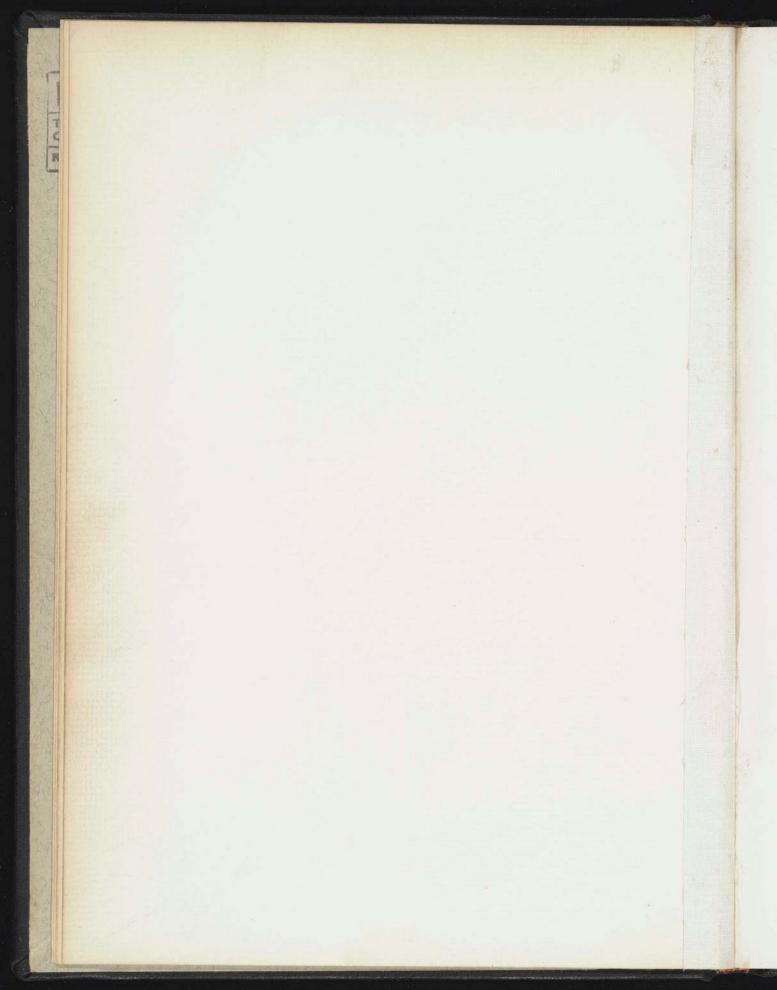
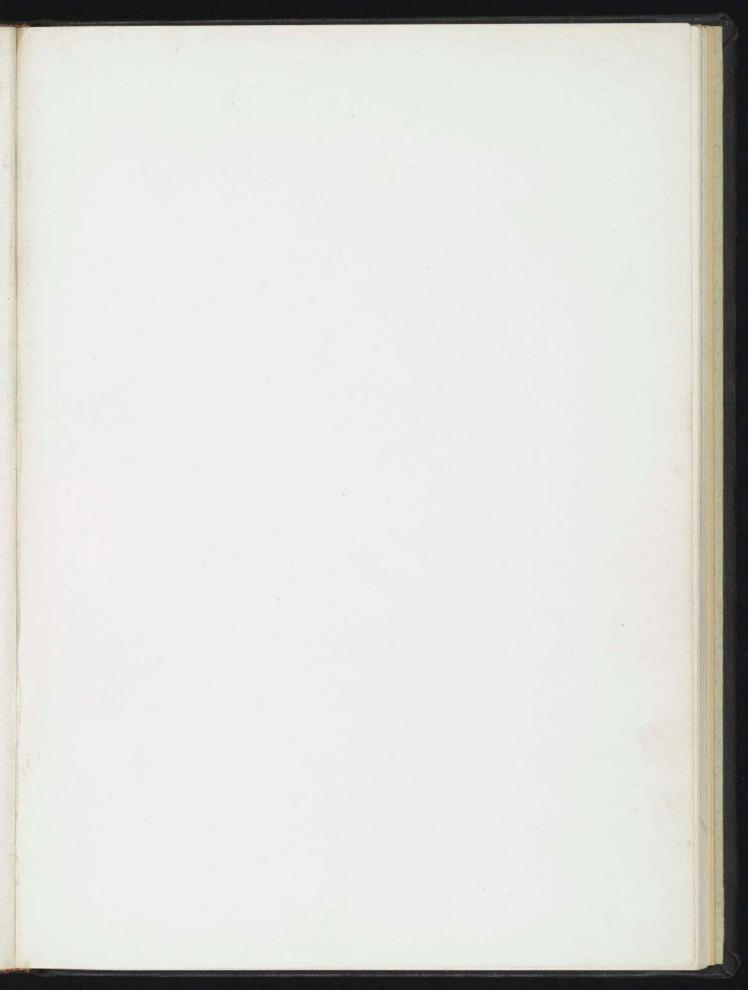


The Klee Foundation, Berne, Switzerland

PAUE

Paux Raw







Paintings, drawings,

and prints

by Paul Klee

from the Klee Foundation, Berne, Switzerland

with additions from American collections

The Museum of Modern Art, New York



Cincinnati Museum Association

Detroit Institute of Arts

Portland Art Museum, Portland, Oregon

City Art Museum of St. Louis

San Francisco Museum of Art

Phillips Gallery, Washington, D. C.

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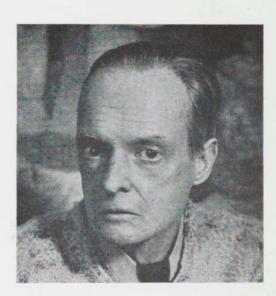
Mr. Werner Allenbach, Mr. H. Meyer-Benteli, Mr. Rolf Burgi, Dr. Markus Feldmann, Miss Carola Giedion-Welcker Dr. Max Huggler, Mr. Hermann Rupf and the United States Representative, Mr. Curt Valentin.

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The present exhibition of Klee's art consists of works lent
by the Paul Klee Foundation at Berne,
supplemented by a small group of paintings
owned in America. The latter have been
chosen to bridge a few chronological gaps in
the Foundation's extensive collection,
and the Museum is deeply indebted to the
American lenders who have made their
pictures available for tour.

We owe a still greater debt, of course, to the Foundation, a non-profit organization whose function is to assure Switzerland, where Klee was born and spent much of his life, a representative collection of works by one of the absolute masters of twentieth-century art. Most of the Foundation's pictures have never before been exhibited in this country. Their arrival is awaited more eagerly than might be the case if unfamiliar paintings by almost any other established modern artist

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were on their way to us. For Klee was the master par excellence of unpredictable variety. He died in 1940, known and revered by admirers throughout the civilized world. Yet yearly since then his stature has grown more impressive, as additional pictures have come to light, extending a visual range whose limits might reasonably have been settled ten or even twenty years ago.

How to account for Klee's inspired prolificacy? Perhaps we may begin by noting that it was more nearly the result of sensibility than of plan. By this I mean that Klee did not usually renew his art by abrupt stylistic departures, but rather led us quietly through the multiple chambers of his awareness, his personality resembling a Chinese puzzle-box, its outer shape holding compartment after compartment within. It is true that his painting sometimes responded to the persuasion of cycles: it became more abstract or less so; it developed certain themes at intervals. But it cannot be assigned to relatively fixed stages, as can the art of a Picasso. On the contrary, Klee's imagery often explored many directions simultaneously, under the sway of a compulsive spontaneity.

Look, for example, at Klee's drawings in the present exhibition. They do not announce or certify a formal program, as did the drawings of the cubists. Their vitality springs primarily from an immediacy of unexpected response. Indeed, a great number of them are free improvisations

suggested by fugitive experience or emotion. But behind them lies strong discipline, and their technical ingenuity falls customarily between two skilled limits - the use of massed cross-hatching and of cobweb line. We should remember that Klee's earliest graphic work was partially nourished by late fifteenth and early sixteenth-century traditions; he learned from his Northern and Italian models how to shade density into depth, how to by-pass when necessary the tonal strictures of black and white. Quite early in his career he also developed that thin, incalculably spry line which is so often his signature. This line sometimes skitters over the picture surface. Its mystery then is that it achieves solidity out of apparent indecision; its tremulous contours are as implacable in space as rigid topographical designs. But the same basic line, bolder or reinforced with hatching, occasionally becomes an instrument of miniature precision, as figures and objects are presented in microscopic isolation against a large area of white ground. In either case, we always know in Klee's art how far it is from here to there. His spatial control allowed him liberties which less gifted hands would have muddled or abused. He was always believable, however remote from accepted fact.

Klee is seldom discussed as a pure colorist, at least not in the exhaustive way that a Bonnard or a Braque is discussed. I imagine this is because he did not often give his color an autonomous role, but preferred to subordinate it to a deeper plan. If we except certain works, perhaps especially those abstractions in which banded orchestrations of tone are the principal theme, we find that Klee was seldom content to let color speak for itself alone. One of the most beguiling of modern painters, he was not essentially a hedonistic artist. He was above all a painter of ideas and visions, intensely philosophical, concerned with what may be revealed rather than what can be displayed. (His humor, to which we will come presently, has tended to obscure the spiritual nature of his art, owing to the debatable assumption that great comedy is less profound than great tragedy.) Klee's palette, like his pen, was the obsequious servant of his transcendental intention.

A study of Klee's color nevertheless reveals its remarkable range and freshness, its capacity to change substance according to the demands of a given work. In many of his watercolors-I think in particular of the superb works of the early 1920's - the function of color is mainly atmospheric, and subtle washes are used to create a backdrop to surface linear action. On the whole his oils take color into more equal partnership with drawing, while complex textural manipulation and hieroglyphic placing make an important contribution. Yet his purpose was seldom merely sensual. The image itself remains dominant in a conceptual sense, and nearly always proposes a unique and

idiosyncratic meaning. One cannot imagine Klee planning a long series of pictures on a narrow, familiar theme, as Matisse has done in his interiors with figures. Instead, for the most part, Klee produced themes on variation, in breathtaking profusion.

It would have been impossible for him to "pose the model," for then what might not instantly have diverted his attention? The wing of an insect, a chord from Bach, the grimace of a child, the festive tableware of a banquet long past? His imagination swarmed with the minutiae of memory, constantly refreshed by new observation and response.

The core of Klee's vision was his humor: a tender, instantaneous laughter evoked by unforeseeable stimuli. His wit enjoyed. It also mocked, but during his mature career it rarely accused. Consider, for example, the many images in which Klee portrayed the torments of childhood. His subjects' grief is shown as both real and absurd. He accepted the child's estimate of its oppression and promptly offered a palliative exaggeration, like parents outwailing their young as a means of breaking slight injury's spell. Klee treated adult dilemma with comparable acuteness and compassion: the mocker is incredulous at being mocked; the shepherd, with his large heart, tries to keep watch in every direction at once; the sensation of fear is symbolized as a swollen, narroweved mask on inadequate legs. And for animals Klee reserved a special fantasy,

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showing them grouped in ludicrous conclave, or treating us to the unforgettable close-up of a cat whose anticipated prey is embedded, terrified, in its lustful brain. Even flowers and plants play an active part in Klee's comedy. Often they are shown in the grip of superior forces - bent by strange magnets, sprouting or drooping helplessly, struggling against the weighty appetite of a giant aphis. No form of life was too insignificant for Klee to consider in metaphysical terms. If we compare his plants with the bouquets of a Renoir, an immense difference in spirit is apparent: the former are portrayed from an animistic viewpoint; the latter are treated as delectable ornaments of human existence

The titles of Klee's pictures are extremely important, and the artist himself made every effort to have them preserved. (They are given here in the catalog in the original German as well as in English, on the assumption that their choice was sometimes affected by phonetic considerations.) Unlike the titles of many surrealist paintings, which were planned either to suggest a parallelism of mood or to gain from the observer an added concentration on the doubly unlikely, Klee's titles are descriptive and accurate. They open the door to our full enjoyment of the image. Yet the image itself holds our attention long after we have ceased to savor its name. Indeed, perhaps only Picasso among modern painters has rivaled Klee in the ability to translate into

new visual terms what is primarily a psychological or even a moral point. This is not to say that either artist can be summarized through the esthetic of "pure form" which our epoch has defined so redundantly. But both men have consistently invented values of color, shape and line which transcend, without obliterating, a strong allusive content. Within its smaller scale, and allowing for its deliberate humility, Klee's art seems as rich in plastic discovery as Picasso's. He worked as a virtuoso, but with the conscience of a master and a philosopher's exaltation.

Perhaps that is why Klee's paintings and drawings are more and more influential among younger artists. His influence is rising now even in Paris, where previously attention had focused mostly on native, Spanish and Baltic tendencies in contemporary art. In America, on the contrary, Klee has for some time been appreciated by artists and laymen, though never in such measure as now. Today there are probably more first-quality Klees in this country than anywhere except Switzerland. Only a few of them have been included in this exhibition, since its principal purpose is to show a selection from the great collection at Berne.

We in America can rightly be proud of our long-standing recognition of Klee. We should be just as gratified that he is so fully known as a prophet at home.

The Artist's Sister, 1903 oil on cardboard, 11x 125%"

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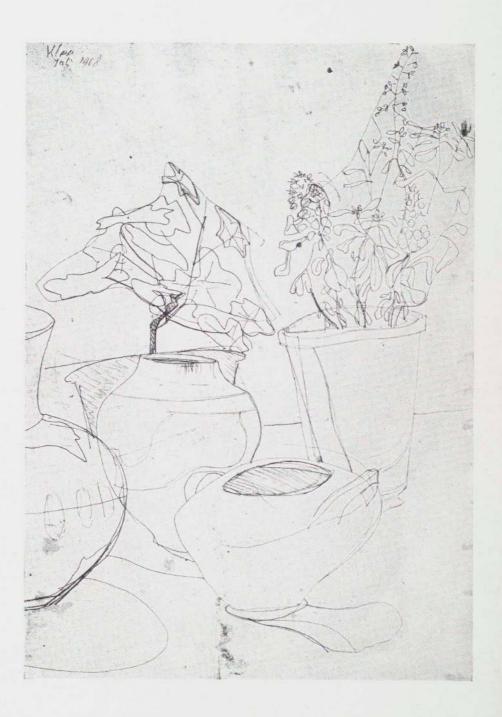
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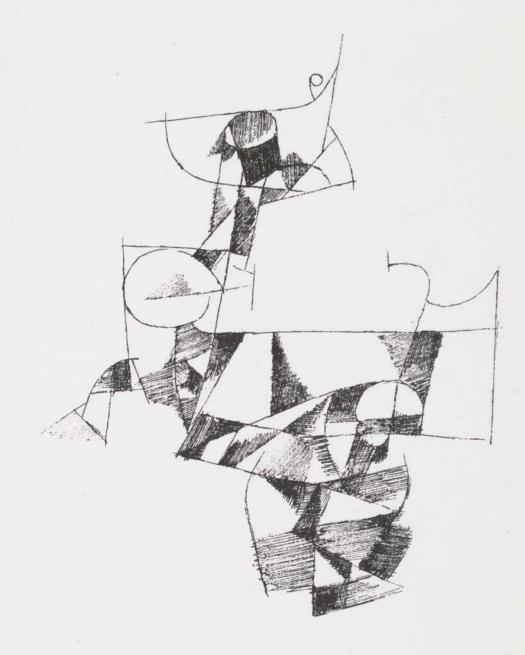
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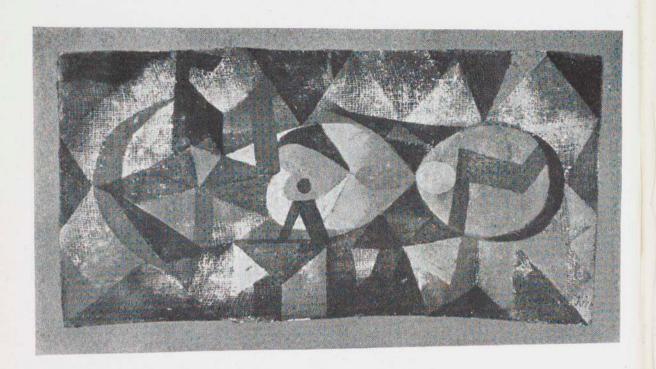
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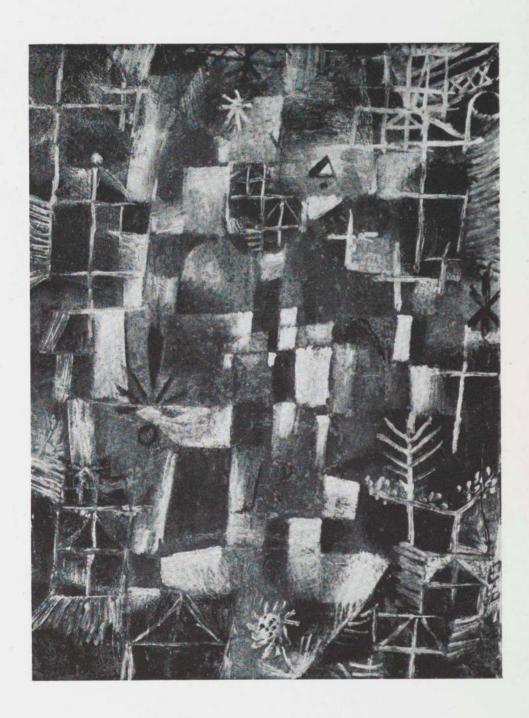


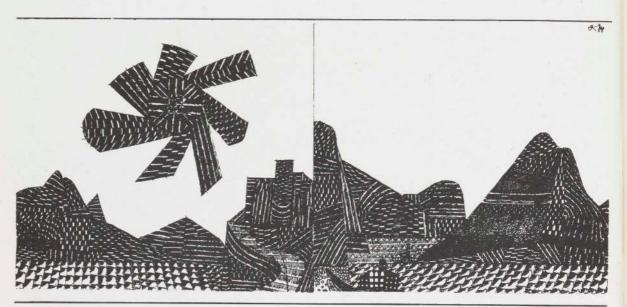




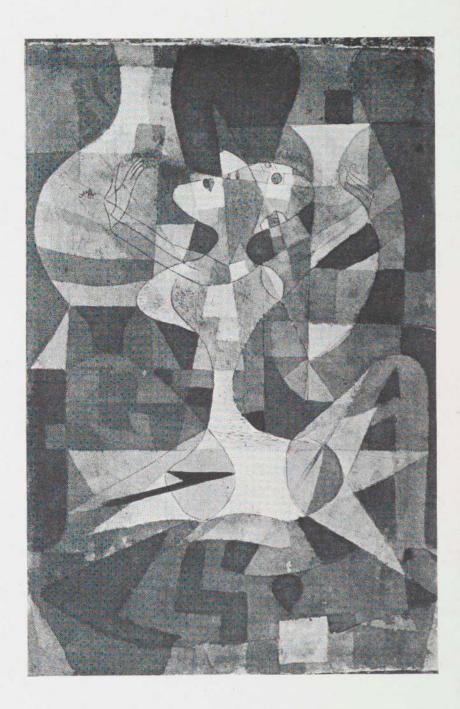




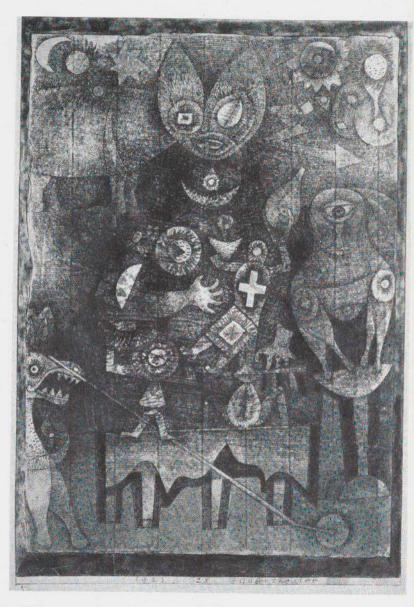




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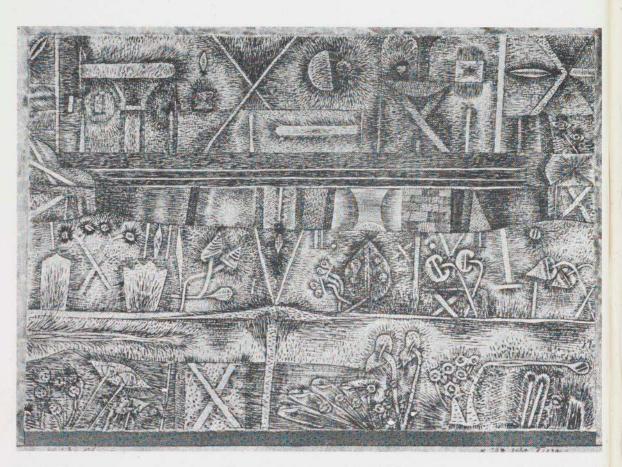
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Magic Theatre, 1923 watercolor, 13 $\frac{1}{4}$ x $8\frac{7}{8}$ "

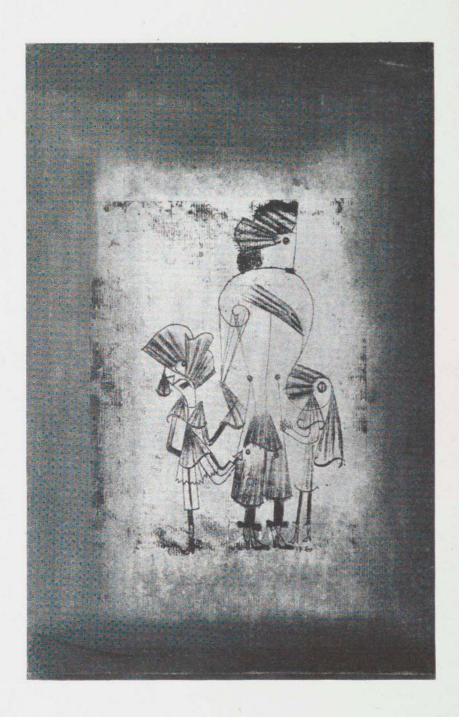
opposite: Fire Wind, 1923 gouache, 16 1/8 x 11 1/8"





Cosmic Flora, 1923 watercolor, 10¾ x 14¾"

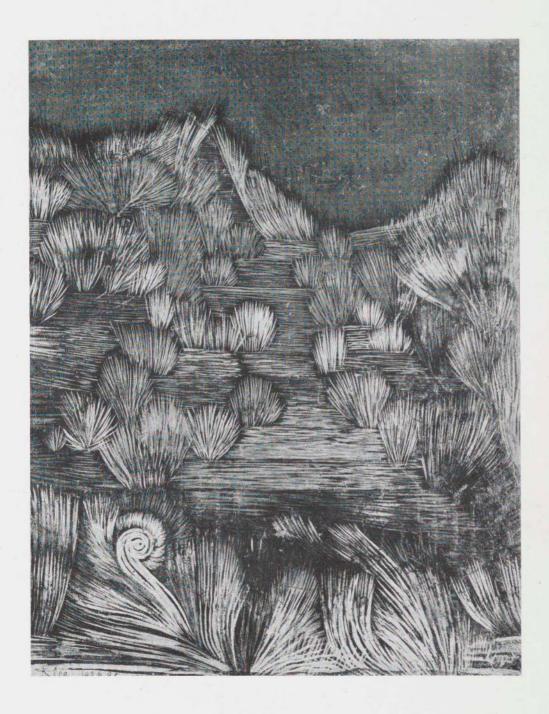
opposite: The Nursemaid, 1924 watercolor, 201/8 x 131/2"





Realm of the Curtain, 1925 pen, 1218 x 1038"

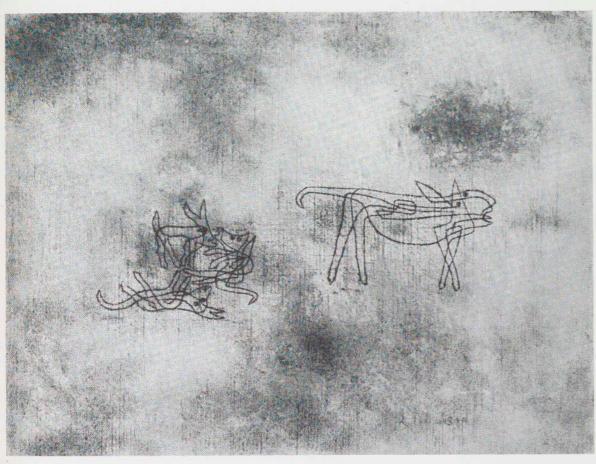
opposite: Little Dune Picture, 1926 oil, 121/2 x 91/2". Collection Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Odets, New York 24

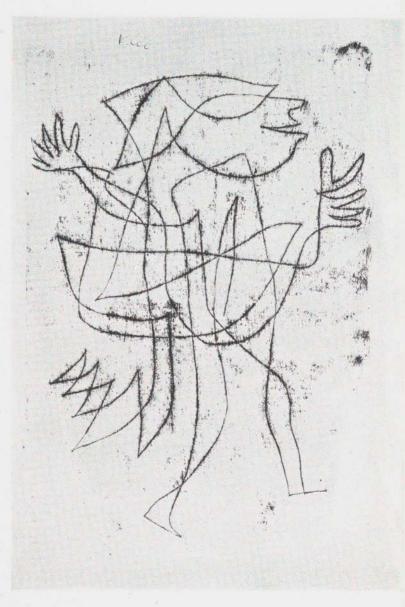




Daemonie, 1925 pen, 111/2 x 217/8"

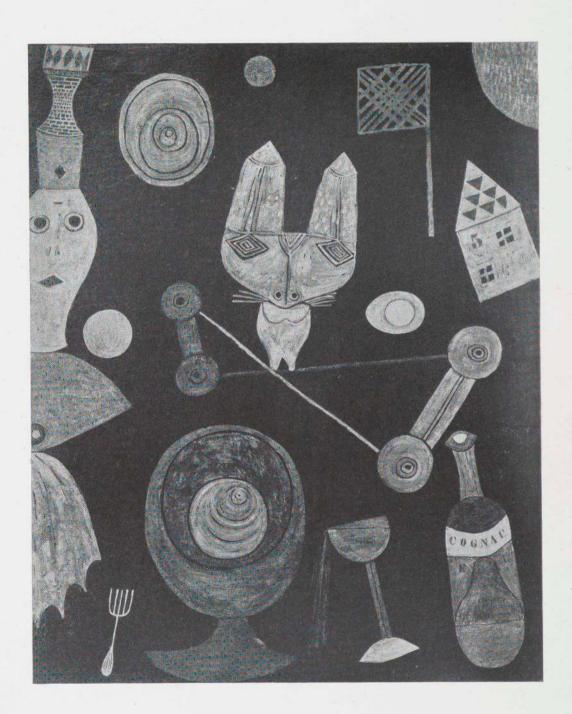
She Howls, We Play, 1928 oil on canvas, 17 x 221/8"





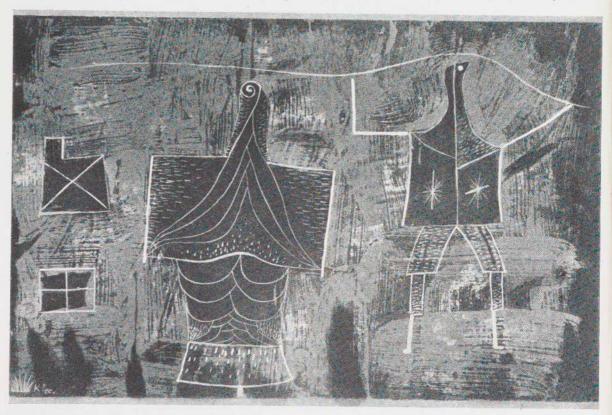
Little Fool in a Trance, III, 1927 pen, 181/4 x 117/8"

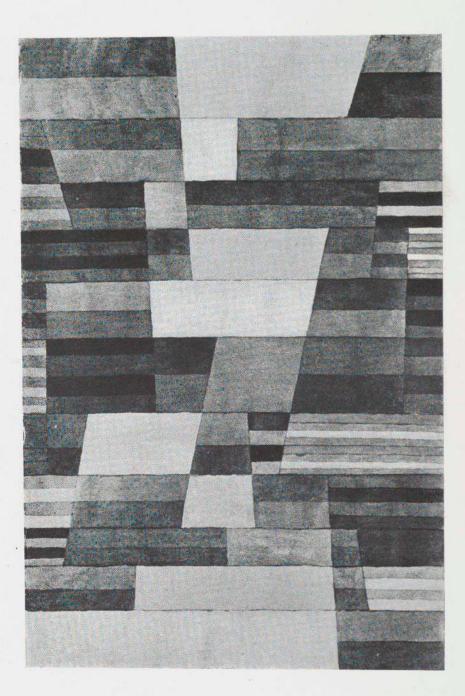
opposite: A Gay Repast, 1928 oil on wood, 331/4 x 263/4". Collection Mrs. Gabriel Hauge, New York 28

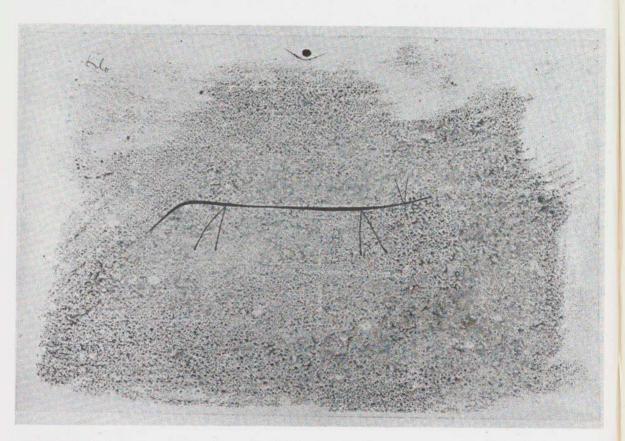


Duetto, 1929 gouache, 85/8 x 131/4"

opposite: Monument in the Orchard, 1929 watercolor, 18 x 12"

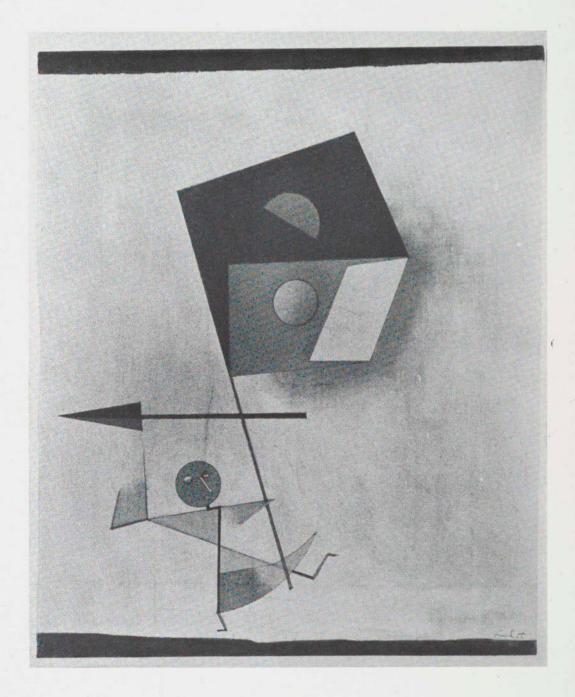


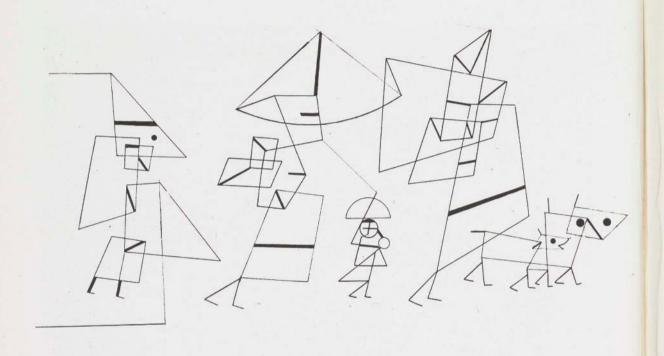




Animal Following a Scent, 1930 watercolor, $12\frac{1}{2}x$ $18\frac{3}{4}$ " opposite: Conqueror, 1930 watercolor on cloth, 16x $13\frac{1}{4}$ "





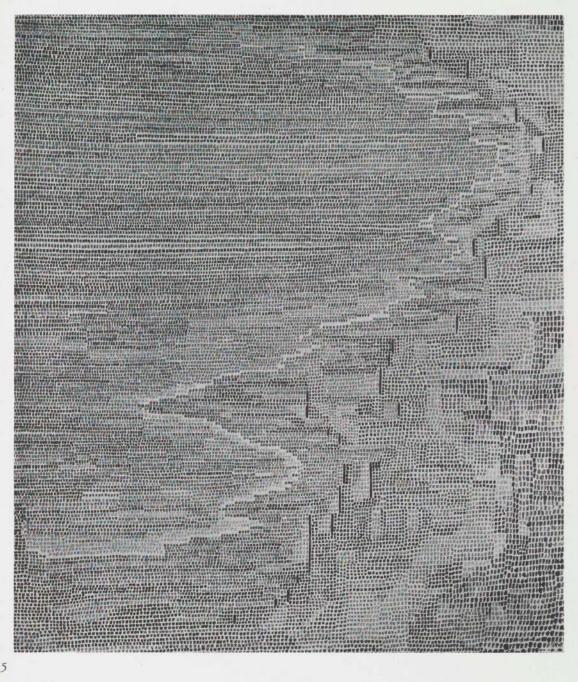


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opposite: Classic Coast, 1931 oil on canvas, 31 1/8 x 26 7/8". Private collection

Family Promenade, 1930 pen and ink with watercolor, 15¾ x 225%"



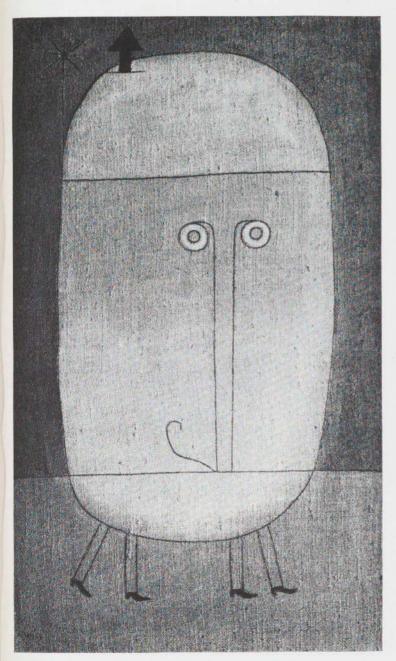
Country Dwarf, 1933 gonache, 19 x 111/2"





color plate: North Room, 1932 watercolor, 1458 x 2114"

opposite: Mask of Fear, 1932 oil on burlap, 39½ x 22½". Collection Dr. Allan Roos, New York

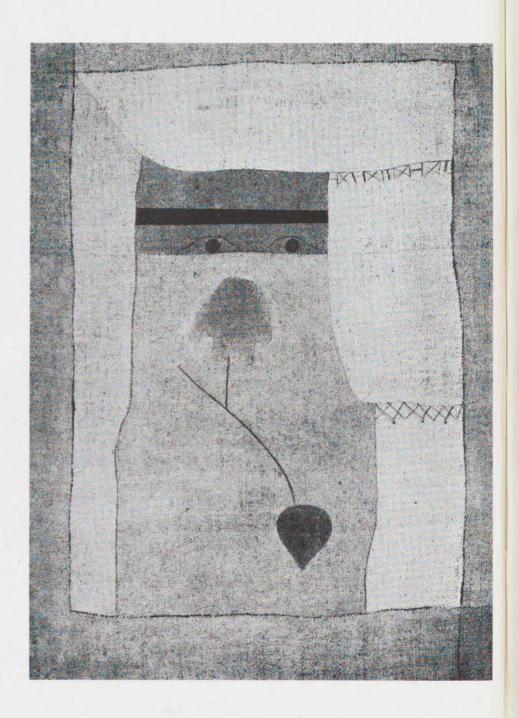


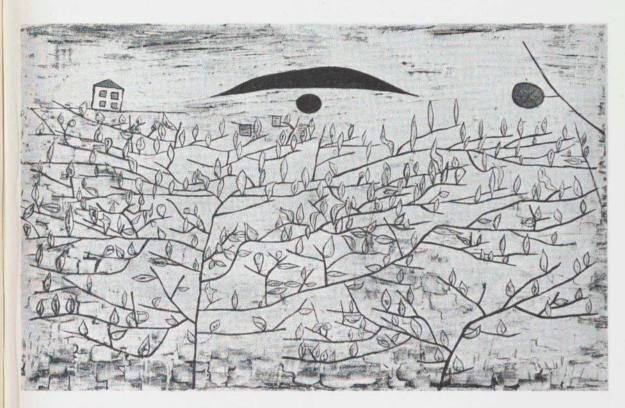


The Creator, 1934 tempera on burlap, 16 $\frac{5}{8}$ x 21"

Departing Spirit, 1933 oil on composition board, 12 x 1938"

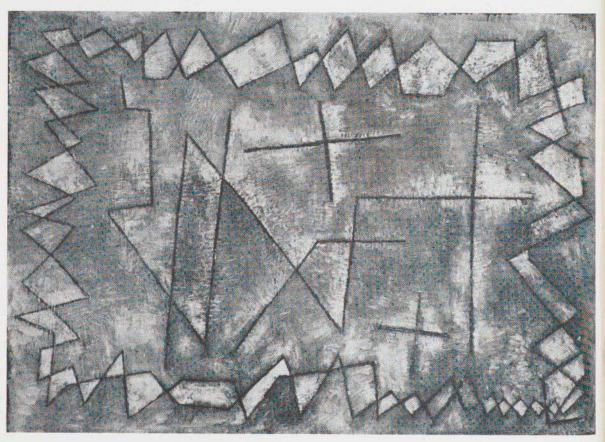




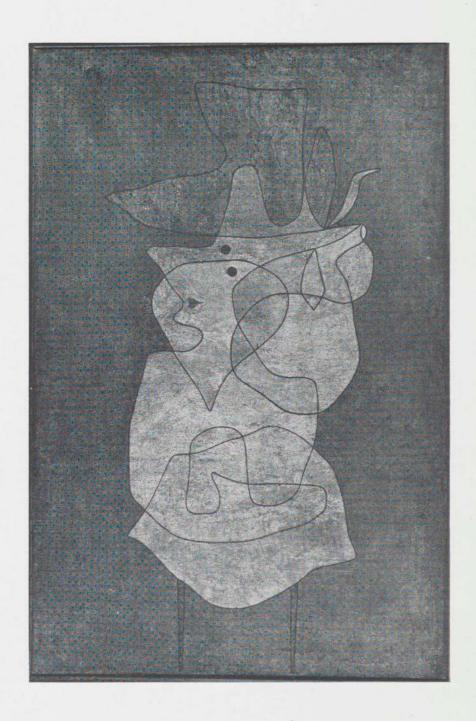


Landscape with Accents, 1934 gonache, 131/4 x 203/4"

opposite: Lady Demon, 1935 tempera on burlap, $59 \% \times 39 \%$

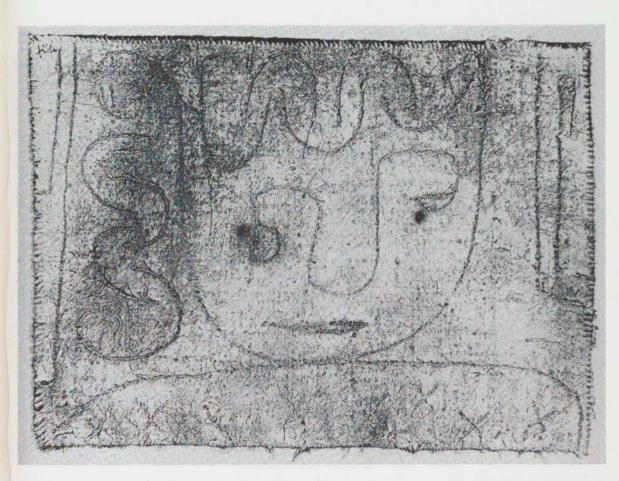


Firmly Confined (in festen Grenzen), 1935 oil on paper, 13½ x 18¾" 44



St. George, 1936 oil on composition board, 121/2 x 167/8"





Early Sorrow, 1938 gouache and gesso on burlap, 131/4 x 173/4"



Insula Dulcamara, 1938 oil on burlap, 345% x 691/4"

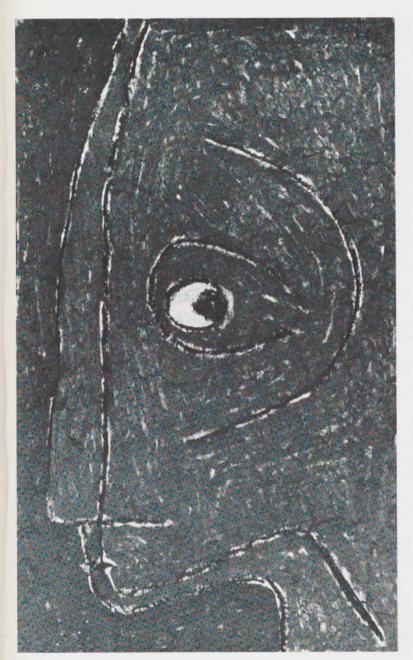
opposite: Daemonie, 1939 gouache, 13 x 81/4"

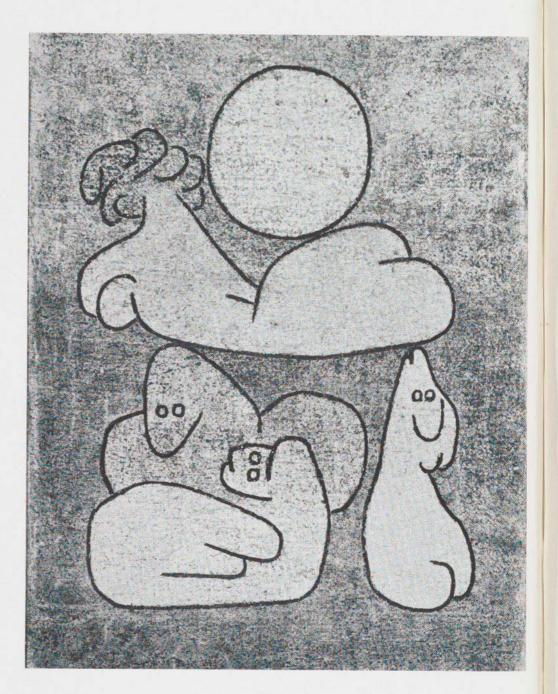


opposite: A Look from Egypt, 1937 charcoal and tempera, 10% x 65%"

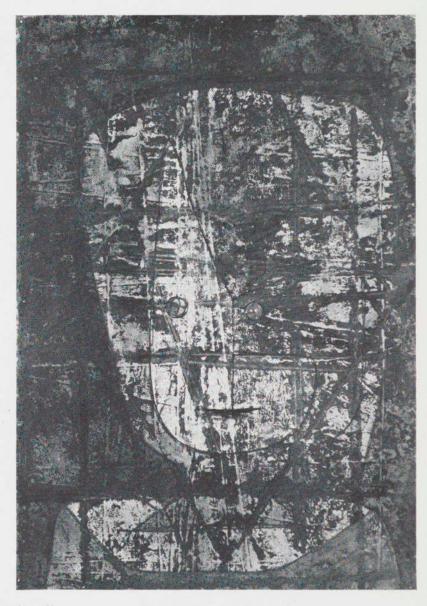
Cerulean-Fruit (Coelin-Frucht), 1938 gouache, 14 x 10½"





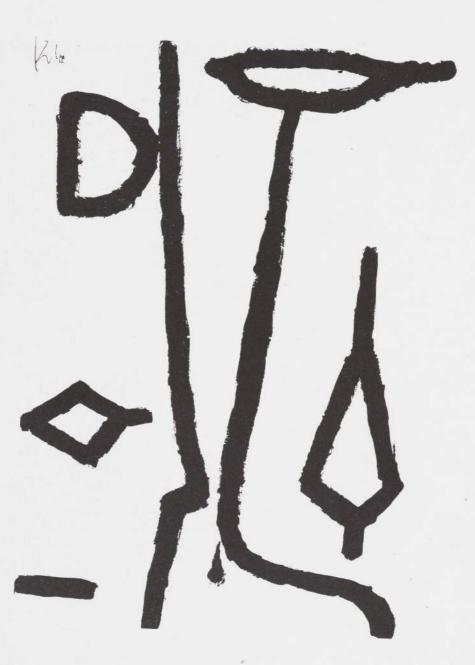


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Saint at a Window, 1940 gouache, 111/2 x 81/8"

opposite: Torso and Kin in Full Moon, 1939 tempera on burlap, 25% x 1934"



Injured, 1940 brush, 16½ x 115%"

Catalog of the Exhibition

Unless otherwise noted, all works listed below are from the collection of the Klee Foundation.

In dimensions height precedes width.

Media may not always be correctly identified since the artist's handling of the materials of painting is unconventional and cannot with certainty be reconstructed.

An asterisk preceding the catalog number indicates that the work is illustrated.

Paintings

- Is Stand of Trees (Baumgruppe) 18\$9
 oil on cardboard, 135% x 1918"
- 2 #2,1901 watercolor, 41/8 x 43/4"
- *3 The Artist's Sister (Die Schwester des Künstlers) 1903 oil on cardboard, 1138 x 1258", ill. p. 11
- 4 Flowers (Blumen) 1905 oil on cardboard, 1438 x 1238"
- 5 Flower Pots (Blumenstöcke) 1906 oil on canvas, 17½ x 13½"
- 6 Stone Quarry (Steinbruch) 1907 watercolor, 24½ x 19"
- 7 Seated Girl (sitzendes Mädchen) 1909 oil on cloth, 131/4 x 85/8"
- 8 Before the Gates of Kairouan (vor den Toren von Kairouan)
 1914
 watercolor, 8 x 1238"
- 9 #218, 1914 watercolor, 43% x 634"
- 10 #22,1916 watercolor, 2¾ x 9¾"
- *11 ab ovo, 1917 gouache, 4¾ x 9¾", ill. p. 16
- 12 #128, 1918 watercolor, 7 x 63's"
- 13 #157, 1919 oil on paper, 18% x 15%"
- *14 Composition with Windows (Komposition mit Fenstern) 1919 oil on cardboard, 20 x 1538", ill. p. 17
- 15 #191, 1919 gouache, 1178 x 5"

- 16 Tropical Blossoms (Tropische Blüten) 1920 oil on paper, 10 1/8 x 11 1/8"
 - 17 Enchainment (Fesselung) 1920 watercolor, 12¹/₄ x 9¹/₂"
 - *18 Ceramic, Erotic, Religious (Keramisch, Erotisch, Religiös)
 1921
 watercolor, 181/8 x 12", ill. p. 19
 - 19 Bird Islands (Vogel-Inseln) 1921 watercolor, 121/8 x 181/8"
 - 20 Room Perspective with Occupants (Zimmerperspektive mit Einwohnern) 1921 watercolor, 12½ x 19½"
 - 21 Genii: Figures from a Ballet (Genien: Figuren aus einem Ballet)
 1922
 watercolor, 101/8 x 67/8"
 - 22 Disturbed Equilibrium (Schwankendes Gleichgewicht) 1922 watercolor, 135% x 7"
 - 23 Boudoir Image (Bild aus dem Boudoir) 1922 watercolor, 13 x 19¼"
- —24 Harmony (Harmonie) 1923 oil on wood, 27½ x 19¾"
 - 25 Chinese, 1923 oil on wood, 12½ x 65%" Lent anonymously
- *26 Cosmic Flora (Kosmische Flora) 1923 watercolor, 10¾ x 14¾", ill. p. 22
- *27 Fire Wind (Feuerwind) 1923 gouache, 16% x 11%", ill. p. 21
- = *28 Puppet Theatre (Puppen-Theater) 1923 gouache, 20½ x 14¾", reproduced in color p. 4
 - 29 Tightrope Walker (Seiltänzer) 1923 watercolor, 19 x 12¾"
 - *30 Magic Theatre (Zaubertheater) 1923 watercolor, 131/4 x 87/8", ill. p. 20
- = 31 Actor's Mask (Schauspielermaske) 1924 oil on wood, 13¾ x 12½" Lent by Sidney Janis, New York
 - 32 Carnival in the Mountains (Karneval im Gebirge) 1924 watercolor, 10 1/8 x 13"
 - 33 Wall Picture (Wandbild) 1924 oil on cloth, 10 x 2134"
 - *34 The Nursemaid (das Kinderfräulein) 1924 watercolor, 201/8 x 131/2", ill. p. 23
 - 35 Song of the Mocking Bird (Lied des Spottvogels) 1924 watercolor, 115% x 153%"

	36	Equipment Still-life (Requisiten Stilleben) 1924 oil on canvas, 15 % x 18 ½"	J *55	Conqueror (Er watercolor on a
	37	Inventoress of the Nest (die Erfinderin des Nestes) 1925 watercolor drawing, 1034 x 858"	*56	Animal Follow watercolor, 12
	38	Arrival of the Circus, 1926 oil on plaster, 6¾ x 10%" Lent by The Phillips Gallery, Washington, D. C.	→ 57	Arabian Still L. oil on canvas, 1
-	*39	Little Dune Picture (Kleines Dünenbild) 1926 oil, 12½ x 9½"		Crystallization watercolor, 127
	40	Lent by Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Odets, New York, ill. p. 25 Air Station (Luft-Station) 1926	*59	Classic Coast (1 oil on canvas, 3
	41	watercolor, 12½ x 18" She Sinks into the Grave (Sie sinkt ins Grab) 1926	*60	Lent anonymou Arab Song, 19
		watercolor, 18% x 13½" Black Prince (Schwarzer Fürst) 1927	₩	oil on burlap, 3 Lent by The Ph
	4.2	oil, 1234 x 111/8" Lent by Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Odets, New York	*61	Mask of Fear (a oil on burlap, 3 Lent by The Phy
	43	Once Again Thoroughly Bewitched (wieder einmal grundverhext) 1927	62	Twilight in the tempera on can
	44	gonache with ink, 13% x 20¼" Menace and Flight (Bedrohung und Flucht) 1927 watercolor and gonache, 19 x 12½"	63	Plant-Script (P) gouache on can
	*45	She Howls, We Play (Sie brüllt wir spielen) 1928 oil on çanvas, 17 x 22 %", ill. p. 27	64	Roof Garden (1 watercolor, 193
-	*46	A Gay Repast (Bunte Mahlzeit) 1928 oil on wood, 33 ³ / ₄ x 26 ³ / ₄ "	*65	North Room (1 watercolor, 145
	- 47	Lent by Mrs. Gabriel Hauge, New York, ill. p. 29 Children Before the Town (Kinder vor der Stadt) 1928		Departing Spir oil on composit
-10		watercolor and gouache, 12% x 11%" Dispute (Disput) 1929	*67	Country Dwarf gouache, 19 x 1
-	49	oil on canvas, 26% x 26%" The Shepherd (Der Hirte) 1929		Rag Ghost (Lun gouache, 19 x 1
	*50	oil on wood, 1958 x 2614" Lent by Mr. and Mrs. Bernard J. Reis, New York Duetto, 1929	69	Figure of the O oil on canvashou Lent by The Phi
		gouache, 85% x 13½", ill. p. 30 Strangely Enough a Plant (Pflanzlich seltsam) 1929	*70	The Creator (D tempera on burn
		gouache, 13 x 10" Centrifugal Forces (Schwungkräfte) 1929	71	Center-piece Fr watercolor on d
	*53	watercolor and gouache, 10½ x 9¾" Monument in the Orchard (Monument im Fruchtland) 1929	*72	Landscape with
	54	watercolor, 18 x 12", ill. p. 31 The Mocket Mocked (oder der verspottete 'Spötter') 1930	73	The Penitent (Etempera on bur
		tempera (?) on canvas, 17 x 20 58" The Museum of Modern Art, New York		Lady Demon (L tempera on burn

*55	Conqueror (Eroberer) 1930
	watercolor on cloth, 16 x 13 ¹ / ₄ ", ill. p. 33
*56	Animal Following a Scent (witterndes Tier) 1930 watercolor, 12½ x 18¾", ill. p. 32
57	Arabian Still Life (Arabisches Stilleben) 1930 oil on canvas, 10 % x 17 ½"
58	Crystallization (Kristallisation) 1930 watercolor, 12½ x 12½"
*59	
*60	Arab Song, 1932 oil on burlap, 36 x 25 ¹ / ₄ " Lent by The Phillips Gallery, Washington, D. C., ill. p. 42
*61	Mask of Feat (Maske Furcht) 1932 oil on burlap, 39½ x 22½" Lent by The Phillips Gallery, Washington, D. C., ill. p. 42
62	
63	
64	Roof Garden (Dachterrasse) 1932 watercolor, 19 % x 15 1/4"
*65	North Room (Nordzimmer) 1932 watercolor, 14% x 211/4", reproduced in color p. 37
*66	Departing Spirit (Ent-Seelung) 1933 oil on composition board, 12 x 1938", ill. p. 41
*67	Country Dwarf (Banernzwerg) 1933 gonache, 19 x 11½", ill. p. 36
68	Rag Ghost (Lumpengespenst) 1933 gouache, 19 x 13"
- 69	Figure of the Oriental Stage, 1934 oil on canvasboard, 20½ x 15½" Lent by The Phillips Gallery, Washington, D. C.
*70	The Creator (Der Schöpfer) 1934 tempera on burlap, 16 % x 21", ill. p. 40
71	watercolor on damask, 11 x 231/4"
*72	gouache, 13¼ x 20¾", ill. p. 43
73	The Penitent (Büsser) 1935 tempera on burlap, 33½ x 13¾"
*74	Lady Demon (Dame Dämon) 1935 tempera on burlap, 59¼ x 39½", ill. p. 45

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- *75 Firmly Confined (in festen Grenzen) 1935 oil on paper, †3½ x 18¾", ill. p. 44
- *76 St. George (St. Georg) 1936 oil on composition board, 12½ x 16¾", ill. p. 46
- 77 Harmonized Combat (harmonisierter Kampf) 1937 pastel, 22½ x 34"
- 78 Picture Album (Bilderbogen) 1937 oil on canvas, 23½ x 22" Lent by The Phillips Gallery, Washington, D. C.
- oil on paper, 15½ x 11½"
- *80 A Look from Egypt (ein Blick aus Ägypten) 1937 charcoal and tempera, 1078 x 658", ill. p. 51
- 81 Catharsis (Katharsis) 1937 pastel and gonache, 1958 x 1234"
- 82 Intention (Vorhaben) 1938 gonache on newspaper, 29½ x 44¾"
- 83 Fruit against Blue (Früchte auf Blau) 1938 tempera on paper, 2158 x 5358"
- *84 Insula Dulcamara, 1938 oil on burlap, 345% x 69¼", ill. p. 48
- 85 Park near Lu (Park bei Lu) 1938 tempera on burlap, 391/4 x 271/2"
- *86 Cerulean-Fruit (Coelin-Frucht) 1938 gouache, 14 x 10½", ill. p. 50
- 87 Three Exotic Youths (drei junge Exoten) 1938 gonache, 1838 x 1538"
- *88 Early Sorrow (frühes Leid) 1938 gouache and gesso on burlap, 13½ x 17¾", ill. p. 47
- 89 Mr. H. Mel (Herr H. Mel) 1938 gouache and gesso on burlap, 14½ x 23¾"
- 90 Cunctator, 1938 gouache on newspaper, 213 x 1334"
- *91 Torso and Kin in Full Moon (Der Torso und die Seinen bei Vollmond) 1939 tempera on burlap, 25% x 19¾", ill. p. 52
- 92 La belle jardinière, 1939 tempera on burlap, 37 1/8 x 27 3/8"
- 93 Love Song at New Moon (Liebeslied bei Neumond) 1939 tempera on canvas, 393% x 27½"
- 94 Nymph in the Vegetable Garden (Nymphe im Gemüsegarten) 1939 tempera on burlap, 1338 x 2078"

- 95. Fit of Terror III (Angstausbruch III) 1939 watercolor, 2478 x 1878"
- *96 Daemonie, 1939 gouache, 13 x 8 1/4", ill. p. 49
- 97 Serious Expression (ernste Miene) 1939 gouache, 12% x 8½"
- 98 Death and Fire (Tod und Feuer) 1940 tempera on burlap, 1818 x 1714"
- 99 Drum Player (Paukenspieler) 1940 gouache, 13½ x 8½"
- *100 Saint at a Window (Heilige aus einem Fenster) 1940 gouache, 11½ x 8½", ill. p. 53
- 101 Woman in National Costume (Frau in Tracht) 1940 gouache, 1878 x 1274"
- 102 #015 pastel, 111/2 x 111/8"

Drawings

- 103 Sketchbook page, 1898 pencil, 6½ x 9¼"
- 104 Sketchbook page, 1899 pencil, 12% x 81/8"
- 105 Sketchbook page, c. 1899 pencil and pen, 12% x 8%"
- 106 Sketchbook page, c. 1899 pencil, 12 % x 8 ½"
- 107 Study, 1903 pencil, 10% x 14½"
- 108 Studies #1, #2, #3, 1904

 pen and colored wash, mat opening 11½ x 8¾"
- 109 Studies #5, #6, #7, 1904 pencil, mat opening 83% x 117%"
- 110 #28, 1905 pencil, mat opening 11½ x 8¾"
- 111 Studies #29, #30, 1905 pencil, mat opening 101/4 x 7 1/8"
- 112 Soothsayers in Conversation (Auguren im Gespräch) 1906 pencil and pen, 83% x 63%"
- 113 Studies #1, #2, #3, #4, #5, 1907 pencil, mat opening 8¾ x 12"
- *114 #49, 1908 pencil, 11½ x 7¾", ill. p. 13
- 115 #51, 1908 charcoal and chalk, 183/8 x 14½"

116	#11, 1909 pen and brush, 6¾ x 12¾"	*136	Seascape with a Heavenly Body (Seelandschaft mit dem Himmelskörper) 1920	
117	Portrait of M. K. (Porträt M. K.) 1909		pen, 5 x 11 1/8", ill. p. 18	
	pen, 8 x 1038"	137	Drawing for "Earth, Air and Plant Kingdom"	
	From Berne (Aus Bern) 1909 pen and brush, 8½ x 10½", ill. p. 14		(Zeichnung zu Pflanzen, Erd- und Luftreich) 1920 pen, 8% x 73%"	
119	Houses near Parade Ground Oberwiesenfeld outside Munich (Haüser am Exerzierplatz Oberwiesenfeld b. München) 1910 pen, 83% x 16"	138	The Road from Unklaich to China (Der Weg von Unklaich nach China) 1920 pen, 7 3 x 11"	
120	Berne (Bern) 1910 pen, 634 x 578"	139	The Steamer Passes the Botanical Garden (Der Dampfer fährt am botanischen Garten vorbei) 1921	
121	Hannah, 1910		pen, 8¾ x 11¾"	
pen, 8¾ x 6¾"		140	Drawing for "Distillation of Pears" (Zeichnung zur	
122	Furniture Caricature (Karikatur eines Möbels) 1910 pen, 878 x 1038"		Birnendestillation) 1921 pen, 734 x 111/8"	
123	Woman on a Chaise Longue (Frau im Liegestuhl) 1911 pen and brush, 6 x 9 %"	141	Concert on a Branch (Konzert auf dem Zweig) 1921 pen, 1138 x 858"	
124	An Uneasy Moment (ein unheimlicher Moment) 1912 pen, 6¾ x 6¾"	142	Drawing for "Room Perspective with Occupants" (Zeichnung zur Zimmerperspektive mit Einwohnern) 1921	
125	Shift to the Right (Verschiebung nach rechts) 1913		pencil, 131/4 x 97/8"	
	pen, 5½ x 4½"	143	For the "Dance of the Night Moth" (Zum	
	Fabulous Island (Fabelhafte Insel) 1913 pen, 2½ x 7½"		Nachtfaltertanz) 1922 pen, 12 ¹ / ₈ x 8 ³ / ₄ "	
127	Sketch from Kairouan (Skizze aus Kairouan) 1914 pen, 6¼ x 4"	144	The Armored Maiden and the Animals (Die gepanzerte Jungfrau und die Tiere) 1922	
	#153, 1914		pencil, 8¾ x 11¾"	
	pen, 71/4 x 51/8", ill. p. 15	145	Exotic Theatre (Theater der Exoten) 1922	
129	#89, 1915 pen, 4¾ x 9½"	6	pen, 9 x 15"	
11.00	#2, 1916 pen. 6¼ x 4¾"	140	Drawing for "The Combat of the Sea-farers" (Zeichnung zw Kampfszene der Seefahrer) 1923 pencil and pen, 93% x 137%"	
131	#66, 1916	147	#217, 1923	
	pen, 9½ x 51/8"		pen, 11¼ x 8½"	
	Drawing for "Evil Star of Ships" (Zeichnung zum Unstern der Schiffe) 1917	148	Female Costume Mask (weibliche Kostümmaske) 1924 pen and watercolor, 11½ x 8¾"	
	pen, 83/8 x 103/4"	149	Scene with Running Woman (die Szene mit der Laufenden	
133	Drawing with a Fermata (Zeichnung mit der Fermete) 1918 pen, 6¼ x 9½"		1925 pen, 8½ x 11¾"	
134	The Immediate Future Bred Deadly Danger (Nahe Zukunft	150	The Beetle (der Käfer) 1925	

pen, 111/2 x 978"

pen, 111/2 x 9"

pen, 934 x 2178", ill. p. 26

152 Storm Spirit (Sturmgeist) 1925

*151 Daemonie, 1925

brütete tödliche Gefahr) 1919

135 Higher and Higher, Out of Sight (Höher, ferner schwindend)

pen, 1178 x 834"

pen, 101/4 x 85/8"

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em	153	Flying Seeds (Flugsamen) 1925 pen, 83% x 1434"
	*154	Realm of the Curtain (Reich des Vorhanges) 1925 pen, 12 1/8 x 10 1/8", ill. p. 24

155 Transfixed (festgebannt) 1925 pen, 734 x 818"

156 A Garden for Orpheus (ein Garten für Orpheus) 1926 pen, 181/2 x 121/2"

157 Demons Before the Entrance (Dämonen vor dem Eingang) 1926 pen, 538 x 1238"

158 Before Birth (vor der Geburt) 1926 pen, 1038 x 1638"

159 Gay Witchcraft (heiterer Spuk) 1927 pen, 111/2 x 1538"

160 Beride, 1927 pen, 638 x 834"

161 The Great Cupola (die grosse Kuppel) 1927 pen, 101/2 x 12"

162 Rolling Hills of the Proquerolles (Hügelland von Proquerolles) 1927 pen, 1138 x 181/2"

163 Cathedral of L.-berg (Kathedrale v. L.-berg) 1927 reed pen, 938 x 1178"

164 Temperaments (Temperamente) 1927 pen, 12 x 17 78"

165 Rain (Regen) 1927 pen. 1178 x 1814"

166 City of Lagoons (Lagunenstadt) 1927 pen, 12 x 1834"

*167 Little Fool in a Trance, III (kleiner Narr in Trance, 3) 1927 pen, 181/4 x 111/8", ill. p. 281

168 Activities of a Town by the Sea (Aktivität der Seestadt) 1927 pen, 17% x 1814"

169 Prickly Drift, First Stage (Stachel-Strömung ersten Stadiums) 1928 pen. 18 x 2358"

170 Ships in a Lock (Schiffe in der Schleuse) 1928 pen, 1178 x 18"

171 Animal Nurse (Tierpflegerin) 1928 pen and brush, 13 x 15"

172 Ah, These Passions! (ja, die Leidenschaften!) 1928 pen, 11 x 1734"

173 Three Ghost Ships (drei Geisterschiffe) 1928 pen, 115/8 x 1778"

174 Minor Disaster at Sea (kleine Seenot) 1928 pen, 17 1/8 x 12 1/8"

175 Nomad Prince (Nomadenfürst) 1929 pencil, 111/2 x 173/4"

176 Ordensburg, 1929 pen, 111/4 x 95/8"

177 Town with Watchtowers (Stadt mit Wachttürmen) 1929 brush. 18 x 17 78"

*178 Family Promenade (Familien Spaziergang) 1930 pen with watercolor, 1534 x 2258", ill. p. 34

179 The Bay (die Bucht) 1930 pen, 181/4 x 235/8"

180 Exercises (Übungen) 1930 pen, 181/4 x 117/8"

181 Offensive-Complicated (kompliziert-offensiv) 1930 pen, 121/2 x 19"

182 Dirigible Grandfather (lenkbarer Grossvater) 1930 pen, 23 1/8 x 181/4"

183 Abstract Script (abstrakte Schrift) 1931 pen, 338 x 858"

184 Flight from Self, First Stage (Flucht vor sich, erstes Stadium) 1931 pen, 161/2 x 221/8"

185 Foliage (Baumschlag) 1931 pen, 93/8 x 121/8"

186 In the Process of Becoming (ein Werdender) 1933 sanguine, 161/2 x 111/4"

187 Diary Porteros: the Mistral (Tagebuch Porteros: der Mistral) transfer drawing, 151/4 x 191/2"

188 Clean and Unclean Hands (reine und unreine Hände) 1934 pen, 1878 x 25"

189 Uphill and Then? (bergauf und dann?) 1934 pen, 191/8 x 1178"

190 Play on the Water (Spiel auf dem Wasser) 1935 pencil, 7 1/8 x 105/8"

191 Finds (Funde) 1935 pencil, 81/4 x 13"

192 Event on the Playground (Ereignis am Spielplatz) 1937 charcoal, 135/8 x 191/2"

193 Waterway (Wasser-Route) 1937 charcoal and brush, 101/4 x 191/8"

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- 194 Shopgirl and Customer (Ladnerin und Kundin) 1937 brush, 10 x 1956"
- 195 Angel from the Star (Engel vom Stern) 1939 brush and watercolor, 241/8 x 181/8"
- *196 Injured (Verletzt) 1940 brush, 16½ x 115%", ill. p. 54

Prints

- 197 Adventurous Fish (abenteuerlicher Fisch) 1901 etching, 31/4 x 43/8" (image)
- 198 Virgin in a Tree (Jungfrau im Baum) 1903 etching, 91/4 x 113/4" (image)
- Two Men Meet, Each Believing the Other to be of a Higher Rank (Zwei Männer, einander in höherer Stellung vermutend, begegnen sich) 1903
 etching, 4% x 7½" (image)
- 200 Head of Menace (Drohendes Haupt) 1905 etching, 7 x 5" (image)
- 201 Senile Phoenix (Greiser Phonix) 1905 etching, 10 x 7 ¹/₄" (image)
- *202 Hero with a Wing (Der Held mit dem Flügel) 1905 etching, 9 % x 5 3 4" (image), ill. p. 12

This book has been printed in March, 1949, for the Trustees of the Museum of Modern Art, New York, by The John B. Watkins Company, New York

Cover, typography, and format by Paul Rand

