Turn to history
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How did Tsar Nicholas justify the war against the Ottoman Empire?
What explains the constant increase in population?
What does the theory of the virulence of parasites account for?
How great did the Arabian Empire become?
How did Nigeria gain its independence?
Explain the term vaccination.
What did Louis Pasteur prove?
What does Thomas Robert Malthus’ theory imply?
What role did trade play?
What principles were followed?
Compare the Iron Ages of Northern and Southern Europe.
What are the origins of the Tuareg languages?
Who is the architect of peace?
In what ways did France change?
Relate German heroic poetry to class.
What do the colours of the Congolese flag represent?
How did farming occur?
To what did the Phoenicians contribute?
And the Romans?
Explain how feudalism works.
What is history here is the history of her she had trousers.  
What is history she was sharing that is generous but is it history.  
No one sees you from the balcony that is a fact it is not history.  
Love arises that is not history it is economy.  
One can look pleasant for weeks before anyone tells you to stop.

This is history it begins and ends with paying.  
It is historical to see something fall that has been standing for a long time.  
It is historical to cry over a crime.  
It is historical and traumatic to see family and friends and neighbours turn their back on you.

History should be able to answer questions.  
Finally the troops reached France is that history no it is geography.
One is always most interesting in the beginning. That is why one is happiest as a child. A historical person can say to another person that this is the beginning but when does that mean.

They lived somewhere but what is important is when they lived. They lived during the war. They lived in August. There is a greater risk a dog will kill a chicken in times of war than in times of peace.

A soldier is a soldier in one time but a shoemaker in another. Hopefully he is first a shoemaker then a soldier then he is killed in action. No hopefully he is a soldier then killed in action then makes it and becomes a shoemaker. All countries are important just not at the same time. France used to be important but is it important now. No.
This is not history’s question how many are you.
Neither is it have you come to stay.
Where does history begin.
History does not ask that.
Is history the future of history.

It is hard to regain the Catholic faith.
It is pretty hard to learn Spanish.
It is easy or at least easier to go to war.
It is hard not to grow tired.
The sad thing about anything is that one never knows whether it is here to stay.
No one gets paid that is not history it is the end of history.

What positively is history is what is illustrated.
The historical expresses itself historically.
Here is a historical expression once upon a time.
Here is a historical scenario a child is born it learns to crawl it gets a job it cuts its hair it faces death.
Here is an a-historical someone walks and walks and walks.
Here is a pre-historical it is green then it shifts then darkness falls.
Here is a world-historical even though they had a mission they wanted to go around the castle but just then the arrows came.
Here is a hysterical all she wanted was to sleep.

Hopefully it was warm in the seventeenth century.
Hopefully one came and went during the renaissance.
In the Middle Ages.
Hopefully one slept in during the Middle Ages.
Hopefully the movies were good in the fifties.
Hopefully the German men were nice to the German women the German women were nice to the German kids the German kids were nice to the German dogs.
No they were not nice.
This is history many have died.
This is a blacksmith she is in a smithy.
This is politics it is going to take time.
This is quality we’ll take it.

A way of being happy is to engage in outdoor life or play in an orchestra for a shorter period of time.

This is not history’s question what does history have to offer.
Is history concerned with the future.
Is history marginalized.
Who was the shogun?
What inventions made it easier to use the horse?
In what ways did the languages differ?
What is to be seen in Kaba?
And in Rome?
In what ways did the defeat of Japan affect the situation in Russia?
When did Abyssinia become Ethiopia?
Explain the success of the coin.
Who was the first emperor of Songhai?
In what way was the Norwegian constitution radical?
Give an account of the most important battles during the Persian War.
What was the intention for Liberia?
How did the Bedouins support themselves?
One can grow up by their father’s side that is not history. Perhaps one does not have a father that might be history but it is not automatically history.

What is history longing is history. What happens while longing is that things become longer. Longer walks. Longer waiting.

How many ships pass by in history. How many rivers flow and how many of them split. Where does the river split. The river does not ask that. The ocean is the ocean but what is the river. This is not the river’s answer the river is also the ocean or at least a door to the ocean. Can the ocean be said to have a door. History does not ask that.
What does history wish for does it want to be extensive. What kind of background does history have. Is it too long.

Longing people need to lie down. They need five minutes after lunch five minutes before dinner. What happens while longing is that one wakes up any time of the day and then falls asleep again.
The starry heavens.  
And the moral law.  
The nostalgic longing said Immanuel Kant and remained seated in Konigsberg with cracks in his forehead longing nowhere.  
Except possibly inwards.  
Immanuel Kant was the first to say that longing is not there but then.  
Many people long but as with most things Kant is the one being remembered.

How many are the other histories.  
That is not history’s question.  
Are you alone no you are not.  
Is this the origin of history every place cried for their history.  
We did not get history by chance.  
But who are we.
How did Christian II justify the Blood bath of Stockholm?
What governance did the new Latin American states get?
What does the myth of Europe and the bull reveal?
Which year did James Cook reach Australia?
What is a dower?
What did the Brezhnev doctrine imply?
How did Tegnér explain the increase of population?
What characterized the so-called Reign of Terror?
What was at stake in the Dreyfus affair?
Which were the most important states on the Italian peninsula?
What was a hoplite?
What are pogroms?
And Romans?
What happened to the counties in the long run?
It is important to know how they lived but it is more interesting when.
When did they live they lived during the crisis.
There is a greater risk a child will pull another child’s hair when the stock market falls.

Hopefully the rain ceased by the turn of century.
Hopefully one organized during classicism.

What is the heart of history and does it beat like it used to.
History does not wonder.
What could history have done differently.
What does history save up for.
What are the interests of history does it want to become vaster.
History happens at night.
History requires a lot of work.
A historic amount of people are now at work.

One gets through the history of philosophy and one thinks that the history of philosophy is quite accurate. Almost anything is possible to quote is that the quality of the quotation.
What is prehistory it is oral and hard to summarize.
Prehistory is sadder than the history of the world which is better than general history.
Prehistory is characterized by quantity history by quality while the Information Age is characterized by information.

Previously.
In a society longing for relief.
One carried one’s tongue between one’s teeth with hardship.
One did not have words for all.
More than that is not known.
What did the Kalmar union imply?
Which were the first cities?
How come no inheritable class of slaves emerged?
What was the Mir?
What does the Osiris myth explain?
In what ways did Hats and Caps differ?
How did the reorganization of work affect the worker’s conditions?
Who were represented in Folketinget?
What was the Europeans take on autonomy?
What was the purpose of Georg Adlersparre?
What reasons for discontent were there in Great Britain?
Explain why the cultures fell.
Everyone is free it does not happen at the same time not in all countries but hopefully that is what it was like before. There is a difference between killing someone and forgetting to keep someone alive. One forgets to keep the dog alive. One forgets to cut the children’s hair. It happens easily but it does not continue. The sad thing about anything is that it ends.

It has to do with fear of death that is not history’s thesis. The incomprehensibility of the ocean but in the simple shape of the river. A life by the river what kind of life is that. The river does not know but does not ask either.
Here it comes.
History.
First came the flatiron then came the shirts. Already several hundred years ago people had too much to talk about.

There is an adventure in anything says anyone and that is correct. To let oneself go is an activity that possibly will pay off in the long run. First came the raincoat then came the rain.

It easy to give way to oblivion and indifference. It is difficult to translate from Arabic without knowing Arabic. It is tempting to be immortal. It is often unclear what comes after what.
What is the inside of history.
What is history’s competence.
What does history make of the twenty-first century.

Longing people need to stand up.
Five minutes after breakfast.
Then lie down again.
One does not get sick from longing but one does not get well either.
What were the main reasons for the Viking raids?
When was the Trans-Siberian railway finished?
Why was there an increased demand for paper?
Who are the Boers?
Who are the populists?
What were the consequences of the Sepoy rebellion in India?
How did private life emerge?
How old is agriculture?
What was so remarkable about Theodora?
In what way were the army reforms decided?
Who were the Huns?
And the Romans?
What was the relationship to nature like?
Explain the concept of the Dictatorship of the proletariat.
It is crucial to know when they lived but at the same time it is important where.
Where did they live they lived on the third floor.
They lived in Europe.

After centuries of rain and taxi cabs and truly congenial organization.
First came the bedside lamp then came fiction.

It is difficult to forget the history of Sweden between the years of 1602 and 1918.
It is easier to forget Africa during the Middle Ages.
It is easy to question someone's competence.
It is tempting to embrace the idea of all times resembling each other or all times differing.
This is history one is women and men.
This is the history of women and men but where is the 
history of listening and repeating here it comes be prepared 
always prepared.

After centuries of little pubs and hockey finals.
Shortly after the history books came the war.

Once upon a time there was room for each and every one.
One can mean almost anything is that the quality of the 
moment.
First came monogamy then came the synthesiser.
It is easy to be modest and peaceful. 
It is ceremonious but worth-while with footnotes. 
It is easy to imagine qualities of books not yet written. 
It is hard to count all the events of history but it is easy to begin.

It was because of the war. 
Not because there was war there is always war somewhere but because the war was coming. 
Because one waited for the war. 
It was because they were waiting for the war that they pulled each other’s hair.

It is useful to be acquainted with history it keeps repeating itself as if we liked it.
All the study counsellors that preceded the educational system. First comes adolescence then comes the Enlightenment.

It seems to be a good history but then it turns out to be a bad history. This is the history of her she was not at work but later she was. This is the history of the haircut it was unruly. Many say so and it is correct.

How long was seafaring it was thousands of years. How long was waiting it was eternal. All that is sad comes first or last in the middle one is safe.

Religious war colonial empires reformation. Shooting stars French kings and other kings slave trade mission. New machines thirty years’ wars shorter wars trade tolerance and freedom. First not much was known then all was very well known.
What is history history is linear an earthquake therefore is not historic.
What is the history of the dimensions they got more but did they get better.
What is the history of the whale the whale resembles the shark but the shark resembles nothing.

Democracy other wars cattle industrialization the agrarian and urban explosions of population brigands fundamental laws and other laws colonial empires parliament. Human rights other rights slaves nationalism other slaves other discoveries attacks world wars other wars. Here is nothing harming nothing unknown nothing irreversible but here is history.
Where they lived is of interest as is the matter of for whom. For whom did they live. They lived for the dog.

One needs tradition and freedom and intimacy and anyone says so but more say so in times of war. More say so during the twentieth century.

How did they live they lived as shoemakers. Shoemakers who had gone to war and been killed in action but then had made it.
Hopefully one had no doubts during modernity.
Hopefully one sat around small tables with checked tablecloths
in the eighties.
Hopefully the French families were nice to the German
families the German families larger than the Swedish families
hopefully the Swedish families stood up to the Norwegian
families hopefully the Norwegian families remember the
French families.
The large simple French families.
People learn to be honest and straight and interesting. Lots of things are interesting to great men of interest even past their lifetime. It often happens that a man does something really carries out an action and everyone understands and thinks that that man is really carrying out an action but later the action is forgotten and this happens a lot.
This history is not good but it is in Swedish.  
One took the ferry from Denmark and looked at the sea and liked the sea and then one was there but where was one.  
Well Sweden.  
It is not easier to tell the story of Sweden but it is shorter.  
Sweden was an answer to the question of homecoming.  
It does not take long to leave Sweden but it takes long to want to stay.
What is history history is centralized marinas are therefore not historic. What is both most and least historic rocks are. The Ice Age is a period characterized by ice an invasion is not.

Good writers are better fathers that has not been the case. Allergic women have had more fun that might have been the case. Is history varied. Yes it is varied.

How many people throughout history are English speaking and how many live by the coast. Two things are important to humankind is it women or is it digitalization.
The dominating historical events are the following one has sat and stood. Who has stood in history these have stood. A man newly arrived at a field with a black umbrella. A boy standing next to him. A crowd. A Great Dane on its hind legs outside an apartment house. Projectionists. Hunters and gatherers. Napoleon Bonaparte. Everyone at the cashier since a few years back. Everyone on the assembly line. Those who marched but where stopped. She who was not allowed to sit. Children gather at adequate places that is not history it is organization.
Who is heartless extinct animals are heartless.
Have the distances increased or decreased some have increased.
What is evidence a camel is evidence.
What is a historical movement a historical movement is dance.

What is history she walked almost all the way up the stairs then returned back down it is exercise but is it history.
What is a historical explanation it is due to the farming is a historical explanation.
It does not have to do with the river the coldness drains weapons bacteria steel or the crop that is one of many facts.

Human live upon the earth since it is easier to live upon the earth.
1934 was most difficult.
1979 was difficult too.
What is history? History is vast and covers all a night school, therefore is not historical.

What are the disadvantages of history? It is partially in black and white.

History masters historical languages.

History is written under pseudonym.

What has outlived history? Pie has.

Sports and voluntary work.

Some ship.

The voice is historical, what one say is too.

It happens that a man does something really carries out an action and that action is remembered and depicted and retold for generations.
History is immortal.
Humans are unfortunately mortal.
The family grew bigger and bigger but called each other less often is that history no it is bad communication.
A horse can love and remember and mourn a human or another horse until death is that history no it is psychology.
Watercolours are historical.
Oil too.

A shoe fits perfectly is that history no that is luck.
One finds time to both take a swim and do the shopping is that luck no that is good planning.
Unions are stubborn not historical.
Thanks for all the letters that is not history that is a reply.
What happens first is called the first event. The first scream is not the scream of a child or someone being deprived of their money or teeth the first scream is called the scream and that is always interesting. The first one moving something is called the prime mover. The first hardboiled egg. The first two-piece swimsuit. This is not history it is a list.

Not dying from murder is more intelligent than not dying from chickenpox and in some places it is the opposite. The difference between history and the myth is that it is not true. Humans live upon the earth in order not to have to live underground.
A historical moment can last up to an hour and a half. If it is longer it is a date. A historical period concerns quite a lot of people. An era almost everyone. The difference between an event and a moment is that it is striking and has consequences. The historical event was most common during the nineteenth century.

The first awkward silence. The first photograph of a fox. The first deadly infection. This is not history it is an addition.
History is encyclopaedic and alphabetic first comes the apes Big bang the Black death the Bronze age Cicero D-Day the Evolution the Finnish winter war Fordism the French revolution the gold standard Hastings indulgences et cetera.

Literature supports the idea that many people have suffered. By turns suffered and done other things. What is it like to be human is it safe or is it hard.

Does history break into pieces when meeting the future. No why should it. Can one see the whole ocean at the same time. No how could one.
Historical persons know each other.
History is translated.
It is important to ask all the big questions at an early age so that later one can think about other things.

History has no rivals.
History will probably not go bankrupt.
History is a good investment is constantly increasing in value becomes longer and longer.
It is historical to sit by a radio and cry. It is kind but counterproductive to provide someone with what in the long run hurts her.

One says that something terrible is going to happen then something terrible happens that is bad luck. Someone falls off a swing or war comes that is not bad luck that is history. A historical person can say to another person this is the end but when is that.

The difference between news and history is the difference between when it starts raining and when it simply rains. The difference between children and adults is that they do not work. A historical person can say to another that this is the end but when is that.
What did the animals do while humans made history.  
What did most do for thirty thousand years.  
It is late in history.  
How late is it.

What is the difference between nature and history nature is fertile or not fertile and needs watering.  
The difference between nature and history is that it is governed by laws.  
First came the outboard motor then came the archipelago.

The Bible is a footnote to Plato.  
The Finland ferry is a footnote to the kayak as is the irritation a footnote to the real fury.  
The lamb is a footnote to the dodo’s child.
What is the difference between freedom and equality they are of a different age.
What is the difference between state and nation that is not fully investigated.
Legitimacy is crucial history is therefore legitimate.

Memory is poorer but more trustworthy than anecdote.
A déjà vu is shorter but more surprising than a memory.
The nobility is historical as well as the monarchy while a déjà vu is the opposite of history.

The following things have burnt throughout history parliaments forests hearts common people’s houses entire cities.
Just after the telescope came the night sky.
During Antiquity one longed for the Middle Ages. During the Middle Ages one did not know that one was in the Middle Ages but did not think one was anywhere else either. During the Renaissance one felt nostalgic for Antiquity but instead came industrialism. Since the thirties there is a younger generation and to the younger generation all that matters is stainless steel.
How come there is knowledge about illiterate people?
When and where was the peace treaty signed?
How did Sweden react to Norway’s reaction?
Explain the concepts urbanization, colonization and emigration.
In what ways were communications improved?
What task did the king have?
When did the Black Death reach Scandinavia?
What was the rising of the mining operators about and who was their leader?
Give examples of means of production.
Who did the July Revolution favour?
Why did the eleven Southern States find slavery necessary?
Which new states arose on the Balkan Peninsula?
Give a short account of the conquests of Alexander the Great.
What role did journalism play?
What did Hellenism imply?
Explain the origin of the English word spinster.
Explain the importance of the potato.
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