants of a mailing envelope

26.6 x 36 cm, irregular

Nam June Paik

Sonatine foe Radio [sic]

1963

Typewriter, ink, staple and graphite on paper 27.8 x 21.6 cm

Nam June Paik has written the following on the back of the work: "originally written in Tokyo 63, sent to GM [George Maciunas] N.Y.C. original score disappeared or hardly legible. This is the copy. typed 1964 NYC (GM refused to print in the Newspaper.)"

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

216

Nam June Paik
"Flux time is always 6 am"
1976
IBM type on blue card stock
6.35 x 9.05 cm

In **DELAYED FLUX NEW YEAR'S EVE EVENT AT CLOCK TOWER**, April 18, 1976, the record of events, Maciunas wrote, "Nam June Paik had a video: 'Flux time is always 6 am' which was not brought in." Evidently, only the score (or title), prepared by George Maciunas, was exhibited.

217

Benjamin Patterson

# **Paper Piece**

1960

Ink on paper on two faces of a three-page letter dated December 22, 1960 with the original mailing envelope postmarked December 23, 1960.

22.5 x 17.6 cm

This letter from the artist to his parents indicates that he had composed the work in August, but that the printed version would not be finished before January 1, 1961.

This work was programmed for: "SNEAK PREVIEW: fluxus," streets of Paris, "NEO-DADA in der Musik," Kammerspiele Düsseldorf, Düsseldorf, June 16, 1962; July 3, 1962; "Festival of Misfits, Special evening at the Institute of Contemporary Art London," ICA, London, October 24, 1962; "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 23, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / POESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCRETe," American Student Center, Paris, December 3, 1962; "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater," Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf, February 2, 1963; "Fluxus Festival/Theatre

Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/Electronic Music," Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam, June 23, 1963; "Fluxus Festival of Total Art and Comportment," Nice, July 27, 1963 (9:00 pm); "POESIE ET CETERA AMERICAINE," Musée d'art moderne, Paris, October 9, 1963 (7 simultaneous compositions); "Internationaal Programma/Nieuwste Muziek – Nieuwste Theater/ Nieuwste Literatuur," De Kleine Komedie, Amsterdam, December 18, 1963; "SOMETHING ELSE," Institute of Contemporary Art, London, November 5, 1965 [part of a "collage of events"]; "KONCERT FLUXU," Prague, October 13, 1966; "FLUXUS, LA CEDILLE QUI SOURIT, ART TOTAL, POESIE, ACTION," Lunds Konsthall, Lund, March 10-12, 1967; "Concert Fluxus /Art Total," Galleria Il Punto, Turin, April 27, 1967.

ILLUSTRATED: Only 2 faces of a 3-page letter (which include the score) are illustrated

218

Benjamin Patterson

**Paper Piece** 

September 1960/1962

Fluxus Edition

Blueprint positive on paper

29.7 x 21 cm

This score was typed by George Maciunas, and printed for Fluxus distribution. However, it does not have the Fluxus copyright rubberstamp on it.

219

Benjamin Patterson

# **Paper Piece**

1960

Performed by the artist

On June 23, 1963

During "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/Electronic Music"

Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam

Photograph by Oscar van Alphen

Filotographi by Oscar van Alphen

Gelatin silver print with photographer's label adhered to

back

20.9 x 30.5 cm

220

Benjamin Patterson

# Paper Piece

1960

Performed by the artist

On June 23, 1963

During "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/Electronic Music"

Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam

Photograph by Oscar van Alphen

Gelatin silver print

Benjamin Patterson

**Paper Piece** 

1960

Performed by the artist

On June 23, 1963

During "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/Electronic Music"

Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam Photograph by Oscar van Alphen Gelatin silver print 17.8 x 24.1 cm

222

Benjamin Patterson

"Three Scores"

Wiesbaden 1962

Fluxus Edition

Blueprint positive on paper

# SECOND SOLO DANCE FROM "LEMONS"

1961

 $TRAFFIC\ LIGHT-A\ very\ Lawful\ Dance-for\ Ennis$ 

Wiesbaden, June 1962

ANTS (photographs of ants on paper)

Düsseldorf 1960, revised 1962

Solo for Dancer was programmed for: "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 24, 1962; "happenings danger music/FLUXUS/Dick Higgins-Alison Knowles," Alléteatern, Stockholm, March 3, 1963. Dance was programmed for: "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 18, 1964.

223

Benjamin Patterson

"Three Scores"

ca. 1961

Fluxus Edition

Blueprint positive on 2 sheets of paper

29.7 x 21 cm, each

overture (version II.)

1961

(version III)

ca. 1962

septet from "lemons"

ca. 1961

overture version II was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 16, 1962; "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale

septet from "lemons" was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 16, 1962; "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 26, 1962; "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater," Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf, February 2, 1963; "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/Electronic Music," Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam, June 23, 1963; "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 11, 1964.

224

Benjamin Patterson

#### VARIATIONS FOR DOUBLE-BASS

1961, revised 1962

Typewriter on 4 sheets of paper (probably a carbon copy) 28 x 21.8 cm

This work was programmed for: "Kleinen Sommerfest/ 'Après John Cage',"

Galerie Parnass, Wuppertal, June 9, 1962; "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," November 24, 1962, Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen; "SNEAK PREVIEW: fluxus," streets of Paris, July 3, 1962; "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 9, 1962 (8: 00 pm).

# **ILLUSTRATED**

225

Benjamin Patterson

#### VARIATIONS FOR DOUBLE-BASS

1961, revised 1962

Performed by the artist

On June 9, 1962

During "Kleinen Sommerfest/'Après John Cage'"

Galerie Parnass, Wuppertal

Photograph by Rolf Jährling

Silver gelatin print

25.3 x 20.2 cm

226

Benjamin Patterson

# VARIATIONS FOR DOUBLE-BASS

1961, revised 1962

Performed by the artist

On June 9, 1962

During "Kleinen Sommerfest/'Après John Cage'"

Galerie Parnass, Wuppertal

Photograph by Rolf Jährling

Gelatin silver print

Benjamin Patterson

VARIATIONS FOR DOUBLE-BASS

1961, revised 1962 Performed by the artist On June 9, 1962

During "Kleinen Sommerfest/'Après John Cage'"

Galerie Parnass, Wuppertal Photograph by Rolf Jährling Gelatin silver print 33 x 22.7 cm

228

Benjamin Patterson

**VARIATIONS FOR DOUBLE-BASS** 

1961, revised 1962
Performed by the artist
On June 9, 1962
During "Kleinen Sommerfest/'Après John Cage'"
Galerie Parnass, Wuppertal
Photograph by Rolf Jährling
Gelatin silver print

33 x 22.7 cm

229

Benjamin Patterson

VARIATIONS FOR DOUBLE-BASS

1961, revised 1962 Performed by the artist On June 9, 1962 During "Kleinen Somn

During "Kleinen Sommerfest/'Après John Cage'"

Galerie Parnass, Wuppertal Photograph by Rolf Jährling Gelatin silver print 33 x 22.7 cm

ILLUSTRATED

230

Benjamin Patterson

VARIATIONS FOR DOUBLE-BASS

1961, revised 1962 Performed by the artist On June 9, 1962 During *"Kleinen Sommerfest/"Après John Cage"* "Galerie Parnass, Wuppertal

Photograph by Rolf Jährling

Gelatin silver print 33 x 22.7 cm

231

Benjamin Patterson

VARIATIONS FOR DOUBLE-BASS

1961, revised 1962 Performed by the artist On June 9, 1962

During "Kleinen Sommerfest/'Après John Cage'"

Galerie Parnass, Wuppertal Photograph by Rolf Jährling Gelatin silver print 33 x 22.7 cm

232

Benjamin Patterson

VARIATIONS FOR DOUBLE-BASS

1961, revised 1962 Performed by the artist On June 9, 1962

During "Kleinen Sommerfest/'Après John Cage'"

Galerie Parnass, Wuppertal Photograph by Rolf Jährling Gelatin silver print 33 x 22.7 cm

233

Benjamin Patterson

"Two Scores"

1963

Typewriter on paper, glued onto tan paper

32.2 x 24.7 cm

**TOUR** 

April 1963

**EXAMINATION** 

May 1963

234

Benjamin Patterson

Lick Piece

1962

Performed by Letty Eisenhauer

On May 9, 1964

During "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts"

Canal Street, New York City Photograph by Peter Moore Gelatin silver print 23.3 x 16 cm, image size

235

Benjamin Patterson

Lick Piece 1962

Performed by Letty Eisenhauer

On May 9, 1964

During "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts"

Canal Street, New York City Photograph by Peter Moore

Gelatin silver print

19.3 x 24.15 cm, image size

236

Benjamin Patterson

Lick Piece

1962

Performed by Letty Eisenhauer: (from left to right) unidentified person, Letty Eisenhauer, Benjamin Patterson and Robert Watts

On May 9, 1964

During "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts"

Canal Street, New York City Photograph by Peter Moore Gelatin silver print

24.15 x 16.1 cm, image size

237

Benjamin Patterson

# methods & processes

1962

Off-set on paper on 16 faces, including front and back covers, with offset and ink on paper subscription form laid in

27 x 18.8 cm

The score for **Lick Piece** was first published in this publication. It was performed on May 9, 1964 during *"Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts,"* Canal Street, New York City.

238

Benjamin Patterson

# methods & processes

1962

Offset on paper on 16 faces, including front and back covers, with offset and ink on paper subscription form laid in

27 x 18.8 cm

239

James Riddle

**ESP** 

1965

Score

Graphite on 4 sheets of yellow legal paper

31.6 x 20.4 cm each

This work was programmed for: December 17, 1965, midnight.

The flyer for the event reads:

#### **ESP**

THE WELL KNOWN PSYCHIC, MADAM K, WILL CONDUCT AN ESP EVENT SOMETIME DURING DECEMBER, 1965. YOU ARE INVITED TO PARTICIPATE IN THESE TELEPATHIC TRANSMISSIONS IN YOUR OWN HOME. FOR FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS, SEND A POSTCARDS WITH YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS, NOT LATER THAN DECEMBER 11, 1965, TO:

**ESP** 

c/o JAMES RIDDLE 107 BROADWAY BROOKLYN 11, N.Y.

240

Terry Riley **EAR PIECE** 

ca. 1962

Typewriter on cardstock

10.6 x 14 cm

This work was programmed for: "Kleinen Sommerfest/'Après John Cage', "Galerie Parnass, Wuppertal, June 9, 1962; "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 14, 1962; "Parallele Auffuhrungen Neuster Musik," Galerie Monet, Rokin, Amsterdam, October 5, 1962; "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 23, 1962; "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/Electronic Music," Bleijenburg 16, Den Haag, June 28, 1963; "POESIE ET CETERA AMERICAINE," Musée d'art moderne, Paris, October 9, 1963 (7 simultaneous compositions).

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

241

Terry Riley

PIANO PIECE

n.d./1963

Fluxus Edition

Blueprint positive on paper

29.1 x 21.1 cm

Terry Riley's **Piece for Two Pianos and Magnetic Tape** was programmed for: "FesTUM FLUXORUM
/ PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE
EVENèNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American
Student Center, Paris, December 7, 1962.

Tomas Schmit **zyklus for water-pails** 1962 Carbon copy on white paper 29.7 x 21 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus/Musik og
Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke,
Copenhagen, November 26, 1962; "Festum Fluxorum,
Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale
Theater," Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf,
February 3, 1963 (simultaneous performances); "Fluxus
Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/
Exhibits/Electronic Music," Bleijenburg 16, Den Haag,
June 28, 1963; "Internationaal Programma/Nieuwste
Muziek – Nieuwste Theater/Nieuwste Literatuur," De
Kleine Komedie, Amsterdam, December 18, 1963; "Fully
Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New
York City, April 18, 1964.

# **ILLUSTRATED**

243

Tomas Schmit

zyklus for water-pails

1962

Performed by the artist on December 18, 1963

During "Internationaal Programma/Nieuwste Muziek

- Nieuwste Theater/Nieuwste Literatuur"

De Kleine Komedie, Amsterdam

Photograph by Dorine van der Klei

Silver gelatin print

17.7 x 23.9 cm

### **ILLUSTRATED**

**Tomas Schmit** 

Photograph © Dorine van der Klei Used with kind permission of the photographer

244

"Thirteen Scores"
From: SANITAS – 200 theater pieces
November 1962
Preparatory material for Fluxus printing
Typewriter and ink on reproduction paper
Initialed by the artist
27.9 x 17.8 cm

SANITAS 1 SANITAS 2 SANITAS 10 SANITAS 13 SANITAS 35 SANITAS 79 SANITAS 92 SANITAS 137 SANITAS 141 SANITAS 143 SANITAS 147 SANITAS 151 SANITAS 156

Sanitas 2 was programmed for: "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater," Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf, February 2, 1963; "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/Electronic Music," Bleijenburg 16, Den Haag, June 28, 1963; "FLUXUS, LA CEDILLE QUI SOURIT, ART TOTAL, POESIE, ACTION," Lunds Konsthall, Lund, March 12, 1967.

Sanitas 35 was programmed for: "Fluxus Festival/ Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/ Electronic Music," Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam, June 23, 1963; "Fluxus Festival of Total Art and Comportment," Nice, July 26, 1963.

Sanitas 55 was programmed for: "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 11, 1964.

Sanitas 151 (for piano) was programmed for: "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 25, 1964.

Sanitas 165 was programmed for: "happenings danger music/FLUXUS/Dick Higgins-Alison Knowles,"
Alléteatern, Stockholm, March 3, 1963; "Fluxus Festival/ Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/ Electronic Music," Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam, June 23, 1963; "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 18, 1964.

245

Tomas Schmit
Three Piano Pieces for George Maciunas / Drei
Klavierstuecke fuer George Maciunas
December 1962
Preparatory material for Fluxus printing

Preparatory material for Fluxus printing Typewriter on reproduction paper 27.9 x 17.8 cm

Piano Piece No. 1 was programmed for: "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater," Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf, February 3, 1963; "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 25, 1964; "THE 83RD FLUXUS CONCERT: FLUXORCHESTRA AT CARNEGIE HALL," Carnegie Recital Hall, New York City, September 25, 1965.

Piano Piece No. 2 was programmed for: "happenings danger music/FLUXUS/Dick Higgins-Alison Knowles," Alléteatern, Stockholm, March 3, 1963.

Three unidentified performances of **Piano Piece** were programmed for: "a little festival of new music," Goldsmith's College, London, July 6, 1963 (7:00 pm); "FLUXUS, LA CEDILLE QUI SOURIT, ART TOTAL, POESIE, ACTION," Lunds Konsthall, Lund, March 10-12, 1967; "Concert Fluxus /Art Total," Galleria II Punto, Turin, April 27, 1967.

246

Dieter Schnebel

Zeitbilder für 1 Dirigenten

1961

Artist's Printing

Photostat on paper, one side only

44.2 x 62.9 cm

Possibly only one section of the score:

Number 1 IV 2

Number 9 III 2

Number 14 III 1

Number 17 V

Number 19 IV 1

Number 22 III 3

A notation in ink on the reverse reads, "3/12-8/12-62 Festum Fluxurum / American Student Center – Paris / Dieter Schnebel / Dick Higgins / Köpcke" indicating that this score was used for the performance at "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 6, 1962.

This work was programmed for: "NEO-DADA in der Musik," Kammerspiele Düsseldorf, Düsseldorf, June 16, 1962; "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 2, 1962 (2:30 pm) and September 16, 1962; "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 24, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCRETe," American Student Center, Paris, December 6, 1962.

247

Dieter Schnebel

Zeitbilder für 1 Dirigenten

1961

Performed during a simultaneous performance of this and other works,

On June 16, 1962

During "NEO-DADA in der Musik"

Kammerspiele Düsseldorf, Düsseldorf

Photograph by Manfred Leve Gelatin silver print 16.9 x 22.9 cm

248

Paul Sharits

"Six Scores"

ca. 1967

Colored ink and colored pencil on white paper 27 x 21 cm, irregular

SOUND PIECES a-e

ca. 1967

RE:CYCLE"

ca. 1967

249

Paul Sharits

didactic movie event

"autological suicide" score

for film artist at the end of his rope

1969

Ink on paper mounted on board

27 x 21 cm, irregular

**ILLUSTRATED** 

250

Paul Sharits

"Three Scores"

September 1970

Colored inks on paper

27 x 20.4 cm

"forgery piece" (to george maciunas)

September 1970

"'misspelllling' piece" (to ernie bushmore)

September 1970

"human body diagram"

September 1970

251

Mieko Shiomi

< event for the midday > (in the sunlight)

1963

Ink on paper

17.8 x 11.5 cm

252

Mieko Shiomi

< event for the late afternoon >

ca. 1963

Ink on paper

11.5 x 17.8 cm

This work was programmed for: "THE 83RD FLUXUS CONCERT: FLUXORCHESTRA AT CARNEGIE HALL," Carnegie Recital Hall, New York City, September 25, 1965. This work was programmed as Violin Solo for "CONCERT FLUXUS," Galerie A, Nice, October 29, 1966; "FLUXUS, LA CEDILLE QUI SOURIT, ART TOTAL, POESIE, ACTION," Lunds Konsthall, Lund, March 10-12, 1967; "Concert Fluxus /Art Total," Galleria Il Punto, Turin, April 26, 1967.

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

253

Mieko Shiomi
< event for the late afternoon > 1963
Performed by the artist
In 1964
Okayama, Japan
2 photographs by Minoru Hirata
Gelatin silver print, copy print
12.8 x 18.8 cm each

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

254

Mieko Shiomi < event for the midnight > 1963
Ink on paper 11.4 x 17.6 cm, approx.

255

Mieko Shiomi < music for two players II > 1963 Ink on translucent paper 17.9 x 25.4 cm

256

Mieko Shiomi < mirror piece > 1963 Ink on paper 17.7 x 23 cm

257

Mieko Shiomi < boundary music > 1963 Ink on paper 17.7 x 23 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fully Guaranteed 12

Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, May 2, 1964; "UN CONCIERTO ZAJ part of Festival ZAJ 2 (May 21-29, 1966)," University of Madrid, May 29, 1966. 258

Mieko Shiomi < shadow piece > 1963 Ink on paper 17.7 x 23 cm

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

259

Mieko Shiomi < portrait piece > 1963 Ink on paper 17.7 x 23 cm

260

Mieko Shiomi < falling event > 1963
Ink on paper 17.7 x 23 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 11, 1964; "THE 83RD FLUXUS CONCERT: FLUXORCHESTRA AT CARNEGIE HALL," Carnegie Recital Hall, New York City, September 25, 1965; "FLUXUS, LA CEDILLE QUI SOURIT, ART TOTAL, POESIE, ACTION," Lunds Konsthall, Lund, March 12, 1967.

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

261

Mieko Shiomi < star piece > 1963 Ink on paper 17.6 x 22.8 cm

262

Mieko Shiomi < wind music > 1963 Ink on paper 17.7 x 23 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts,"
Canal Street, New York City, May 2, 1964; "Fluxus

Presents/Fluxus Symphony Orchestra in Fluxus

Concert," Carnegie Recital Hall, New York City, June 27, 1964

263

Mieko Shiomi

WATER MUSIC

1964

Mechanical for the Fluxus Edition label by George Maciunas, includes a score for the work Presstype, photostat, ink, tape, and white correction fluid on paper

**ILLUSTRATED** 

264

Mieko Shiomi

**Disappearing Music for Face** 

1964/1966

7 gelatin silver prints Stills from the Fluxfilm

Performed by Yoko Ono, these are working materials for the Fluxus Edition flipbook version

Disappearing Music for Face was programmed for: "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, October 30, 1964; "THE 83RD FLUXUS CONCERT: FLUXORCHESTRA AT CARNEGIE HALL," Carnegie Recital Hall, New York City, September 25, 1965; "KONCERT FLUXU," Prague, October 13, 1966; "FLUXUS, LA CEDILLE QUI SOURIT, ART TOTAL, POESIE, ACTION," Lunds Konsthall, Lund, March 10-12, 1967; "Concert Fluxus /Art Total," Galleria II Punto, Turin, April 27, 1967.

265

Mieko Shiomi

**Events and Games** 

1964

Fluxus Edition

Offset on paper label, on translucent plastic box, with 14 scores from 1963 in Japanese and English, and a crumpled portrait 14 x 18.2 x 3 cm

14 X 18.2 X 3 Cm

266

Mieko Shiomi

**SPATIAL POEM No. 1** 

1965

Fluxus Edition, assembled by George Maciunas Cardboard box, includes score (typewritten on translucent paper), additional text (offset on paper), and flags (offset on card, glued together, on metal pins)

Board: Silkscreen on white-painted beaverboard with masking tape edges

Board: 30.1 x 46 x 1.2 cm Box: 9.5 x 9.5 x 3.2 cm

267

Mieko Shiomi

WATER MUSIC

1964/1966

Typewriter and graphite on white paper

10.4 x 9.8 cm

This is a preparatory working mechanical, in preparation to print a label for a record, designed by George Maciunas. This variation of the score is by Maciunas.

268

Daniel Spoerri

**Composition for Chairs and Tables** 

1962

Performed by the artist, Emmett Williams and others

On December 24, 1962

During "Festival of Misfits"

Institute of Contemporary Art, London

Photograph by Bruce Fleming

Gelatin silver print

18.3 x 18.3 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

269

Karlheinz Stockhausen

**Originale** 

1961

Ink on 16 sheets of translucent paper

20.8 x 28.9 cm, each

In the initial plans for the first issues of *FLUXUS*, it was announced that Karlheinz Stockhausen would contribute "'Originale' 'paar' etc." to *FLUXUS NO. 2 WEST EUROPEAN YEARBOOK 1*.

ILLUSTRATED: Only page 1 of a 16-page score

270

James Tenney

**CHAMBER MUSIC** 

for any number of performers

anywhere

for George Brecht

May 1964

Ink and tape on card stock; 5 pieces of card stock taped together; in a white envelope (ink on paper)

29.1 x 21.1 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Presents/Fluxus Symphony Orchestra in Fluxus Concert,"

Yasunao Tone "Four Scores" 1962-64

A:

MUSIC FOR SEVERAL COMPOSERS

January 1964

SOLO FOR SEVERAL COMPOSERS

October 1963

MUSIC FOR EVERY TABLAUX

January 1962

MUSIC FOR FOOTPEDDAL [sic] ORGAN

August 1962

Four scores on one sheet

Typewriter and graphite on paper

27.8 x 21.4 cm

B:

Music for footpeddaled [sic] organ

"Model of score part I"

1962

Graphite, red pencil, blue pencil, and ink on paper

18 x 25.6 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

272

Yasunao Tone

ANAGRAM FOR STRINGS

1961/1963

Instructions

Master for the Fluxus Edition, by George Maciunas

Typewriter and rubberstamp on paper

29.3 x 20.9 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 9, 1962 (2:30 pm); "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 24, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCRETe," American Student Center, Paris, December 5, 1962.

273

Yasunao Tone

ANAGRAM FOR STRINGS

1961/1963

Master for the Fluxus Edition, drawn by George Maciunas

after Yasunao Tone

Ink and typewriter on paper

21.1 x 29.6 cm

Ben Vautier

"SCULPTURE VIVANTE BEN signera AGUI-GUI AGUI-GUI EST A VENDRE"

1959

Galerie d'Art Total, Nice

Woodblock letters on pale green paper

59.8 x 38.5 cm

A different concept of this work titled "Living Sculpture" was performed by the artist in London during the "Festival of Misfits" at Gallery One, October 23 to November 8, 1962.

275

Ben Vautier

PARTIE DU TOUT A BEN

1960

Postmarked August 4, 1964

Front: Black and grey pigment, ink on card

Back: ink, postage stamps and cancellation stamps on

card with metal grommet

26.3 x 56 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

276

Ben Vautier

vielles chansons

1960 or 1962

White pigment on black pigment on plywood Signed, dated twice with two different dates in graphite and green pencil with additional notations in graphite 21 x 18 x 0.5 cm

ILLUSTRATED

277

Ben Vautier

**TOUT** 

ca. 1960-63

Block letters on paper

27.7 x 33.8 cm

278

Ben Vautier

Living and Moving Sculpture

1962

White paint on black painted plywood

18.1 x 21.2 cm

This score/statement was displayed in the window of Gallery One while Ben was living and working in the window for the duration of the exhibition (October 23 to November 8, 1962), during the *Festival of Misfits*.

A different concept of this work titled "SCULPTURE VIVANTE / BEN signera AGUI-GUI / AGUI-GUI EST A VENDRE" was performed by the artist in Nice at Galerie d'Art Total, in 1959.

279

Ben Vautier

**Idea Book** 

1962-1964

Artist's book containing notes and scores 40.3 x 25.5 x 10 cm, approx.

This old account book was used by the artist during the years roughly 1962-1964 to write and paste ideas and scores. It is a unique repository of Vautier's conceptual and performance works.

280

Ben Vautier

Ben Dieu

1962-63

Made by the artist

Block letters and mimeograph on paper, montage, readymades, staples, etc.

31.7 x 22.9 x 1 cm

281

Ben Vautier

Attaché de Ben

1963

and/or

Alison Knowles

Variation #1 on "Braid" (String Piece)

April 1964

Performed by the artists

During "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts"

Canal Street, New York City

Photograph by George Maciunas

Gelatin silver print

38.9 x 38.9 cm

282

Ben Vautier

Piano Piece No. 17

1963

Ink on cardstock

10.5 x 14.1 cm

Ben Vautier has made a note on the score that this work was "Executed in Rotterdam in 1964," which refers to a performance during "FLUX/FESTIVAL/NIEUWSTE MUZIEK EN ANTI-MUZIEK-HET/

*INSTRUMENTALE THEATER*," Kunstcentrum 'T Venster, Rotterdam, November 23, 1964.

**ILLUSTRATED** 

283

Ben Vautier

DISQUE DE MUSIQUE TOTAL

15 COMPOSITIONS MUSICALES POUR LA
RECHERCHE ET L'ENSEIGNMENT D'UNE
MUSIQUE – TOTAL – en homage a John CAGE

1963

Letterpress on glossy paper, record not present

18.5 x 18.6 cm

Two identical copies

284

Ben Vautier

Signing certificates

1963

Performed by the artist

On July 25, 1963

During "Fluxus Festival of Total Art and Comportment"

Flea market, Nice

Photograph by George Maciunas

Gelatin silver print

18.3 x 18.3 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

285

Ben Vautier

Signing certificates

1963

Performed by the artist

On July 25, 1963

During "Fluxus Festival of Total Art and Comportment"

Flea market, Nice

Photograph by George Maciunas

Gelatin silver print

18.2 x 23.4 cm

286

Ben Vautier

"ART TOTAL

LA MORT DE L'ART

LIBRE EXPRESSION"

1964

Designed by the artist

Block letters on stiff tan paper

59 x 39.7 cm

Ben Vautier

November 25 to December 12, 1964

"for nine directions Art

by Ben Vautier 1964"

Galerie Amstel, Amsterdam

Final design for the poster

Marker and graphite on paper, glued onto stiff black paper 31.1 x 20.9 cm on 31.3 x 24 cm

288

Ben Vautier

Theatre d'art total

1964

Original design for Fluxus cards

Black and blue ink on white paper mounted on yellow

paper

31.8 x 24 cm

These scores and instructions were printed by the artist on small cards and packaged in plastic pouches. Those copies sent to Maciunas were packaged by him in plastic boxes with a Maciunas-designed label, or included in copies of Flux Year Box 2.

#### ILLUSTRATED

289

Ben Vautier

ART TOTAL

1963

Block printing on glossy paper

42.6 x 32.8 cm

290

Ben Vautier

"FLUXUS CONCERT"

ca. 1964

Blank Fluxus poster, to be used for a forthcoming Fluxus

Red paper glued to tan paper with block letter printing 39.3 x 59.4 cm

291

Ben Vautier

Fluxus Piece

1965

Gelatin silver print (found vintage photograph) mounted on paper with graphite, flow pen ink, and varnished wood 35.2 x 46.6 cm

Ben Vautier

TOTAL ART MATCH-BOX

Fluxus Edition made by the artist

Offset on paper glued to commercially-made matchbox with matches

3.7 x 5.2 x 1.3 cm

This work is included in many examples of Flux Year Box 2.

293

Ben Vautier

June 16, 1966

"PERSONNE"

L'Artistique, Nice

Block letters on one-sided red paper

28.8 x 40.4 cm

294

Michael von Biel

4 Inventions for six

Sizes variable: 28.1 x 38.3 cm to 25.6 x 38.3 cm

Artist's edition

page 1: Title page. Ink on paper, signed and dated.

page 2: Instructions and Symbols. Offset on paper

page 3: Symbols, con't. Offset on paper

page 4: "Invention I" Offset on paper with graphite

notation by George Maciunas

page 5: "Invention II" Offset on paper with graphite

notation by George Maciunas

page 6: "Invention III" Offset on paper

page 7: "Invention IV" Offset on paper

pages 4-7: tape removal, with surface of paper

removed (as though they had been taped to a wall for a

performance."

Michael von Biel's Ein Buch für Drei [Book for Three], was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 2, 1962 (2:30 pm); "a little festival of new music," Goldsmith's College, London, July 6, 1963 (2:30 pm).

295

Wolf Vostell

"10 Scores"

ca. 1962-63

Typewriter and ink on 3 sheets of paper, with holograph notes possibly by George Maciunas 29.4 x 20.9 cm each

(1) Contergan (Thalidomide)

(2) Do it yourself

(3) St. Tropez

Holograph note by George Maciunas: "performed in Amsterdam"

(4) Superman (Triplet)

(5) Décollage

Holograph note by George Maciunas: 'performed in Cologne/Düsseldorf'

(6) Kleenex 4 (effaçage)

Holograph note by George Maciunas:

"peformed in Copenhagen/Amterdam/Paris/Wiesbaden Wolf Vostell

(7) Sun in the Head

Holograph note by George Maciunas: "performed in Copenhagen"

(8) ' 130 km/h

(9) The wall

(10) Lotto & Totto

Kleenex was programmed for: "NEO-DADA in der Musik," Kammerspiele Düsseldorf, Düsseldorf, June 16, 1962; "Parallele Auffuhrungen Neuster Musik," Galerie Monet, Rokin, Amsterdam, October 5, 1962; "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 23, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 3, 1962; "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater," Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf, February 2, 1963.

ILLUSTRATED: Only page 2 of a 3-page typescript

296

Wolf Vostell

Kleenex

1962

Performed on February 2, 1963

"Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater"

Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf

Photograph by Manfred Leve

Gelatin silver print

17.7 x 23.9 cm

Other performances are occurring simultaneously: (from left to right) Tomas Schmidt, Emmett Williams, Wolf Vostell, unidentified figure, Jed Curtis (?) and Arthur Koepcke

297

Wolf Vostell

in ulm um ulm und um ulm herum Notation c# 2

1964

Drawn March 1966

Photo-transfer, pigment, graphite, and colored pencil on board

47.9 x 45.1 cm

This work was performed in Ulm in 1964. The score was exhibited by the artist in March 1966 at the Something Else Gallery in New York City.

298

Robert Watts **Hospital Events dedicated to gm** 

also to passerbyes [sic]

1963

Mechanical for the Fluxus Edition Typewriter, ink and glue on paper, glued to a board 24 x 10 cm, approx.

299

Robert Watts

Hospital Events;

Paris Opera House

1963

Mechanical for the Fluxus Edition

Offset lithographic photograph, presstype, and red dots on paper, glued to a board

15.1 x 12.3 cm

300

Robert Watts

Hospital Events: "Three Scores"

1963

Mechanicals for the Fluxus Edition

Offset lithographic photograph, presstype, and black dots on paper, glued to a board (possibly with caps beneath the paper)

23.3 x 29.2 cm, irregular

- a. Partially naked woman with tights
- b. The blessing of the aircraft
- c. Closeup of a bathing naked woman

301

Robert Watts

Hospital Events;

Poise

1963

Mechanical for the Fluxus Edition

Offset lithographic photograph, presstype, and red dots on paper, glued to a board

12.3 x 16.8 cm

302

Robert Watts

Hospital Events;

#### The Prism

1963

Offset lithographic photograph, presstype, and black dots on paper, glued to a board 6.5 x 11.9 cm, irregular

303

Robert Watts 3 Events

ca. 1963-64

Collages for pictorial events included in the Fluxus Edition of Robert Watts' events
All glued down on paper with ink, with notations by George Maciunas
27.2 x 18.6 cm, irregular

#### a. Naked woman on mechanical device

Offset lithography and wood engraving

b. Royal GlueWood engraving

c. Naked woman with horse and electrical mechanical device

Offset lithographic photograph and wood engraving

304

Robert Watts

"do you see any reason..."

ca. 1962-63

Original collage by artist for the Fluxus Edition Photograph and typewriter on paper glued to mat board  $15.9 \times 5.4 \text{ cm}$ 

305

Robert Watts "to pose"

ca. 1962-63

Original collage by artist for the Fluxus Edition Photograph and typewriter on paper glued to mat board.

3.2 x 10.6 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

306

Robert Watts

"fill a swimming pool with lime jello"

ca. 1962-63

Original collage by artist for the Fluxus Edition Photograph and typewriter on paper glued to mat board 4.9 x 15.9 cm

307

Robert Watts

"forsythia with whipped cream"

ca. 1962-63

Original collage by artist for the Fluxus Edition Photograph and typewriter on paper glued to mat board. 6.2 x 21.3 cm

308

Robert Watts

664

zero

FOUR"

ca. 1962-63

Original collage by artist for the Fluxus Edition Photograph and typewriter on paper glued to mat board 21.4 x 5 cm

309

Robert Watts

"HAIR BALLS"

ca. 1962-63

Original collage by artist for the Fluxus Edition Photograph and typewriter on paper glued to mat board 7.5 x 21.2 cm

310

Robert Watts

"SHOP THE BIG BOOK"

ca. 1962-63

Original collage by artist for the Fluxus Edition Photograph and typewriter on paper glued to mat board 7.9 x 21.3 cm

311

Robert Watts

"there she goes with her fuji denki"

ca. 1962-63

Original collage by artist for the Fluxus Edition Offset image and typewriter on paper glued to mat board 7.6 x 16.4 cm

312

Robert Watts

Two Inches

1962

Performed by Tomas Schmit, and another

On December 18, 1963

During the "Internationaal Programma/Nieuwste Muziek - Nieuwste Theater/Nieuwste Literatuur"

De Kleine Komedie, Amsterdam Photograph by Dorine van der Klei

Gelatin silver print 15.8 x 23.5 cm

ILLUSTRATED

Photograph © Dorine van der Klei Used with kind permission of the photographer

313

Robert Watts

TRACE

ca. 1963

Ink, masking tape, scorch mark, grommet on grey card. 28.6 x 12.5 cm

ILLUSTRATED

314

Robert Watts

events

1964/ca. 1967 Fluxus Edition

Label designed by George Maciunas

- 97 scores (offset on card stock),
- 1 score (offset golden-colored card stock),
- 1 score (offset on silver colored card stock),
- 1 sheet of Fluxpost 17 17 stamps,
- and a foam rubber cube 14 x 18 x 3 cm, approx.

315

Robert Watts

Collage for page 2 of fluxus cc five three (Fluxus Newspaper No. 4)

1964

Ink and various offset collaged elements glued on paper 57.1 x 45.7 cm

316

**Emmett Williams** 

Four Directional Song of Doubt for Five Voices

1957/1962

5 sheets of score on Selecta graph paper colored salmon on white, with ink felt pen and round red, green, white, yellow and black stickers

29.5 x 20.9 cm, each

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 8, 1962; "Fluxus/ Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 24, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENèNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 4, 1962; "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater," Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf, February 2, 1963; "happenings danger music/FLUXUS/Dick Higgins-Alison Knowles," Alléteatern, Stockholm, March 1, 1963 and March 2,

1963; "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/Electronic Music," Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam, June 23, 1963 and Bleijenburg 16, Den Haag, June 28, 1963; "POESIE ET CETERA AMERICAINE," Musée d'art moderne, Paris, October 9, 1963.

317

**Emmett Williams** 

CELLAR SONG FOR FIVE VOICES

Offset on 2 sheets of acidic paper, stapled 29.9 x 21 cm

318

**Emmett Williams** 

Alphabet Symphony

1962

22.8 x 15.3 cm

Holograph blue and red ink and graphite on red-lined paper

Signed later in graphite

This score was used by the artist for his performance of the work at the ICA London, October 24, 1962. The work was programmed for: "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 23, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENèNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 3, 1962; "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater," Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf, February 2, 1963.

319

**Emmett Williams** 

**Alphabet Symphony** 

Holograph red ink and graphite on lined paper Signed later in graphite 22.8 x 15.3 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

320

**Emmett Williams** 

**Alphabet Symphony** 

1962

Performed by the artist On November 23, 1962

During "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater"

Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen

Photograph by J. Schiøtz Fototekst

Gelatin silver print with photographer's stamp and "fototekst" copyright on back 12.8 x 17.8 cm

321

**Emmett Williams Alphabet Symphony** 1962

Holograph ink on paper Signed later in graphite

14.9 x 21 cm

This score was written on the back of a receipt from the Im Stapelhäuschen Hotel/Restaurant in Cologne, dated October 25-26 1962, which would date this score after the performance at the ICA London, October 24, 1962.

322

**Emmett Williams** 

**Alphabet Symphony** 

1962

Typewriter and graphite on cardstock Signed later in graphite 20.2 x 12.7 cm

323

**Emmett Williams** 

ALPHABET SYMPHONY

S: Spy 1962

Performed by the artist On December 3, 1962

"FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe"

American Student Center, Paris Photographer unidentified Gelatin silver print 15.6 x 13.8 cm

ILLUSTRATED

324

**Emmett Williams** 

Counting Song for La Monte Young

1962 and

Daniel Spoerri

Homage to Allemagne

ca. 1962

Performed by the artists On February 2, 1963

During "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater"

Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf

Photograph by Manfred Leve Gelatin silver print 13.9 x 21.6 cm

325

**Emmett Williams** 

AN OPERA

ca. 1962 Fluxus Edition Offset on paper 178 x 9.9 cm

A German Chamber Opera of 38 Marias was programmed for: "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 23, 1962.

An Opera / (Yes, it was still there an opera) was programmed for: "THE WORK OF EMMETT WILLIAMS," Café Au Go Go, New York City, January 25, 1965.

326

La Monte Young Arabic Numeral (Any Integer) for Henry Flynt **April** 1960 Performed by Nam June Paik On June 16, 1962 During "NEO-DADA in der Musik" Kammerspiele Düsseldorf, Düsseldorf Photograph by Manfred Leve

This work is frequently referred to as 566 for Henry Flynt. When first performed by David Tudor, the pianist chose the number 566, and the title stuck.

327

La Monte Young Composition 1960 #2 May 5, 1960

16.5 x 22 cm

Mimeograph and ink on paper, signed and dated in ink 21.5 x 8.8 cm

This work was programmed for: "FLUXUS, LA CEDILLE QUI SOURIT, ART TOTAL, POESIE, ACTION," Lunds Konsthall, Lund, March 10-12, 1967.

This work was exhibited in the International Graphic Scores Exhibition (November 10-20, 1962, Minami Gallery, Tokyo), organized by Kuniharu Akiyama and Toshi Ichiyanagi.

La Monte Young

Composition 1960 #3

May 14, 1960

Mimeograph on paper, signed and dated in ink 8.9 x 21.6 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater,"
November 26, 1962, Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen;
"FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE
eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT
CONCRETE," American Student Center, Paris, December
6, 1962; "SOMMERUDSTILLINGER 1963/FLUXUS
FESTIVAL/FLUXUS-AFTEN," Tonekunstnerselskab,
Copenhagen, July 6, 1963 (7:00 pm).

329

La Monte Young

Composition 1960 #4

June 3, 1960

Mimeograph on paper, signed and dated in ink 8.9 x 21.5 cm

This work was programmed for: "SNEAK PREVIEW: fluxus," streets of Paris, July 3, 1962; "Parallele Auffuhrungen Neuster Musik," Galerie Monet, Rokin, Amsterdam, October 5, 1962; "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts," Canal Street, New York City, April 11, 1964.

330

La Monte Young

Composition 1960 #5

August 6, 1960

Mimeograph on paper, signed and dated in ink 8.8 x 21.5 cm

This work was exhibited in the International Graphic Scores Exhibition (November 10-20, 1962, Minami Gallery, Tokyo), organized by Kuniharu Akiyama and Toshi Ichiyanagi.

331

La Monte Young

Composition 1960 #6

July 2, 1960

Mimeograph on paper

28 x 21.6 cm

This work was exhibited in the International Graphic Scores Exhibition (November 10-20, 1962, Minami Gallery, Tokyo), organized by Kuniharu Akiyama and Toshi Ichiyanagi.

La Monte Young

Composition 1960 #7

July 1960

Possibly gold ink on paper

7.8 x 13 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 8, 1962 and September 22, 1962 (2:30 pm); "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 24, 1962; "FesTUM FLUXORUM / POESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCRETE," American Student Center, Paris, December 4, 1962; "Fluxus Festival of Total Art and Comportment," Nice, July 26, 1963 and July 27, 1963 (Hotel Scribe).

This work was exhibited in the International Graphic Scores Exhibition (November 10-20, 1962, Minami Gallery, Tokyo), organized by Kuniharu Akiyama and Toshi Ichiyanagi.

333

La Monte Young

Composition 1960 #9

October 1960

Envelope:

Typewriter on paper

9.2 x 16.5 cm

Score:

Ink or printed line on stiff paper

7.5 x 12.8 cm

This work was exhibited in the International Graphic Scores Exhibition (November 10-20, 1962, Minami Gallery, Tokyo), organized by Kuniharu Akiyama and Toshi Ichiyanagi.

334

La Monte Young

Composition 1960 #10 (to Bob Morris)

1960

Performed by Nam June Paik,

Between September 1 to 23, 1962

During "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik"

Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden

Photograph by Deutsche Presse Agentur photographer

(DPA)

Gelatin silver print, with press description of event and press copyright stamp on back

21 x 16.1 cm

La Monte Young

Composition 1960 #10 (to Bob Morris)

1960

Performed by Nam June Paik,

Between September 1 to 23, 1962

During "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik"

Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden Photograph by Deutsche Presse Agentur photographer (DPA)

Gelatin silver print, with photocopy of press description of event and press copyright on back

24 x 17 cm

336

La Monte Young

Composition 1960 #10 (to Bob Morris)

1960

Performed by Nam June Paik,

Between September 1 to 23, 1962

During "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik"

Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden Photograph by Deutsche Presse Agentur photographer (DPA)

Gelatin silver print, with photocopy of press description of event and press copyright on back.

17.8 x 24 cm

337

La Monte Young

Composition 1960 #10 (to Bob Morris)

1960

Performed by Nam June Paik,

Between September 1 to 23, 1962

During "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik"

Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden Photograph by Deutsche Press Agentur photographer

Gelatin silver print with press description of event and press copyright stamp on back

21 x 16.1 cm

338

La Monte Young

Composition 1960 #10 (to Bob Morris)

1960

Performed by Nam June Paik,

Between September 1 and 23, 1962

During "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik"

Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden Photograph by Deutsche Press Agentur photographer (DPA)

Gelatin silver print with photocopy of press description of event and press copyright on back.

24 x 17.7 cm

339

La Monte Young

Composition 1960 #10 (to Bob Morris)

1960

Performed by Nam June Paik,

Between September 1 to 23, 1962

During "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik"

Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden Photograph by Deutsche Presse Agentur photographer

Gelatin silver print, with photocopy of press description of event and press copyright on back

17.7 x 24 cm

340

La Monte Young

Composition 1960 #10 (to Bob Morris)

1960

Performed by Nam June Paik

Between September 1 to 23, 1962

During "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik"

Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden Photograph by Deutsche Presse Agentur photographer (DPA)

Gelatin silver print

20.9 x 16 cm

341

La Monte Young

"Three Scores"

ca. 1960-62

Mimeograph on white paper

28 x 21.7 cm

Piano Piece for David Tudor #1

October 1960

Piano Piece for David Tudor #2

October 1960

Piano Piece for David Tudor #3

November 14, 1960

Piano Piece for David Tudor was programmed for: "Fluxus/Musik og Anti-Musik/det Instrumentale Teater," Nikolai Kirke, Copenhagen, November 27, 1962; "FLUX-FESTIVAL," Den Haag, November 13, 1964.

Piano Piece for David Tudor No. 2 was programmed for: "Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater," Staatliche Kunstakademie,

Düsseldorf, February 3, 1963; "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 1, 1962 (2:30 pm); "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCRETe," American Student Center, Paris, December 7, 1962; "happenings danger music/FLUXUS/Dick Higgins-Alison Knowles," Alléteatern, Stockholm, March 3, 1963; "Fluxus Festival/Theatre Compositions/Street Compositions/Exhibits/Electronic Music," Hypokriterion Theater, Amsterdam, June 23, 1963; "a little festival of new music," Goldsmith's College, London, July 6, 1963 (7:00 pm); "Internationaal Programma/Nieuwste Muziek – Nieuwste Theater/Nieuwste Literatuur," De Kleine Komedie, Amsterdam, December 18, 1963.

342

La Monte Young **Piano Piece for Terry Riley #1**November 8, 1960

Mimeograph on paper
15.7 x 21.6

Piano Piece for Terry Riley 1960 was programmed for: "FLUXUS, LA CEDILLE QUI SOURIT, ART TOTAL, POESIE, ACTION," Lunds Konsthall, Lund, March 12, 1967; "Concert Fluxus /Art Total," Galleria Il Punto, Turin, April 27, 1967.

This work was exhibited in the International Graphic Scores Exhibition (November 10-20, 1962, Minami Gallery, Tokyo), organized by Kuniharu Akiyama and Toshi Ichiyanagi.

343

La Monte Young
"Two Scores"
ca. 1961
Mimeograph on white paper
28 x 21.7 cm

Composition 1960 #13 to Richard Huelsenbeck November 9, 1960 Composition 1960 #15 to Richard Huelsenbeck December 25, 1960

According to the artist, these scores may have been printed by George Maciunas.

344

La Monte Young Composition 1960 #13 Performance 10 20 62 Marian Zazeela November 1960/1962
Realization of the score by Marian Zazeela, printed by George Maciunas
Offset on stiff paper
10.1 x 20.7 cm

345

La Monte Young
COMPOSITIONS 1961

1963

Fluxus Edition, designed by George Maciunas Offset on stiff paper and offset on glossy paper, stapled 8.9 x 9.1 x 0.3 cm

Composition 1961 No. 29 was programmed for: "FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT CONCReTe," American Student Center, Paris, December 3, 1962.

346

La Monte Young

Death Chant

December 23, 1961

Photostat negative on 2 sheets (complete score)

Sheet A: 28.1 x 21.7 cm

Sheet B: 28.9 x 21.6 cm

This work was programmed for: "NEO-DADA in der Musik," Kammerspiele Düsseldorf, Düsseldorf, June 16, 1962.

This work was exhibited in the International Graphic Scores Exhibition (November 10-20, 1962, Minami Gallery, Tokyo), organized by Kuniharu Akiyama and Toshi Ichiyanagi.

347

La Monte Young
Poem
for Chairs, Tables, Benches, etc. (or other sound sources)
January 21, 1960

7 mimeograph pages on 4 sheets of paper, stapled 28 x 21.6 cm

This work was programmed for: "POESIE ET CETERA AMERICAINE," Musée d'art moderne, Paris, October 9, 1963 (7 simultaneous compositions).

348

La Monte Young
TRIO FOR STRINGS
September 5, 1958
Photostat on 24 ivory paper, stapled

349

George Yuasa

PROJECTION ESEMPLASTIC FOR PIANO - 1

December 1961/1963 Fluxus Edition Osolith on translucent paper and ink 29.4 x 41.9 cm

This work was programmed for: "Fluxus Internationale Festspiele Neuester Musik," Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden, September 1, 1962 (8:00 pm).

350

July 2 and 9 [1961] "WORKS BY LA MONTE YOUNG"

July 15 and 16 [1961] "WORKS BY HENRY FLYNT"

July 23 [1961] "WORKS BY WALTER DE MARIA"

July 30 [1961] "NOTHING BY RAY JOHNSON"

AG Gallery, New York City Announcement card/mailer designed by George Maciunas Offset on stiff paper 9.2 x 44.3 cm

351

Fluxus collective June 9, 1962

"Kleinen Sommerfest/'Après John Cage'"

Galerie Parnass, Wuppertal Invitation to the exhibition Letterpress and ink on paper

With holograph notations by George Maciunas and Rolf

Jährling 14.8 x 20.9 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

352

Fluxus collective July 3, 1962

"SNEAK PREVIEW; fluxus"

Streets of Paris

Poster designed by Benjamin Patterson

Offset and red ink on brown wrapping paper, with

rubberstamp on back

20 x 36.9 cm

Fluxus collective

September 1 to 23, 1962

"FLuXus INTERNATIONALE FesTsPiELe

NEUESTER MUSIK"

Hörsaal des Städtischen Museums, Wiesbaden

Photostat on white paper Designed by George Maciunas

59 x 42.5 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

354

Richard O'Regan [Emmett Williams]

"There's Music-and Eggs-in the Air!" The Stars and

Stripes (Germany) October 21, 1962

Newspaper clipping, offset on newsprint

38 x 26.3 cm

355

Fluxus collective

October 5, 1962

"Moving Theater No. 1"

"in the streets... canals... bridges... bars... cellars... places of Amsterdam... start Galerie Monet," Amsterdam Offset on paper, with holograph note by Alison Knowles on the back

29.6 x 21 cm

356

Fluxus collective

October 23 to November 8, 1962

"FESTIVAL OF MISFITS"

Gallery One, London

and

October 24, 1962

"FESTIVAL OF MISFITS, a special evening at the

Institute of Contemporary Arts"

ICA London

Flver

Letterpress on white paper

14 x 17.8 cm

357

Fluxus collective

October 24, 1962

"FESTIVAL OF MISFITS, a special evening at the

Institute of Contemporary Arts"

ICA, London

Flyer/program, designed by Dick Higgins

Mimeograph on paper

17.5 x 20.3 cm

358

Fluxus collective

November 23, 24, 26-28, 1962

"FLUXUS MUSIK OG ANTI-MUSIK DET INSTRUMENTALE TEATER"

Nikolai Kirke

November 25, 1962

Allé Scenen

Copenhagen

Block letters on heavy tan paper

82.6 x 60.7 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

359

Fluxus collective

November 23,24, 26, 28, 1962 and November 25, 1962

"FLUXUS/MUSIK OG ANTI-MUSIK/DET INSTRUMENTALE TEATER"

Nikolai Kirke, and Allé Scenen, Copenhagen

Program titled: "FESTUM FLUXORUM/PROGRAM

FOR FLUXUS FESTIVAL 1962"

Offset black on 2 sheets of white paper

29.5 x 19.8 cm, each

360

Fluxus collective

[November 23,24, 26, 28, 1962 and November 25, 1962

"FLUXUS/MUSIK OG ANTI-MUSIK/DET

INSTRUMENTALE TEATER"

Nikolai Kirke, and Allé Scenen, Copenhagen

Bo Bojesen, "Efter alle kunstens regler"

Cartoon published in Politiken

1962

Black ink on newsprint

20.7 x 22 cm, irregular

361

Fluxus collective

December 3 to 8, 1962

"FesTUM FLUXORUM / PoESIE, MUSIQUE eT ANTIMUSIQUE EVENÈNEMENTIELLE eT

CONCReTe"

American Student and Artists Center

Paris

Poster designed by George Maciunas

Offset on newsprint, ca. 1963

32.3 x 23.4 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

362

Fluxus collective

February 2 and 3, 1963

"Festum Fluxorum, Fluxus, Musik und Antimusik das Instrumentale Theater"

Staatliche Kunstakademie, Düsseldorf

Poster designed by George Maciunas

Block letters on stiff white paper

48.5 x 23.7 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

363

Fluxus collective

March 1, 2 and 3, 1963

"happenings danger music/FLUXUS/Dick Higgins-

Alison Knowles"

Alléteatern, Stockholm

Block type on white paper

29.6 x 21 cm

364

Fluxus collective

July 25 to August 3, 1963

"Fluxus Festival of Total Art and Comportment,"

Nice

Schedule of events prepared by Ben Vautier

Mimeograph on paper

29.6 x 31 cm

On reverse:

Fluxus collective

"FLUXUS NEWS-POLICY LETTER NO. 6, APRIL 6,

1963"

April 6, 1963

Prepared by George Maciunas

Mimeograph on paper

29.6 x 31 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

365

. .

June 23, 1963

"FLUXUS FESTIVAL"

Hypocriterion Theater, Amsterdam

June 28, 1963

"FLUXUS FESTIVAL"

Den Haag - Bleijenburg 16 (achter Stadsschowburg)

Block letters on white paper

42.1 x 61.3 cm

366

July 6, 1963

"a little

festival

of new

music"

Goldsmith's College, London Silkscreen on paper Designer not known 50 x 32 cm

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

367

July 25 to August 3, 1963
"Fluxus Festival of Total Art and Comportment"
Various locations in Nice
Poster designed by Ben Vautier

Black block letters on purple paper 29 x 45 cm

368

Fluxus collective July 27, 1963

#### "FLUXUS RECHERCHE D'UNE NOUVELLE CREATION MUSICALE ET THÉATRALE"

Nouveau Casino, Nice Poster designed by the Ben Vautier Wood block print on paper 65 x 49.3 cm

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

369

Fluxus collective December 18, 1963

"INTERNATIONAAL PROGRAMMA Nieuwste Muziek - Nieuwste Theater

Nieuwste Literatuur"

De Kleine Komedie, Amsterdam Designed by Willem de Ridder Offset on 2 sheets of green paper 30.9 x 21.2 cm, folded

370

March to May, 1964

"STREET EVENTS", part of "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts"

Fluxhall, New York City

Left to right: Dick Higgins, Letty Eisenhauer, Daniel Spoerri, Alison Knowles and Ay-O Photograph as a poster, by George Maciunas Gelatin silver print

17 x 18 cm

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

371

Fluxus collective March to May 1964

## "Fully Guaranteed 12 Fluxus Concerts, New York City FLUXUS COMES TO NEW YORK"

Overprinted Fluxus newspaper roll, silk-screened text in day-glow red, printed on *Ekstra Bladet*Designed by Alison Knowles
21 x 114.5 cm

372

Fluxus collective
June 27, 1964

"fluxus presents
FLUXUS SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA IN FLUXUS
CONCERT"

Carnegie Recital Hall, New York City Poster designed by George Maciunas Offset on newsprint 58.8 x 45.7 cm

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

373

Fluxus collective

January 8 and 22, February 5 and 19, March 5 and 19, April 2, 16 and 30, May 14 and 28, June 11 and 25, July 9 and 23, August 6 and 20, September 4 and 18, October 2, 16 and 30, November 3 and 27, December 11 and 25, 1964...

#### "PERPETUAL FLUXUS FESTIVAL"

Washington Square Gallery, New York City Poster designed by George Maciunas Offset on soft grey heavy paper 44.3 x 41.3 cm

Some dates, locations and events of the "PERPETUAL FLUXUS FESTIVAL" were different from the ones listed on this poster.

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

374

Fluxus collective July 20, 1964

"ACTION/AGIT-POP/DE-COLLAGE, HAPPENINGS, EVENTS, ANTI ART, L'AUTRISME ART TOTAL REFLUXUS"

Auditorium Maximum, Aachen

Tomas Schmit's scenario posted backstage for the performers

Red, yellow, green, blue and black marker on white paper, and a notation in graphite by Armin Hundertmark 99.5 x 74.5 cm

375

Fluxus collective July 20, 1964

#### "ACTION/AGIT-POP/DE-COLLAGE, HAPPENINGS, EVENTS, ANTI ART, L'AUTRISME ART TOTAL REFLUXUS"

Auditorium Maximum, Aachen

Poster designed by Wolf Vostell, incorporating a collage by Nam June Paik, "I admire monkeys..."

Offset on paper 84.6 x 58.9 cm

376

November 13, 1964

"FLUX FESTIVAL

NIEUWSTE MUZIEK EN ANTI-MUZIEK-HET INSTRUMENTALE THEATER"

Kurzaal, Scheveningen

Poster designed by Willem de Ridder

Woodblock letters on paper

48.3 x 54 cm

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

377

Fluxus collective

November 23, 1964

"FLUX

**FESTIVAL** 

NIEUWSTE MUZIEK EN ANTI-MUZIEK-HET INSTRUMENTALE THEATER"

Kunstcentrum 'T Venster

Rotterdam

Poster designed by Willem de Ridder

Wood block letters on white paper

93 x 58.6 cm

378

September 8, 9, 11, 14, 1965

Fluxus Week

Tokyo

Poster/program handwritten by Kuniharu Akiyama

Red, black and blue ink on cloth

13.9 x 11.6 cm, irregular

September 8, 1965

Mieko Shiomi, Water Music and Piece for Two Players

September 9, 1965

Dick Higgins, Invocation of Canyons and Boulders (16

mm film loop)

Nam June Paik, Zen for Film (16 mm film loop)

Yoji Kuri, Chair

Graphic Group, Kinecalligraph (?)

Seiji Ohtsuji, Fireworks

September 11, 1965

"Evening concert by Akiyama, Toshi Ichiyanagi, Takeda

and Tone et al"

La Monte Young, Any Integer ("400 for Henry Flynt")

Yasunao Tone, Prohibition of Ladr (?)

Jackson Mac Low, Poem

George Brecht, Drip Music and String Quartet

Takeda, Summer Music

September 14, 1965

"Events"

Katsuhiro Yamaguchi, Rainbow Operation

Nam June Paik, Serenade for Alison Knowles

Miyuki Minako, Swimming Suite Play

- Translation kindly provided by Miyuki Sugaya of

Gallery 360 Degrees, Tokyo

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

379

Fluxus collective

FLUXORCHESTRA CIRCULAR LETTER NO. 2 for

September 25, 1965

"FLUXORCHESTRA AT CARNEGIE RECITAL

HALL"

Carnegie Recital Hall, New York City

Information letter to performers for the concert

Before September 23, 1965

Prepared by George Maciunas

Offset on white paper

27.7 x 21.4 cm

380

Fluxus collective

September 25, 1965

"THE 83RD FLUXUS CONCERT:

FLUXORCHESTRA AT CARNEGIE HALL"

Carnegie Recital Hall, New York City Program designed by George Maciunas

Offset on beige

43 x 30.1 cm

#### **ILLUSTRATED**

381

Fluxus collective

"Fluxus Manifesto and Information Sheet"

1965

Flyer prepared by George Maciunas

Offset on white paper

27.9 x 21.6 cm

382

Fluxus collective

Fluxus Foldout for Tulane Drama Review 10, No. 2

(1965)

1965

Offset on red paper

Edited and designed by George Maciunas

2 copies

89 x 19.7 cm each

383

March 12, 1966

"LE THEATRE TOTAL

L'ART TOTAL – IDENTITES ET FLUXUS présentent"

L'Artistique, Nice

Poster designed by Ben Vautier

Block letters on one-sided green paper

48.5 x 39.4 cm

384

Fluxus collective

March 10, 11,12, 1967

"FLUXUS, LA CEDILLE QUI SOURIT, ART TOTAL,

POESIE, ACTION"

Lunds Konsthall, Lund

Poster designed by George Brecht

Block letters on grey paper

39.3 x 30.5 cm

385

Fluxus collective

"PROPOSED "CONCERT" FOR PAPER SHOW OPENING AT TIME & LIFE BLDG. NOV. 15TH"

November 15, 1967

"A Paper Event by the Fluxmasters of the Rear-guard"

Time-Life Building, New York City

Information letter to performers for the concert, designed

by George Maciunas

Vintage Xerox copy

27.8 x 20.8 cm

386

Fluxus collective

"A PAPER EVENT BY THE FLUXMASTERS OF THE REAR-GARDE"

November 15, 1967

Time Inc. Auditorium, Time Life Building, New York

City

Offset on white paper

Designed by George Maciunas

43.4 x 56 cm

387

November 26, 27, 28, 1967

"concert fluxus

art total"

Teatro Stabile di Torino, Torino and also Galleria "Il Punto," Torino

Black, yellow, blue and green on colored paper

47.5 x 32.6 cm

The poster also advertises an exhibition at the Galleria "Il Punto," titled *Les mots et les choses*, which coincides with "concert fluxus/art total." The title is refers to Michel Foucault's *Les mots et les choses*, first published in

French in 1966.

388

March 29, 1969

"Gianni•Emilio Simonetti

CONCERT FLUXUS

concerto per musica non strumentale acqua terra vento fuoco ed elettricitá"

Centro Richerche e Sperimentazioni Audiovisive La

Capella, Trieste

Poster designed Gianni-Emilio Simonetti

Offset on perforated white paper

69.5 x 45 cm

389

Fluxus collective

February 17, 1970

"FLUX-MASS"

Voorhees Chapel, Douglass College, New Brunswick,

New Jersey

February 17, 1970

"FLUXSPORTS"

Old Gym, Douglass College, New Brunswick, New

Jersey

February 16 to 20, 1970

"FLUXSHOW"

Douglass College Art Gallery, New Brunswick, New

Jersey

Poster designed by George Maciunas

Offset on paper

390

Fluxus collective

April 11, 1970, and April 18 to June 12, 1970

"FLUXFEST PRESENTS JOHN AND YOKO"

Joe Jones' Store, and 80 Wooster Street, New York City

Poster designed by George Maciunas

Offset on white paper

40.7 x 43.2 cm

ILLUSTRATED

391

Fluxus collective

May 19, 1973

"FLUX VEHICLE DAY"

80 Wooster Street, New York City

Mechanical for the poster designed by George Maciunas

Presstype on paper glued to paper, and ink on paper, and

white correction fluid 25.8 x 19 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

392

Fluxus collective May 19, 20, 26, 27, 1973 "FLUX GAME FEST" 80 Wooster Street, New York City Designed by George Maciunas Offset on blue paper 28 x 21.7 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

March 13, 1974

393

"FLUX/CON/CERT"

Lecture theater, Department of Art and Design,
Sunderland Polytechnic, Sunderland
Program/flyer designed by Robin Crozier
Mimeograph on white paper
21 x 29.7 cm

Printed on the back of a score by Robin Crozier, Music Composer Glass in C for George Maciunas, [1974]

394

Fluxus collective

March 24, 1975
"FLUX-HARPSICHORD"
80 Wooster Street, New York City
Designed by George Maciunas
Offset black on tan paper
28 x 21.6 cm

395

Fluxus collective [George Maciunas]
April 21,1975
"FLUXFEST PRESENTS: 12! BIG NAMES!"
1975
Poster designed by George Maciunas
Offset on gray paper
28 x 21.6 cm

**ILLUSTRATED** 

396

Fluxus collective May 1, 3 to 16, 1976 "FREE FLUX TOURS" Poster/flyer designed by George Maciunas Black offset on white paper 31 x 23 cm

397

November 28 to December 1, 1977
"FLUXUS
FESTIVAL"
Galeria Akumulatory 3
Poznan, Poland
Block letters on white paper
58.8 x 34 cm

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"'I felt at home with looking for things everywhere. Contradiction.'

Ben Vautier's Ben Dieu and Arthur Køpcke's reading/work-pieces-manuscript"

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"Why I Withdrew from Fluxus" © La Monte Young 2008

"FLUXUS SCORES AND INSTRUCTIONS, The Transformative Years, 'Make a salad."

This catalogue accompanies the exhibition at the Museum for Contemporary Art, Roskilde, Denmark

June 6 to September 21, 2008

Curated by Jon Hendricks, with Marianne Bech and Media Farzin

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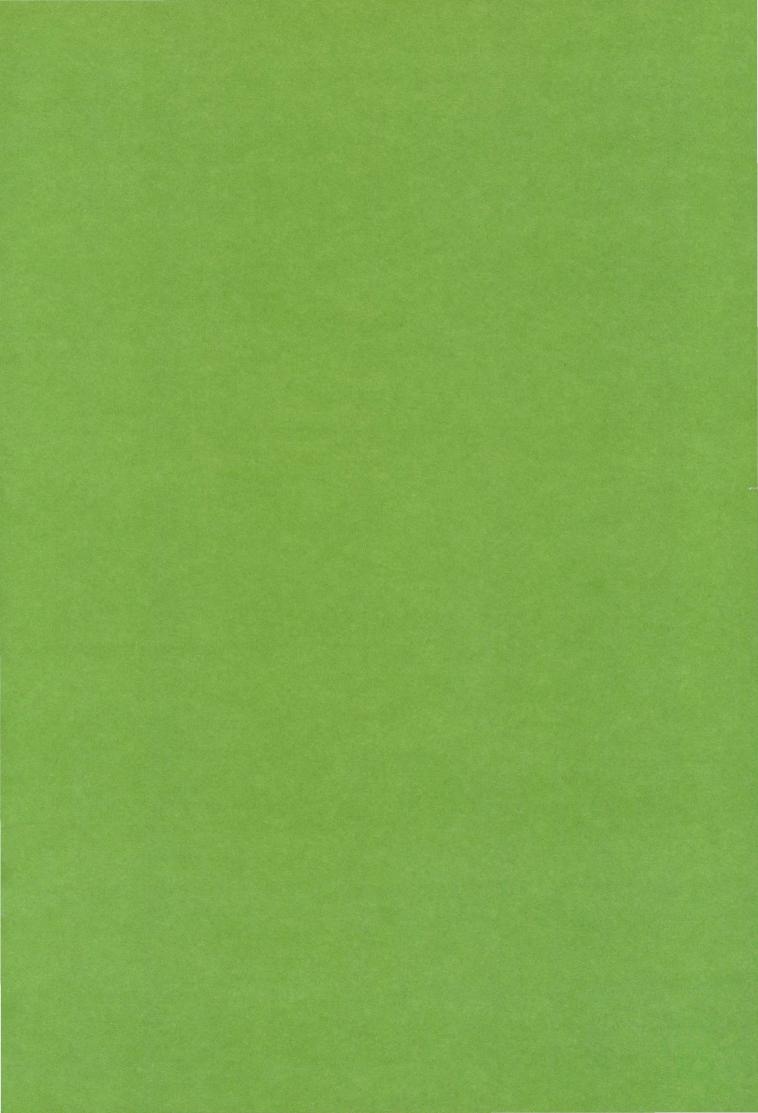
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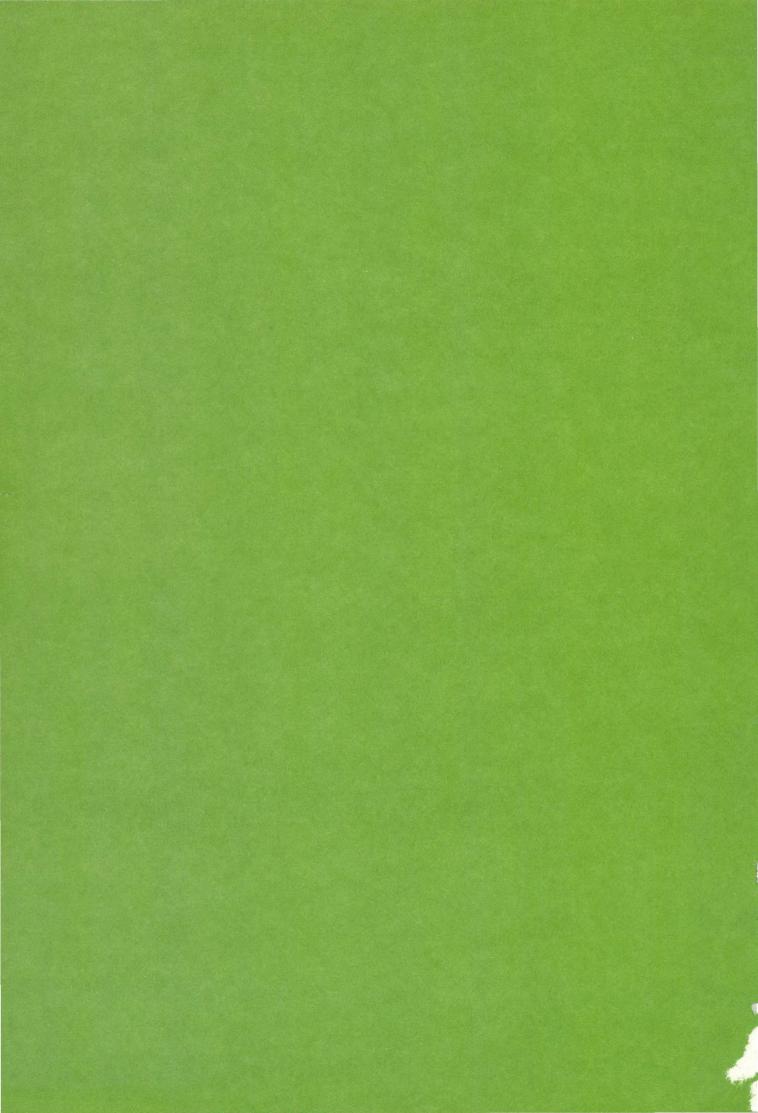
Make a Salad: Alison Knowles' score Proposition, "Make a salad." (1962) is used on the cover with kind permission of the artist

Front Cover: Photograph © Aurora Hendricks, of Léonie Tuglie Hendricks-Grundy, 2007. Used with kind permission of the artist

Back Cover: Yoko Ono, Yoko Ono & Dance Co. 13 Day Dance Fest: 9th day: shake, and Advise on TAKE OFF PANTS; manuscript for the Fluxus Edition; 1965 or early 1966; typewriter, ink, glued on paper, with holograph notations by the artist and George Maciunas

La Monte Young is writing a text about his 1960 and 1961 compositions, as well as his other compositions, which he has asked to be published as a separate volume, in conjunction with this catalogue and exhibition







### **ENNICEXAX**

shake with shake hands. Try as many persons as possible. Writing down all their names you shook hands with. Try in elevator, subway, toilet, daydream, street, etc.

on top of a mountains on the clouds.

advise on TAKE OFF PANTS

TAKE OFF PANTS
take off your pants before you fight.
make this a rule.